Configuring Service Workbench for authentication

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Overview

An identity provider (IdP) is a service that stores, manages digital identities and verifies the identities of users. The IdP can be used in place of internal authentication mechanism of Service Workbench. The IdP authenticates the identity of a user, allowing Service Workbench to assign permissions to that user.

In an IdP workflow, user login is performed by an external identify provider. Examples of these include Amazon SSO, other SAML-2.0 identity providers such as Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), or social connections. After your identity is verified by the IdP, Service Workbench assigns you the rights to access the resources for which you are authorized. For more information about IdPs, see <u>Identity Providers for external entities</u>.

Prerequisites

- Create a SAML 2.0-compliant metadata file using IdP. Place the metadata file here:
 main/solution/post-deployment/config/saml-metadata
- Enter the following values in your main/config/settings/<stage.yml>: fedIdpIds, fedIdpNames, fedIdpDisplayNames, fedIdpMetadatas
 Examples for these are available in main/config/settings/example.yml
- Deploy Service Workbench

Service Workbench and IdP workflow

While using Service Workbench, you are redirected to the configured IdP login page. Next, the IdP can authenticate using any backend authentication connection, such as an LDAP directory, or a database. The IdP data is then provided by Amazon Cognito user pool. Once you are authenticated, the IdP returns a Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) metadata file to Service Workbench indicating that you have been successfully authenticated. It then provides user details (such as, name, email etc.) as shown below.

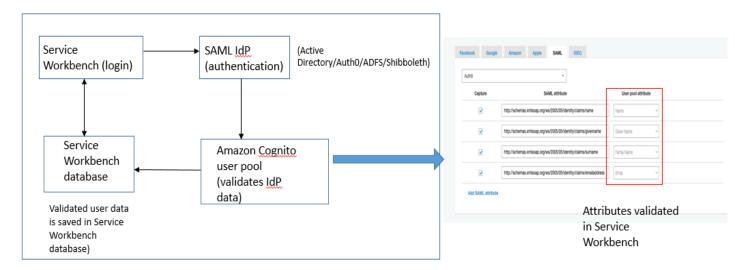


Figure 1: IdP workflow using Service Workbench

Advantages of configuring Service Workbench using IdP

When Service Workbench is configured using an IdP, the login process is streamlined by allowing authentication federation and single sign-on (SSO) compatibility. Therefore, you can use an existing identity (and password) to log in. It also reduces the need to create custom logins and tracks user activity. Using IdP, a single login provides all data at one go.

You can access Service Workbench from a variety of devices, locations, and time zones. An IdP manages those details efficiently.

Configuring Service Workbench using IdP

The following topics provide information about configuring Service Workbench by using the IdPs (examples below):

- Configuring Service Workbench using Azure AD
- Configuring Service Workbench using Microsoft ADFS
- Configuring Service Workbench using Auth0

Configuring Service Workbench using Azure AD

You can use Azure AD to create and manage domains, users, and objects within a network. It provides a way to organize a large number of users into logical groups and subgroups. It also provides access control at each level. For more information about IdPs, see Identity Providers.

Azure AD (or any IdP) is a source of authentication. It authenticates users for Service Workbench login. After successful Azure AD login, it sends user information to an Amazon Cognito user pool created by Service Workbench. Service Workbench then uses the Amazon Cognito user pool for its internal use as described in Using Service Workbench with IdP.

To configure Azure AD authentication:

- 1. Create an IdP if you don't have one. For more information about creating an IdP, see <u>sign up your organization</u>.
- 2. Download SAML metadata (XML file).
- 3. Using Amazon Cognito on the AWS Management Console, create an Amazon Cognito user pool. The name of the pool must be <stage>-<solution_name>-userPool, where stage and solution name are configured in the main configuration file.
- 4. Gather the relying party information, such as **User Pool Id**, **Relying Party Id**, and **User Pool Signing Cert**.
- 5. Run the following script from the root of Service Workbench repository: scripts/get-relying-party.sh
- 6. Copy the output of this script and provide it to your Azure AD administrator.

```
User Pool Id : <id of the AWS Cognito User Pool>
Relying Party Id (Cognito User Pool URN) : <URN of the AWS Cognito User Pool that is used as relying party id (RPID)>
(Login) SAML Assertion Consumer Endpoint : <URL of the SAML assertion consumer endpoint>
(Logout) SAML Logout Endpoint : <URL of the SAML logout endpoint>
User Pool Signing Cert : <Signing certificate from the AWS Cognito User Pool>
Solution : <The name of the solution as specified in the settings configuration file>
Environment Name : <Name of the environment (i.e., stage) as specified in the settings configuration file
```

Figure 2: Script output

Configuring Service Workbench using Microsoft ADFS

Microsoft ADFS is another IdP and it uses SAML 2.0 standard. For SAML federation, the Amazon Cognito user pool is the Service Provider (SP). Mutual trust between the SP and the IdP must be established. Service Workbench on AWS uses Amazon Cognito user pools to federate identities from Microsoft Active Directory using ADFS and SAML 2.0.

Creating a Relying Party in Microsoft ADFS

Follow these steps to establish trust from the IdP (Microsoft ADFS) to Service Provider (Amazon Cognito user pool) and create a relying party in Microsoft ADFS. See <u>Using Service Workbench with IdP</u>.

Establishing trust between Microsoft ADFS (IdP) and Amazon Cognito user pool

- 1. Log in to your Active Directory domain controller. Type AD FS in the Run window and open AD FS 2.0 Management.
- 2. Choose Add Relying Party Trust.
- 3. Choose **Start** on the **Welcome** screen.
- 4. For Select Data Source, choose Enter Data About the Relying Party Manually.
- 5. For **Specify Display Name** pane, enter a display name and relevant notes about the relying party. For example, enter **Amazon Cognito User Pool Relying Party**.
- 6. For Choose Profile, choose AD FS 2.0 Profile.
- 7. Do not configure any certificate in the **Configure Certificate** pane. Configuring certificates is for encrypting SAML claims. The SP (that is, the Amazon Cognito user pool) needs a private key to decrypt the claims if you configure a certificate. The Amazon Cognito user pool does not currently support encrypted SAML assertions.
- 8. Do not select any option in the Configure URL pane. Choose Next.
- 9. At this point, there is no need to configure anything in the **Configure Identifiers** pane.
- 10. In the Choose Issuance Authorization Rules pane, choose Permit All Users to Access this Relying Party.
- 11. For Ready to Add Trust, choose Next.
- 12. For Finish, choose Close.

Configuring IdP attributes

1. Configure the attributes that you want for the SAML assertion. The attributes are read by the Amazon Cognito user pool and aligned to the standard Amazon Cognito attributes from the mapping configuration in Amazon Cognito.

- 2. The **Edit Claims** window may already be open from the last wizard. If not, you can open it by choosing the **Edit Claim Rules** link and configure the claims. Add the following claims:
 - Name ID (Optional)
 - Name
 - Email
 - Surname
 - Given Name
- 3. For Name ID claim, choose Add Rule.
- 4. Choose **Transform an Incoming Claim**, then choose **Next** and configure the claim.
- 5. Follow the same actions from to add the **Name** claim.
- 6. To add the **Email** claim, choose **Add Rule**.
- 7. For **Send LDAP Attributes as Claims**, choose **Next** and then configure the claim.
- 8. Similarly, add the **Surname** and **Given Name** claims.

Configuring Relying Party information in Service Workbench

After creating a relying party in Microsoft ADFS, you can configure it within the Service Workbench. Follow these steps to configure the relying party.

1. Extract the SAML metadata file from Microsoft ADFS. The location of the metadata file might be different depending upon your version of Microsoft AD/ADFS. By default, it is located at:

```
https://<DomainControllerDNSName>/FederationMetadata/2007-06/FederationMetadata.xml
```

2. Copy the above metadata file and place it at the following location:

```
/solution/post-deployment/config/saml-metadata/metadata.xml
```

3. Modify the component-specific settings file for post-deployment at the following location:

```
/solution/post-deployment/config/settings/<your-environment-name>.yml
```

4. Enter the fedIdpMetadatas settings.

```
fedIdpMetadatas:'["s3://${self:custom.settings.namespace}-
artifacts/saml-metadata/metadata.xml"]'
```

Adding Relying Party trust for the Amazon Cognito user pool in Microsoft ADFS

After you have deployed the solution, an Amazon Cognito user pool is created. Follow these steps to add a relying party trust for the Amazon Cognito User Pool:

1. Sign in to the AWS Management Console and navigate to Amazon Cognito.

2. Choose **User Pool** to see a user pool for your environment. The Amazon Cognito user pool is specified in the following format:

```
<envName>-<solutionName>-userpool
```

where, <envName> and <solutionName> denote the values specified in your settings file.

- 3. Choose the user pool for your environment and note the following values:
 - User Pool ID: Copy the value for field Pool ID.
 - **Domain Prefix**: Navigate to **App Integration domain Name** for your **User Pool** and copy the value of the **domain Prefix**.
- 4. Log in to Microsoft ADFS domain controller and add the Amazon Cognito user pool-related information.
 - a) Open the Microsoft ADFS Management application.
 - b) Navigate to **Relying Party Trusts**.
 - c) To add trust, choose the appropriate **Relying Party**.
 - d) Open the **Identifiers** tab.
 - e) Enter the URN of the Amazon Cognito User Pool and choose Add.
- 5. Replace the <userPoolId> with the value of the **User Pool ID** you obtained earlier. The URN is in the following format:

```
urn:amazon:cognito:sp:<userPoolId>
```

- 6. Open the **Endpoints** tab and add the SP URL that receives the SAML assertion from the IdP. The SP is the consumer of the Amazon Cognito SAML assertion.
- 7. Replace <userPoolDomain> with the value of domain Prefix.
- 8. Replace <region> with the region in which you deployed the solution. The URL is in the following format:

```
https://<userPoolDomain>.auth.<region>.amazoncognito.com/saml2/idpresponse
```

You should now be able to log in to Service Workbench using Microsoft Active Directory credentials.

Configuring Service Workbench using Auth0

You can configure Service Workbench using Auth0 by first creating an application in Auth0. Next, configure SAML and download the SAML template. Finally, configure the Service Workbench environment.

Configuring Auth0

Auth0 is another IdP, which used for adding authentication and authorization to your applications. Service Workbench on AWS can be configured to authenticate users through Auth0 and SAML2. For more information about using Auth0, see <u>Test SAML SSO with Auth0 as Service Provider and Identity Provider</u>.

Prerequisites

You must have an existing account with Autho.

Creating an application using Auth0

To create an application:

- 1. Log in to your <u>Auth0</u> account and navigate to the **Applications** page.
- 2. If an application does not already exist, choose the **Create Application** button.

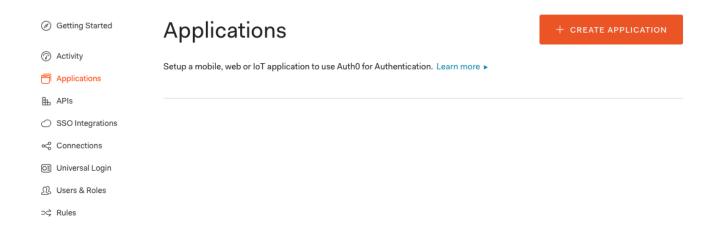


Figure 3: Applications webpage of Auth0.com

3. Select the application type as Single Page Web Applications and choose Create.

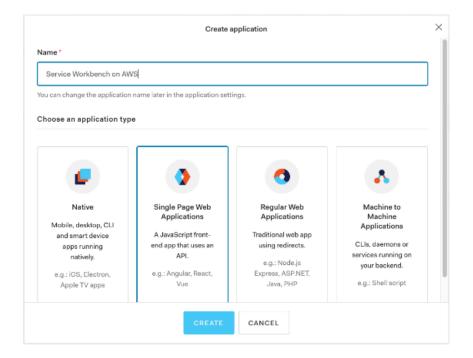


Figure 4: Application types

Configuring SAML2

SAML is an XML-based open standard for transferring identity data between two parties: an identity provider (IdP) and a service provider (SP). For more information about SAML authentication, see How does SAML Authentication Work?

To configure SAML2:

1. Navigate to the Addons tab and enable SAML2 WEB APP.

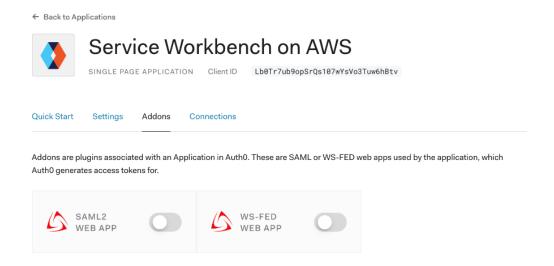


Figure 5: Addons tab for Single Page Web Applications

2. In the Application Callback URL field, enter the following URL. Replace STAGE_NAME and SOLUTION_NAME with the values from the Service Workbench settings file and REGION with the appropriate region.

```
https://`STAGE_NAME-
SOLUTION_NAME`.auth.REGION.amazoncognito.com/saml2/idpresponse
```

 \times

Settings Usage

Application Callback URL

```
https://STAGE_NAME-SOLUTION_NAME.auth.us-east-1.amazoncognito.com/saml2/ic
```

SAML Token will be POSTed to this URL.

Settings

```
1 {
2     "audience": "urn:amazon:cognito:sp:USER_POOL_ID",
3     "mappings": {
4         "email": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/c
5         "name": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/cl
6         "given_name": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/ident
7         "family_name": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/ident
8     },
9     "logout": {
10         "callback": "https://STAGE_NAME-SOLUTION_NAME.auth.us-east
11     },
12     "nameIdentifierFormat": "urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-
13 }.
```

DEBUG

Figure 6: Application callback URL page and settings

- 3. Enter the JSON code into the settings block and replace < USER_POOL_ID> with the Service Workbench Amazon Cognito user pool ID value found in the Amazon Cognito console.
- 4. Enter same values for the <STAGE_NAME>, <SOLUTION_NAME>, and <REGION> as in the previous step.
- 5. After entering JSON with the appropriate values, scroll to the bottom and choose **Save**.

```
"audience": "urn:amazon:cognito:sp:USER_POOL_ID",

"Mappings": {

"Email":
"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailaddress",

"name": "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/name",

"given_name":
"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname",
```

```
"family_name":"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/su
rname"
},
"logout": {
"callback":"https://STAGE_NAME-
SOLUTION_NAME.auth.REGION.amazoncognito.com/sam12/logout"
},
"nameIdentifierFormat":"urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:nameid-
format:persistent"
}
```

For more information about IdP workflow, see <u>Using Service Workbench with IdP</u>.

Downloading SAML2 template

To download SAML metadata:

- 1. Choose **SAML2 Web App** again, and go to the **Usage** tab.
- 2. Choose **Download** to download the SAML metadata XML file locally.

Addon: SAML2 Web App	×
Settings Usage	
SAML Protocol Configuration Parameters	
SAML Version: 2.0	
• Issuer:	
Identity Provider Certificate: Download Auth0 certificate	
Identity Provider SHA1 fingerprint:	
Identity Provider Login URL:	
Identity Provider Metadata: Download	
Alternatively, you can add a connection parameter:	

Figure 7: Usage tab of the SAML2 web application

3. Rename and place the downloaded file in the repository at the following location:

```
\verb|main/solution/post-demployment/config/saml-metadata/auth0_commetadata.xml|
```

Configuring Service Workbench environment

Add the following items to the STAGE.yml settings file for the environment (replace DOMAIN with your Auth0 domain.

```
fedIdpIds: '["Domain"]'

fedIdpNames: '["Auth0"]'

fedIdpDisplayNames: '["Auth0"]'

fedIdpMetadatas:'["s3://${self:custom.settings.deploymentBucketName}/saml-
metadata/auth0_com-metadata.xml"]'
```

Finally, redeploy the system using the scripts/environment-deploy.sh STAGE_NAME command.

The reference documentation can be found <u>here</u>.

References:

- Integrating Third-Party SAML Identity Providers
- Adding SAML IdPs to a user pool