

# CFEngine Nova Mission Portal

CFEngine Enterprise Documentation for version 2.1 alpha3, 8. Aug 2011

CFEngine



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## 1 Introduction

CFEngine Nova is a commercially licensed version of the core CFEngine software<sup>1</sup> with enterprise library extensions. All of the documentation for CFEngine 3 applies to CFEngine Nova. This document is a supplement describing the graphical user interphase used in CFEngine Nova: the Mission Portal.

Knowledge management has become a new focus in IT management, and it is a core focus at CFEngine. Comprehending the growing complexity of IT operations is one of the main challenges in IT today. CFEngine Nova has a number of key features for knowledge management, including automated docu-mentation, report generation and associative inference. The CFEngine Mission Portal is the centerpiece of user interaction with CFEngine Nova and can be accessed after the successful installation of the software on your hub server (policy host). Connect to the server (port 80) with your web browser (for example at http://123.456.789.123), you should see a login screen:



Figure: Mission Portal login screen

Default user and password is 'admin' and 'admin' (make sure to change this at first login to prevent unauthorized access).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Major version 3



## 2 Mission Portal

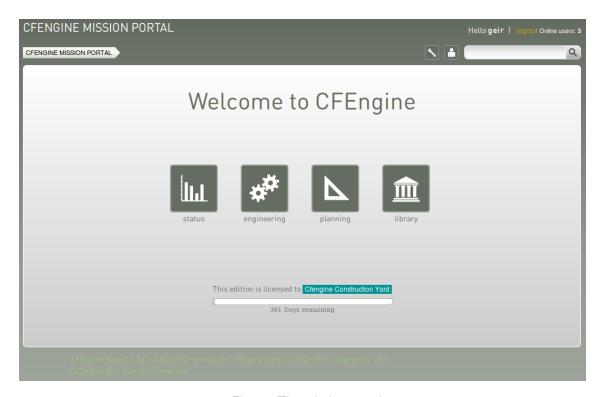


Figure: The mission portal

## 2.1 Mission Portal Rooms

There are four main rooms in the Mission Portal that offer insight into different aspects of operations:

- Mission status: a top level overview of compliance status and business value
- Mission engineering: a place to see the current state of system repair
- Mission planning: a place to plan and make policy changes
- Mission library: a knowledge bank that connects information together

Each of these rooms is a beginning from which you can refine your overview and search through information.

#### 2.1.1 Mission Status

Mission status is a high level summary of how well the entire system is behaving. Note that the charts will show blank (black) after a fresh install. The Host Status will be populated first, followed by the Business Value and Compliance Summary charts after approximately 6 hours.



Figure: The status of IT operations.

Business Value and Host Status: Pie charts show the business value of the promises kept/not kept as well as host status. Business value is associated with the value of promises as defined in user policy files. In the Host Status chart, each host represents a slice of the pie and is classified into red, yellow, green and blue according to the level of their compliance. A host is red if less than 80% of its promises are kept, yellow if less than 80% of its promises were initially kept, but CFEngine was able to repair to above 80% promises kept during a run, green if more than 80% of its promises are kept, and blue if there is no contact between the hub and the client host.

Compliance Summary: The row of bar meters shows the compliance of all registered hosts<sup>1</sup> in blocks of 6 hours for the past week. It summarizes performance and anomalous behavior in a simple red (promises not kept), yellow (promises repaired) and green (promises kept) scale. Click on a bar to see which promises were kept/not kept.

Services/Goals: A summary of Mission goals (as defined in user policy files; these examples are from 'company\_knowledge.cf'). Edit the file in the policy editor (Planning room -> repository), or edit the file in your own text editor, to change these goals.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Blue hosts will not appear here



## 2.1.2 Mission Engineering

Mission engineering illustrates the state of the system in relation to the desired state at all scales. Zoom in to specific areas and examine the impact of promises, query data, and extract reports.

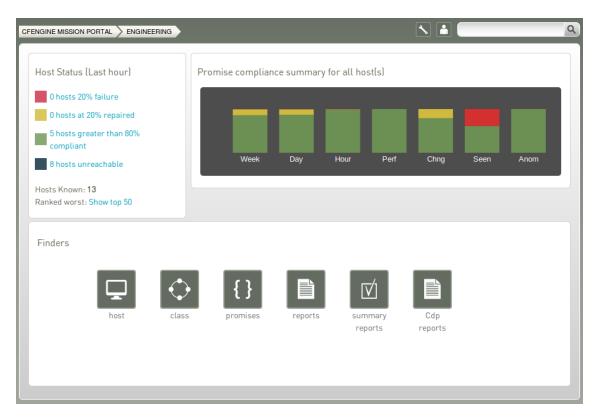


Figure: Mission Engineering

Host Status: The hosts are classified into red, yellow, green and blue according to the status of their compliance. A host is red if less than 80% of its promises are kept, yellow if less than 80% of its promises were initially kept, but CFEngine was able to repair to above 80% promises kept during a run, green if more than 80% of its promises are kept, and blue if there is no contact between the hub and the client. Clicking on the colored links produces a list of the hosts in that category.

Averages summarizing all hosts: The row of bar meters shows the compliance of all registered hosts over the past week, the past day and the past hour. It also summarizes performance and anomalous behavior in a simple red (promises not kept), yellow (promises repaired), and green (promises kept) scale.

Finders: The Mission Engineering room comes with five finder functions: host, class, promises, reports and summary reports (see section on Finders).



#### 2.1.3 Mission Planning

Make changes to policies, goals determined by promises and implement specific tactics to achieve the desired state. Interact with data, approve changes and anomalies. Get an overiew of users logged on to the Mission Portal, as well as their current activity.

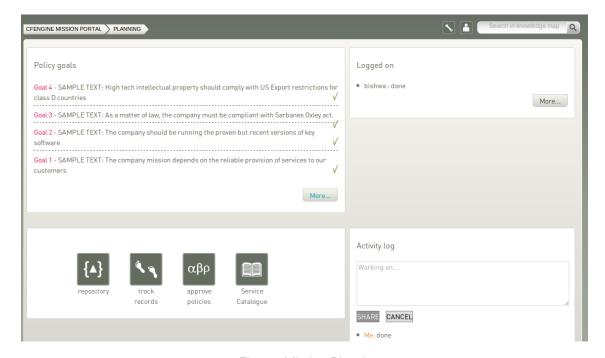


Figure: Mission Planning

Policy Goals: List of policy goals as defined in user policy files; these examples are from 'company\_knowledge.cf'. Edit the file in the policy editor (Planning room -> repository) or edit the file in your own text editor. The "More..." button links to the Service Catalogue, click to see which bundles contribute to these policy goals.

#### Action buttons:

- Repository: Edit policy files in the integrated policy editor (requires Subversion)
- Track records: Overview of promises repaired or not kept
- Approve policies: To be developed
- Service catalogue: See which bundles contribute to policy goals

Logged on: Shows users currently logged on to the Mission Portal and their activity.

Activity log: Shows the latest activity entries. Type in a new activity to keep colleagues posted on current work.



#### 2.1.4 Mission Library

The Library contains finders for documents, topics, a notes archive, and (external) link to the CFEngine community.

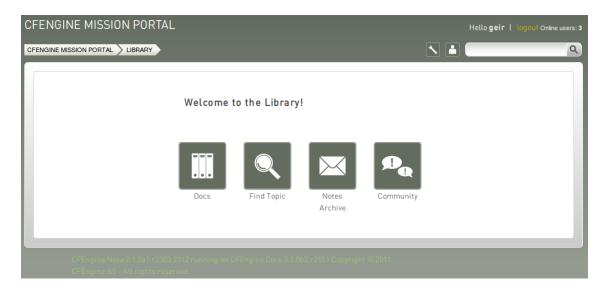


Figure: Mission Library

## Library buttons:

- Docs: Overview of documentation that was packaged with CFEngine Nova.
- Find Topic: Search for topics either by scrolling through the alphabetical list or by typing in the search box (same as the search box on top right of page).
- Notes Archive: Get overiew of all notes made in regard to hosts or reports.
- Community: External link to the CFEngine community

#### 2.2 Finders

Finders are modules that make it simple and intuitive to browse and search for objects of a particular type. Some are located in the Mission Engineering room, others in the Mission Library or the generic search box in the top right corner.



Figure: Finders in the Mission Engineering room



#### 2.2.1 Host finder

The host finder is located in the Mission Engineering room and will display a list of hosts. Browse by scrolling through the list, click a letter corresponding to the first letter of a host name, or search for hosts in the search box (top right corner). Clicking on a host name will bring you to the host viewer.

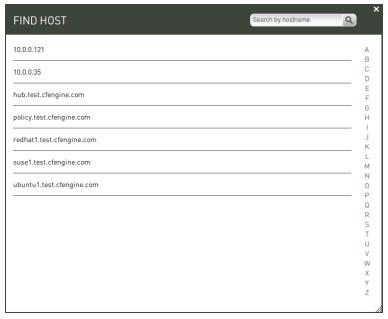


Figure: Host finder

#### 2.2.2 Class finder

The class finder is located in the Mission Engineering room and will display a list of classes. Browse by scrolling through the list, click a letter corresponding to the first letter of a class name, or search for classes in the search box (top right corner; choose between searching all, time, soft or IP classes). Clicking on a class will bring you to a report for that class profile.



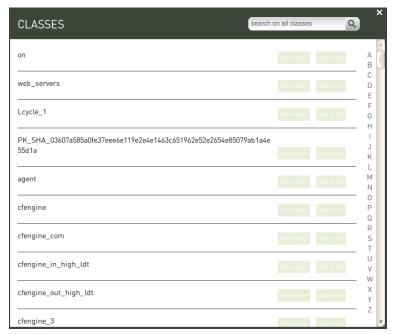


Figure: Class finder.

## 2.2.3 Promise finder

The promise finder is located in the Mission Engineering room and will display a list of promises. Browse by scrolling through the list, click a letter corresponding to the first letter of a promiser/bundle/handle name (set alternative in searchbox and click a letter in the right column), or search for promiser/bundle/handle in the search box (top right corner; choose between searching promiser, bundle, or handle). Clicking on a promise/bundle will bring you to the promise/bundle viewer.



Figure: Promise finder



#### 2.2.4 Report finder

The report finder is located in the Mission Engineering room and will display a list of standard report categories. Browse by scrolling through the list. Clicking on a report category will bring up a query table that will produce a report according to the entered query criteria.



Figure: Report finder

#### Standard reports:

- Bundle profile: Status of promise bundles and when they were last verified
- Business value report: Accumulated value of promises kept
- Class profile: User defined classes observed on the system
- Compliance by promise: Compliance of each promise individually
- Compliance summary: Total summary of host compliance
- File change log: Log of all detected changes to files from changes promises
- File change diffs: Delta/difference comparison showing file changes
- Last saw hosts: Log of when neighbouring hosts were last observed online
- Patches available: A list of patches currently claimed to be available by the local package manager
- Patch status: A list of (un)applied patches according to the local package manager
- Performance: Execution time used to verify selected promises
- Promises repaired log: Log of actual repairs made to the system
- Promises repaired summary: Cumulative (histogram) summary of promises repaired
- Promises not kept log: Log of promises that could not or would not be kept
- Promises not kept summary: Cumulative (histogram) summary of promises not kept
- Setuid/gid root programs: Current list of observed setuid/setgid root programs



- Software installed: List of software packages claimed to be installed according to the local package manager
- Variables: Table of variable values last observed

#### 2.2.5 Summary report finder

Find the current state of knowledge about promise compliance. Search by promise handle and/or host group (host class) and/or specific host. Click the Help? link to open the Promise finder or Classes finder to view available promise handles or host groups (host classes), respectively.



Figure: Summary report finder

The result shows the number of hosts and their compliance when a single promise handle is specified, and an expectation value<sup>1</sup> of the number of hosts that match a search criteria when a search string (regex) is specified. Click New search to change or refine the query.

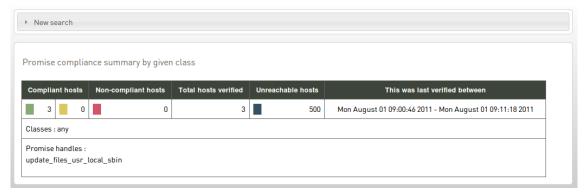


Figure: Summary report

## 2.2.6 CDP report finder

A Content-Driven Policy (CDP) is a text file with lines containing semi-colon separated fields, like a spreadsheet or tabular file. Each line in the file is parsed and results in a specific type of promise being made, depending on which type the Content-Driven Policy is. The CDP report finder lists template CDPs that come with CFEngine Nova, click to view a report on the selected topic.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Predicted mean in the time frame shown



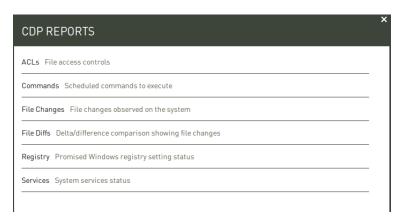


Figure: CDP report finder

#### 2.2.7 Topic finder

The Topic finder is located in the Mission Library and will display a list of common topics. Browse by scrolling through the list, click a letter corresponding to the first letter of a topic name, or search for topics in the search box (top right corner). Clicking on a topic will bring you either to a document, web page or the Topic viewer (Knowledge map).

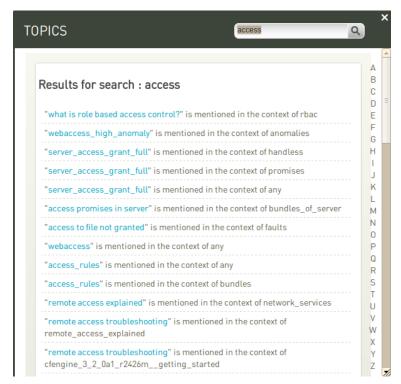


Figure: Topic finder

## 2.3 Viewers

Viewers show info about the main objects at different scales of the system.

#### 2.3.1 Host viewer

Shows information about hosts, including name, status, operating system, vital signs, promises not kept, standard and custom reports, and more. View and make notes about the host.

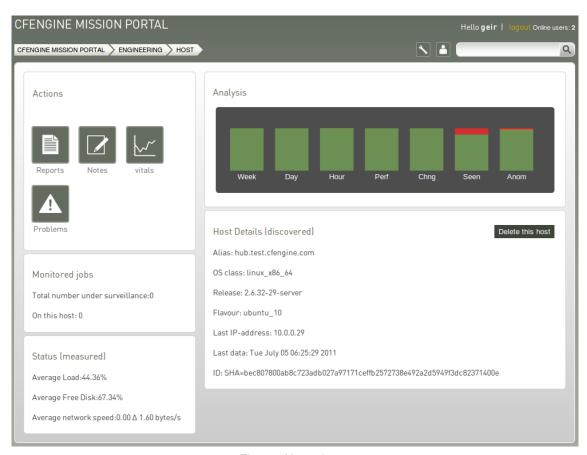


Figure: Host viewer

#### Action buttons:

- Reports: Tabular summary of the host's internal information, tailored to a particular topics
- Notes: View and make comments about this host
- Vitals: Overview of monitoring data for this host and its current performance statistics
- Problems: Overview of promises not kept by this host

Monitored jobs: To be developed.

Analysis: The bar meter shows the host-summary status of a number of key performance indicators.

- Week: The average level of promise-compliance over the whole past week.
- Day: The average level of promise-compliance over the past day.
- Hour: The average level of promise-compliance over the past hour.



- Perf: The average performance status of the system, compared to the learned norm.
- Chng: Software update status of the system (only shows on hub, not displayed on clients).
- Seen: The average level of connectivity compliance (to the hub) over the past week .
- Anom: Level of anomalous site-wide activity on the system.

#### 2.3.2 Bundle viewer

The bundle viewer provides an interface to explore the context (class) in which a bundle is used and the promises made within that bundle. Tabs display other bundles using the one currently viewed and a general overview of all bundles. Navigate to interact with other views and get a complete picture of context, leads, references, affected objects, similar topics, and more.

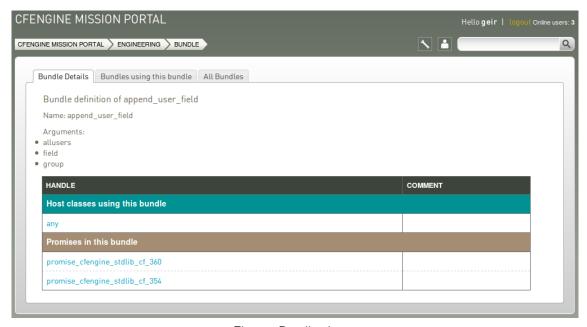


Figure: Bundle viewer



## 2.3.3 Promise viewer

The promise viewer shows a promise definition and body. There are tabs for viewing leads (promise type, context, dependencies), other promises used in same bundle, other promises made by same promiser, and other promises of same type.

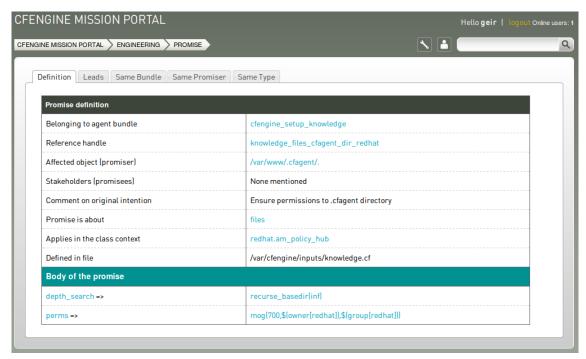


Figure: Promise viewer

## 2.3.4 Vital signs viewer

The Vital signs viewer shows an overview of monitoring data from each host and its current performance statistics. In order to see data in these graphs, each host in the CFEngine managed network must be running cf-monitord and cf-serverd. This is the default behavior for a Nova installation.



Figure: Host viewer

## 2.3.5 Topics viewer (Knowledge map)

The Topics viewer, or Knowledge map, is a sematic web of subject references and document pointers. It can be found by searching for a topic in the top right corner or through the topic finder in the Mission Library (this will sometimes also lead directly to a document or web page instead of the topic viewer).



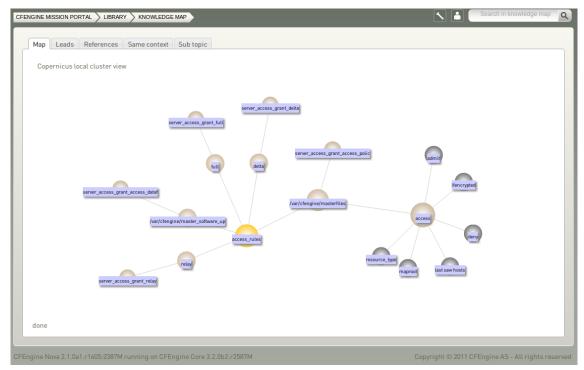


Figure: Topics viewer (Knowledge map)

The yellow sphere represents the current topic, surrounding (blue) spheres represent related topics, and the size of the spheres represents the number of associations each topic has. This map is navigable: click on a different topic to see a new view centered on that topic and its associations. The tabs will show leads, references, topics in the same context, and sub topics in the same context. Links can also lead to other viewers in the Mission Portal, documents and web pages related to the current topic.

## 2.3.6 Weakest hosts viewer

A link to the worst ranked hosts is located in the Mission Engineering room. This ranks all hosts that have reported to the  $hub^1$  according to their level of promises not kept during the last hour, with the worst host on top.

 $<sup>^{\,1}\,</sup>$  Blue hosts will not appear



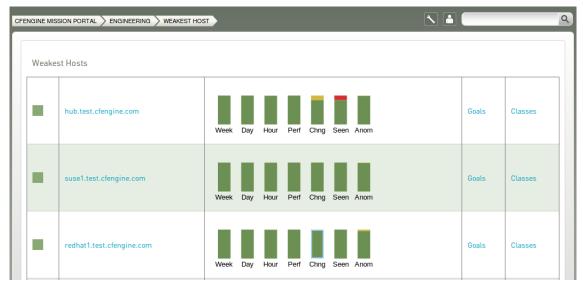


Figure: Weakest hosts

#### 2.3.7 Report viewer

A significant capability of CFEngine Nova is the existence of automated system reporting. A report is a tabular summary of CFEngine's internal information, tailored to a particular purpose. Reports describe attributes and qualities of managed hosts and can be filtered through the text boxes on top of each column.

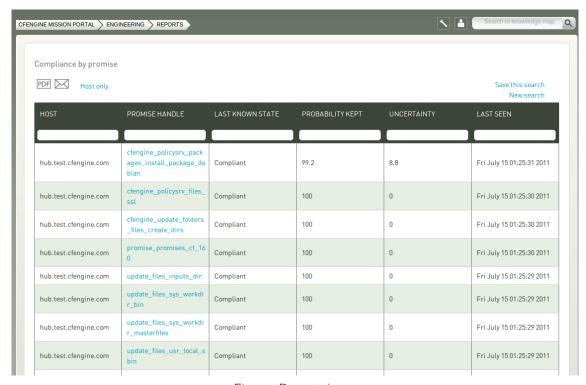


Figure: Report viewer

Standard reports include:



- Bundle profile: Status of promise bundles and when they were last verified
- Business value report: Accumulated value of promises kept
- Class profile: User defined classes observed on the system
- Compliance by promise: Compliance of each promise individually
- Compliance summary: Total summary of host compliance
- File change log: Log of all detected changes to files from changes promises
- File change diffs: Delta/difference comparison showing file changes
- Last saw hosts: Log of when neighbouring hosts were last observed online
- Patches available: A list of patches currently claimed to be available by the local package manager
- Patch status: A list of (un)applied patches according to the local package manager
- Performance: Execution time used to verify selected promises
- Promises repaired log: Log of actual repairs made to the system
- Promises repaired summary: Cumulative (histogram) summary of promises repaired
- Promises not kept log: Log of promises that could not or would not be kept
- Promises not kept summary: Cumulative (histogram) summary of promises not kept
- Setuid/gid root programs: Current list of observed setuid/setgid root programs
- Software installed: List of software packages claimed to be installed according to the local package manager
- Variables: Table of variable values last observed

#### 2.4 Editors

## 2.4.1 Policy editor

The CFEngine Nova Mission Portal provides an editor for working on CFEngine language. The editor provides syntax high-lighting and look-up to make working with CFEngine's extensive language easier.

The main key commands in the editor Window are:

Autocompletion: Ctrl+Space

Shows a pop-up menu of possible items. This is context sensitive, e.g. it also works inside lists (e.g. bsdflags) to provide possible values.

Undo: Ctrl+Z

In Safari, Ctrl-backspace may be used.

Redo: Ctrl+Y

Undo an undo operation, i.e. reverse the direction of transaction roll.

Indent: TAB

Format a file to a standard indentation.

Multiple documents appear as tabs along the top of the screen.



```
CFENGINE MISSION
PORTAL
                                                                                                             revision:2555 & Approvals:0
                                            Working on :: http://source.cfengine.com/svn/core
        Nova Policies
                                Welcome failsafe.cf x
cdp lib
                                     a environment development
environment_none
                                     # failsafe.cf - This file is used for automated policy recovery
environment_production
environment_testing
                                     Ш
OrionCloud
  cfengine.cf
                                   7 # The common control body refers to those promises that 8 # are hard-coded into all the components of cfengine,
   cfengine_stdlib.cf
   Changelog
                                     # and therefore affect the behaviour of all the components.
                                                                                                                               commercial specific.cf
   company knowledge.cf
                                  11 body common control
   file change.cf
                                                                                                                               syntax
   knowledge.cf
                                  13 ### List of promise bundles to verify in order
   miscellaneous.cf
                                  14
15 bundlesequence => { "update_bins", "update" };
   promises.cf
                                                                                                                               10
  update.cf
                                  17 ### List of filenames to parse for promises.
                                                                                                                                1
                                  19 inputs => { "update.cf" };
20 version => "Failsafe.cf 1.0.0";
                                                                                                                               Update
                                      nova edition|constellation edition::
                                                                                                                                1
                                        host licenses paid => "1";
```

Figure: The Policy Editor

The CFEngine Nova policy editor detects syntax errors and highlights these in red to avoid mistakes when editing. In addition, by using the Check syntax button, it is possible to pre-test the policy before committing changes to a repository. This will run promises of through the cf-promises parser.

The main menu on the left hand panel shows the main workflow items for policy editing. Clicking the arrow in the panel divider collapses the menu and gives full-screen editing.

The right hand panel shows basic file and Subversion commands. The Save button will store a local/version of the opened files without committing to the repository.

## 2.5 Mission Portal Settings

#### 2.5.1 Mission Portal Configuration

Configure and view various settings for the Mission Portal.



Figure: Mission Portal Settings

- List of saved searches: View saved searches (e.g. searches saved from reports viewer/finder)
- Mission Portal settings: Configure access authentication mode (database, LDAP, Active Directory)



- My preferences: Turn tooltips on/off and enter default number of rows to be shown in reports
- Report settings: To be developed
- Machine settings: To be developed

## 2.5.2 Mission Portal User Admin

Manage users and groups for the Mission Portal (to be developed).



Figure: Mission Portal User Admin

## Appendix A Configuration of LDAP

LDAP authentication is available for CFEngine Nova 2.1 and up, but by default the mission portal will use the embedded database to store user information (default username and password are "admin" and "admin"). Note that users in the default database will be locked out of the Mission Portal upon configuration of LDAP. They will regain access if LDAP authentication is deactivated by selecting the Database button on the Mission Portal Settings page (see below).

To enable LDAP on a fresh install, log on to the Mission Portal with the default user and password and go to "Settings". Click "Mission Portal Settings" and enter the appropriate configuration for LDAP or Active Directory as described below.



Figure: The settings page

## A.1 Configure LDAP

Select the LDAP button and enter the appropriate configuration settings for your system.

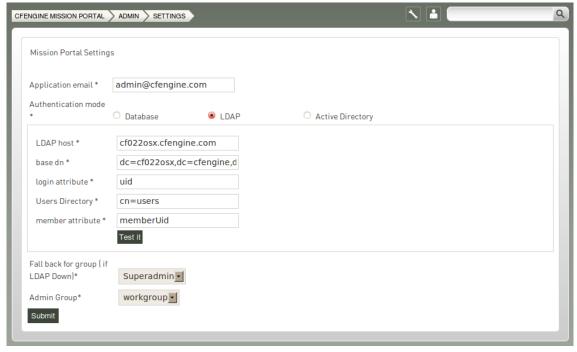


Figure: Configure LDAP



#### Form fields:

- LDAP host: Address of the LDAP machine
- Base dn: LDAP root, the top entry (starting point) in the directory
- Login attribute: Field name used to match username, e.g. uid.
- User directory: Directory name where usernames are stored, e.g. cn=users or ou=people
- Member attribute: Field name used to match user group (only needed for OPENLDAP), e.g. memberUid

Always check that the entered configuration is correct by clicking the "Test it" button before submitting changes. Enter a valid username and password in the popup to test LDAP bind. Submitting an incorrect configuration will put LDAP down and lock out all users, CFE Nova therefore comes with a fallback solution. It will look for a fallback administrator group in the database, select this from the dropbox.

Also select which user group will have general administrator privileges in the Mission Portal. This group will be able to access the Mission Portal settings and configuration tools.

## A.2 Configure Active Directory

Select the Active Directory button.

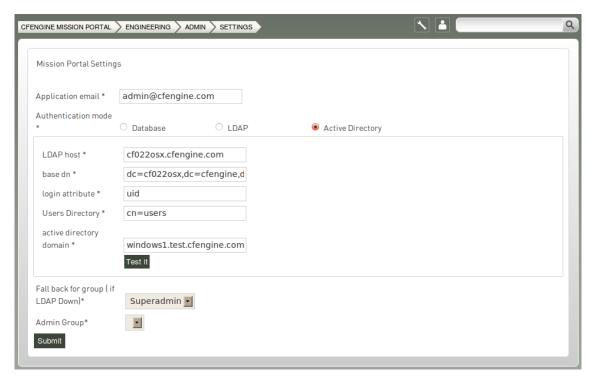


Figure: Configure Active Directory

#### Form fields:

- LDAP host: Address of the LDAP machine
- Base dn: LDAP root, the top entry (starting point) in the directory
- Login attribute: Field name used to match username, e.g. uid.



- User directory: Directory name where usernames are stored, e.g. cn=users or ou=people
- Active directory domain: Field name used to match directory domain on Windows machines, e.g. windows1.test.cfengine.com

Always check that the entered configuration is correct by clicking the "Test it" button before submitting changes. Enter a valid username and password in the popup to test LDAP bind. Submitting an incorrect configuration will put LDAP down and lock out all users, CFE Nova therefore comes with a fallback solution. It will look for a fallback administrator group in the database, select this from the dropbox.

Also select which user group will have general administrator privileges in the Mission Portal. This group will be able to access the Mission Portal settings and configuration tools.

