

Quiz 3

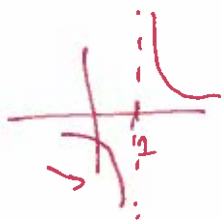
Name: Sols.

1. [6 pts] Evaluate each of the following limits exactly (without guessing), or explain why the indicated limit does not exist.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{|x|}{x} = \frac{141}{4} = 1$$

$$(c) \lim_{r \rightarrow -2} \frac{1}{(r-2)^2} = \frac{1}{(-2-2)^2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1}{x-1} = -\infty$$



$$(d) \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x}$$

Does not exist;

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{x} = +\infty.$$

2. [4 pts] Let $g(x) = 14x - 8$. Using the limit definition of the derivative, calculate $f'(-3)$ exactly.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(-3) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-3+h) - f(-3)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{14(-3+h) - 8 - (14(-3) - 8)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{14(-3) + 14h - 8 - 14(-3) + 8}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{14h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 14 = \boxed{14} \end{aligned}$$