Airline-Bot

A comprehensive conversational AI chatbot for airline services built with Amazon Lex V2 and AWS Lambda. This open-source project demonstrates best practices for building sophisticated airline service chatbots using the lex_helper framework, featuring flight bookings, cancellations, status updates, baggage tracking, and user authentication flows.

Features

The Airline-Bot provides a natural language interface for airline customers to:

- Book flights with authentication and comprehensive slot elicitation
- Cancel existing reservations with confirmation workflows
- Change flight details with validation and rebooking
- Check flight status and delays with real-time information
- Track baggage with status updates
- User authentication with callback flow demonstration
- Multi-turn conversations with persistent session state
- Error handling with graceful fallbacks and user-friendly messages

Architecture

The bot is built using:

- Amazon Lex V2 for natural language understanding and conversation management
- AWS Lambda for fulfillment logic and business processing
- lex_helper Framework for structured intent management and reduced boilerplate
- CloudFormation for infrastructure as code deployment
- Modular Design for easy extension and maintenance

Project Structure

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```
Airline-Bot/
— cloudformation/
                                      # Infrastructure and deployment
     — scripts/
                                      # Deployment automation scripts
         package-lambda-function.sh
          - package-lex-helper-layer.sh
        package-lex-export.sh
      - deploy_airline_bot.sh
                               # Main deployment script
      - airline-bot-native-template.yaml # CloudFormation template
                                     # Lambda function code
   lambdas/
    fulfillment_function/
                                    # Main fulfillment Lambda
         — lambda_function.py
                                     # Entry point and request router
          - session_attributes.py
                                     # Custom session state management
          - intents/
                                      # Intent handlers
                                      # User authentication flow
              - authenticate.py
              - book_flight.py
                                      # Flight booking with slot
```

```
elicitation
            cancel_flight.py  # Flight cancellation handler
change_flight.py  # Flight modification handler
              flight_delay_update.py # Flight status and delays
              # Welcome interactions
              — goodbye.py
                                     # Farewell handling
            anything_else.py  # Additional assistance
fallback_intent.py  # Unrecognized input handling
          - utils/
                                       # Utility modules
            — enums.py
                                      # Constants and enumerations
  – layers/
                                       # Lambda layers for dependencies
   └─ lex-helper-v*.zip
                                     # lex_helper framework package
  - lex-export/
                                      # Lex bot configuration
   └─ LexBot/
                                      # Bot definition and intents
                                      # Generated deployment packages
  - zip/
 — DEPLOYMENT_GUIDE.md
                                      # Detailed deployment
instructions
L__ README.md
                                       # This file
```

Key Components

Lex Helper Framework Integration

This project showcases the **lex_helper framework**, a powerful toolkit that simplifies Amazon Lex chatbot development:

- Structured Intent Management: Organized handlers with consistent patterns
- Type-Safe Session Attributes: Pydantic models for conversation state
- Automated Request/Response Handling: Reduced boilerplate code
- Channel-Aware Response Formatting: Consistent messaging across platforms
- Simplified Dialog State Management: Easy slot elicitation and validation
- Error Handling: Built-in patterns for graceful error recovery

The lex-helper library can be downloaded from https://gitlab.aws.dev/lex/lex-helper

Fulfillment Lambda Architecture

The Lambda function demonstrates production-ready patterns:

- Modular Intent Handlers: Each intent in its own module with clear separation of concerns
- Dialog vs. Fulfillment Hooks: Proper handling of both dialog management and final processing
- Session State Management: Persistent data across conversation turns
- Authentication Flow: Complete authentication with callback to original intent
- Error Handling: Comprehensive error management with user-friendly responses
- Logging: Structured logging for debugging and monitoring

Demonstrated Patterns

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1. Multi-Turn Conversations: Complex booking flow with multiple slot elicitation

- 2. Intent Transitions: Moving between intents (e.g., authentication flow)
- 3. Session Management: Persistent user data and conversation state
- 4. Error Recovery: Handling unknown inputs and system errors
- 5. Production Readiness: Proper logging, error handling, and deployment automation

🚀 Quick Start

- 1. Clone the repository
- 2. Set up dependencies:

```
mkdir -p layers/lex_helper/python
# Download lex-helper from https://gitlab.aws.dev/lex-helper
unzip lex-helper-v*.zip -d layers/lex_helper/python
```

3. Deploy:

```
./deploy_airline_bot.sh
```

Prerequisites

- AWS CLI installed and configured with appropriate permissions
- Python 3.12+ (to match Lambda runtime)
- **S3 bucket** for storing deployment artifacts
- IAM permissions for Lambda, Lex, and CloudFormation operations
- 1. Clone and Setup

```
git clone <repository-url>
cd Airline-Bot

# Create layer directory structure
mkdir -p layers/lex_helper/python

# Download and extract lex-helper framework
# (Download lex-helper-v*.zip from https://gitlab.aws.dev/lex/helper)
unzip layers/lex-helper-v*.zip -d layers/lex_helper/python
```

2. Deploy to AWS

Option A: One-Command Deployment (Recommended)

```
cd cloudformation
./deploy_airline_bot.sh [optional-bot-alias-name]
```

Option B: Step-by-Step Deployment

```
cd cloudformation/scripts

# Package components
./package-lex-helper-layer.sh
./package-lambda-function.sh
./package-lex-export.sh

# Deploy
cd ..
./deploy_airline_bot.sh [optional-bot-alias-name]
```

3. Test Your Bot

```
# Test Lambda function directly
aws lambda invoke --function-name AirlineBotFulfillment \
    --payload file://test-event.json output.json

# Test through Lex console or CLI
aws lexv2-runtime recognize-text \
    --bot-id <bot-id> \
    --bot-alias-id <alias-id> \
    --locale-id en_US \
    --session-id test-session \
    --text "I want to book a flight"
```

Local Development

Setup Development Environment

```
# The lambda_function.py automatically detects local environment
# and adds the lex_helper layer to Python path

# For testing individual components:
cd lambdas/fulfillment_function
python -c "from intents.book_flight import handler; print('Import successful')"
```

Development Guidelines

- Follow Established Patterns: Use existing intent handlers as templates
- Comprehensive Logging: Add debug logging for troubleshooting
- Error Handling: Always include try-catch blocks and user-friendly error messages
- **Documentation**: Add docstrings and inline comments
- Session Management: Store relevant data in session attributes for multi-turn conversations

Testing Locally

```
# Test individual intent handlers
python -m intents.book_flight

# Test session attributes
python -c "from session_attributes import AirlineBotSessionAttributes;
print(AirlineBotSessionAttributes())"
```

Configuration

Environment Variables

AWS_EXECUTION_ENV: Automatically set by Lambda runtime (used for local vs. Lambda detection)

Required AWS Permissions

Lex Bot Configuration

- Runtime: Amazon Lex V2
- Language: English (US)
- Fulfillment Lambda: Point to deployed Lambda function
- Session Timeout: 300 seconds (recommended)
- Code Hooks: Enabled for dialog management



Automated Testing

```
# Test deployment
cd cloudformation
./test-deployment.sh

# Test individual intents
aws lambda invoke --function-name AirlineBotFulfillment \
    --payload '{"inputTranscript":"book a flight","sessionId":"test"}' \
    response.json
```

Manual Testing

- Lex Console: Use the built-in test interface
- AWS CLI: Use recognize-text commands
- Integration: Test with messaging platforms if configured

Test Scenarios

- 1. **Complete Booking Flow**: "I want to book a flight" → authentication → slot filling → confirmation
- 2. Flight Status: "What's the status of flight AA123?"
- 3. Error Handling: Invalid inputs and system errors
- 4. Authentication Flow: Protected intents requiring authentication

Production Deployment

Performance Optimization

- Provisioned Concurrency: For consistent response times
- Memory Configuration: Optimize based on usage patterns
- Timeout Settings: Set appropriate timeouts for external API calls

Security Best Practices

- Input Validation: Sanitize all user inputs
- Authentication: Implement proper user authentication
- Logging: Avoid logging sensitive information
- IAM Roles: Follow principle of least privilege

Monitoring and Observability

- CloudWatch Metrics: Monitor Lambda performance and errors
- Custom Metrics: Track business-specific metrics
- Alarms: Set up alerts for error rates and performance issues
- Structured Logging: Use consistent log formats for analysis

Integration Points for Production

The current implementation uses mock data. For production deployment:

- 1. **Authentication System**: Replace mock authentication with real identity providers (OAuth, SAML, etc.)
- 2. Booking APIs: Integrate with airline reservation systems
- 3. Flight Data: Connect to real-time flight tracking services
- 4. Payment Processing: Add secure payment handling
- 5. Customer Database: Integrate with customer management systems
- 6. Notification Services: Add email/SMS confirmations

Documentation

- Fulfillment Lambda README: Detailed Lambda function documentation
- Lex Bot Export README: Amazon Lex bot configuration and structure
- Deployment Guide: Comprehensive deployment instructions
- Lambda Layers README: Working with Lambda layers

Contributing

We welcome contributions! Please follow these guidelines:

- 1. Code Quality: Follow the established patterns and include comprehensive documentation
- 2. Testing: Test both dialog and fulfillment flows for any changes
- 3. **Documentation**: Update relevant README files and inline documentation
- 4. Error Handling: Include proper error handling and logging
- 5. Consistency: Maintain consistent code style across the project

Adding New Intents

- Create new handler in lambdas/fulfillment function/intents/
- 2. Follow the established pattern (dialog_hook, fulfillment_hook, main handler)
- 3. Add comprehensive documentation and error handling
- 4. Update session attributes if needed
- 5. Test thoroughly and update documentation

License

This project is licensed under the MIT License - see the LICENSE file for details.

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- lex_helper Framework: For simplifying Amazon Lex development
- Amazon Lex Team: For providing excellent conversational Al capabilities
- AWS Lambda Team: For serverless computing platform
- Open Source Community: For inspiration and best practices

Support

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For questions, issues, or contributions:

- Issues: Use GitHub Issues for bug reports and feature requests
- Documentation: Check the comprehensive documentation in each directory
- **Examples**: Review the intent handlers for implementation patterns