

## 2.1 Supplementary Material

1. Let  $b(t) = 3 \cdot (1.68)^t$  be a model for a bacteria population (measured in millions) at time  $t$  (in hours). Find (a) the initial bacteria population, and (b) the average rate of change of  $b$  from  $t = 1$  to  $t = 3$ .

Bonus: How many bacteria grow each second, on average?

2. Find the secant line for  $b(t) = 2.2^t$  on the interval  $[-1, 2]$ .
3. (a) Find the instantaneous rate of change of  $g(t) = \log_{10}(t)$  at  $t = 2$ , and then (b) find the equation of the tangent line at  $t = 2$ .
4. Use the derivative to find the equation of the tangent line of the function  $h(r) = 2.3 + 6r^3$  at the point where  $r = 4$ .
5. For the function  $s(t) = 3 \sin(t)$ , use the estimation technique to approximate  $\left. \frac{ds}{dt} \right|_{\pi/2}$ .