Chip Firing

Alex St Laurent

work with Caroline Klivans Division of Applied Mathematics Brown University

ICERM Undergraduate Mathematics Research Presentations, 2012

The Graphical Case

- Each vertex holds an integer value (number of chips).
- A vertex can fire if it has enough chips to share.
- A bank vertex can fire iff none of the others are able.
- Computationally, behavior defined by Laplacian matrix.









The Graphical Case

- A configuration of chips is ...
 - stable if only the bank can fire.
 - recurrent if there is a sequence of firings that returns to the configuration.
 - critical if it is both stable and recurrent.
- Every configuration can be fired to reach a critical configuration.
- Critical configurations form a group structure.
- Order of group equals number of spanning trees.
- dollar game, abelian sandpile model, BTW sandpile model

The General Case

- Graphs are one-dimensional.
- In general, chips on (i-1)-dimensional structures, firing across *i*-dimensional structures.
- The bank is a tree that spans the (i-2)-dimensional structures.
- Behavior still defined by a Laplacian.
- Known: the critical group exists.
- Unknown: how to define critical configurations in general (i.e. the ideas of stability and recurrence).

The Program

- To aid experimentation, time was devoted to building an application.
- Written in Java, makes use of Processing.org libraries.
- Visualize the two-dimensional case.



































