

STA261 Summer 2018

Quiz 6

July 25th, 2018

First Name: SOLUTIONS

Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

This quiz is out of 10 marks. Do ALL of your work on the back of the quiz, where the questions are. You can use the front for rough work, but nothing on the front will be marked, or even seen by the TAs.

If  $X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p)$  then  $P(X = x) = p^x(1-p)^{1-x}$ , for  $x = 0, 1$ .

$\text{Var}(\sum X_i)$

If  $X_i \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Bernoulli}(p)$  then  $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$ , with  $E(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i) = np$ ,  $\text{Var}(X) = np(1-p)$ .

BELOW SPACE IS FOR ROUGH WORK. NOTHING WRITTEN HERE WILL BE READ OR MARKED.

1. Let  $X_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}(p)$  be an IID random sample from a Bernoulli distribution with parameter  $p \in (0, 1)$ .

(a) (2 marks) Find an unbiased estimator for  $p$

$$\textcircled{1} E(\sum X_i) = np \Rightarrow E\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum X_i\right) = p$$

$$\textcircled{1} \hat{p} = \frac{1}{n} \sum X_i \text{ is unbiased for } p.$$

(b) (8 marks) Figure out whether it is efficient

Need Fisher info. in sample.

$$\textcircled{1} L(p) = p^{\sum X_i} (1-p)^{n-\sum X_i}; \quad \textcircled{1} \ell(p) = \sum X_i \log p + (n - \sum X_i) \log(1-p)$$

$$\textcircled{1} S(p) = \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial p} = \frac{\sum X_i}{p} - \frac{n - \sum X_i}{1-p}; \quad \textcircled{1} J(p) = -\frac{\partial S}{\partial p} = \frac{\sum X_i}{p^2} + \frac{n - \sum X_i}{(1-p)^2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} I(p) = E J(p) = \frac{n}{p} + \frac{n}{(1-p)} = \frac{n}{p(1-p)}$$

Hence the cramer-raw lower bound is  $\text{Var}(\hat{p}) \geq \frac{p(1-p)}{n}$   $\textcircled{1}$   $\forall \hat{p}$  unbiased.

$$\text{with } \hat{p} = \frac{1}{n} \sum X_i, \quad \text{Var}(\hat{p}) = \frac{n p(1-p)}{n^2} = \frac{p(1-p)}{n} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

Hence  $\hat{p}$  achieves the CRLB, and is efficient.  $\textcircled{1}$