



# A Pragmatic Introduction to Microservices

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## Key Takeaway

Understand key differences between monolith and microservices, why and how to implement integration pattern with serverless, and benefits of using microservices

# Agenda for Today

1. Development transformation at Amazon
2. Monolith and Microservices
3. Application Integration Patterns
4. Benefits of using microservices

A Journey.

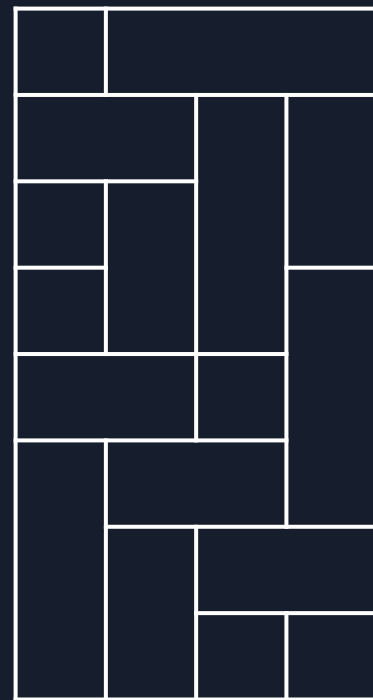
# Development transformation at Amazon: 2001–2002

Lesson learned: **decompose for agility**

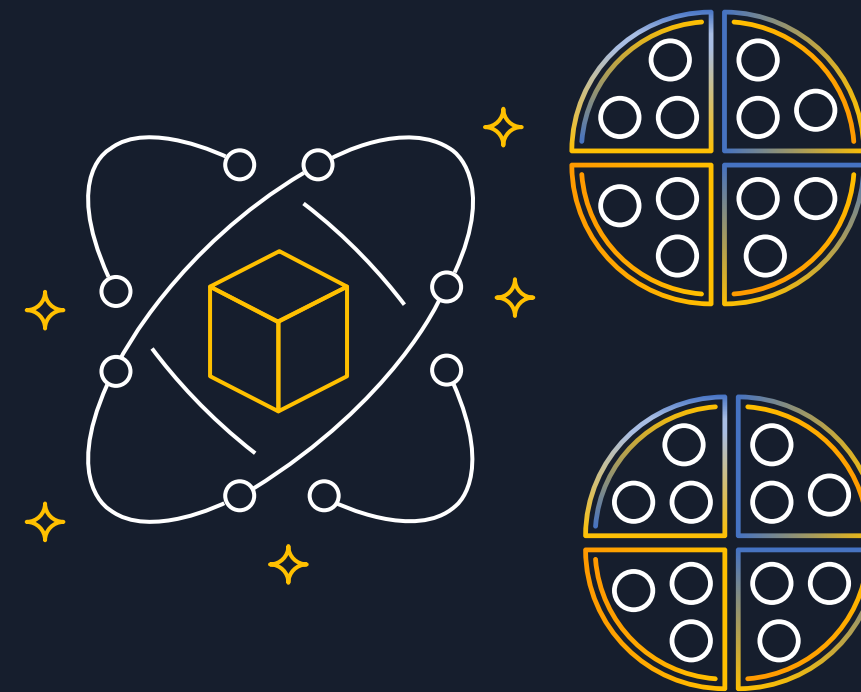
2001



2002



monolithic application +  
teams



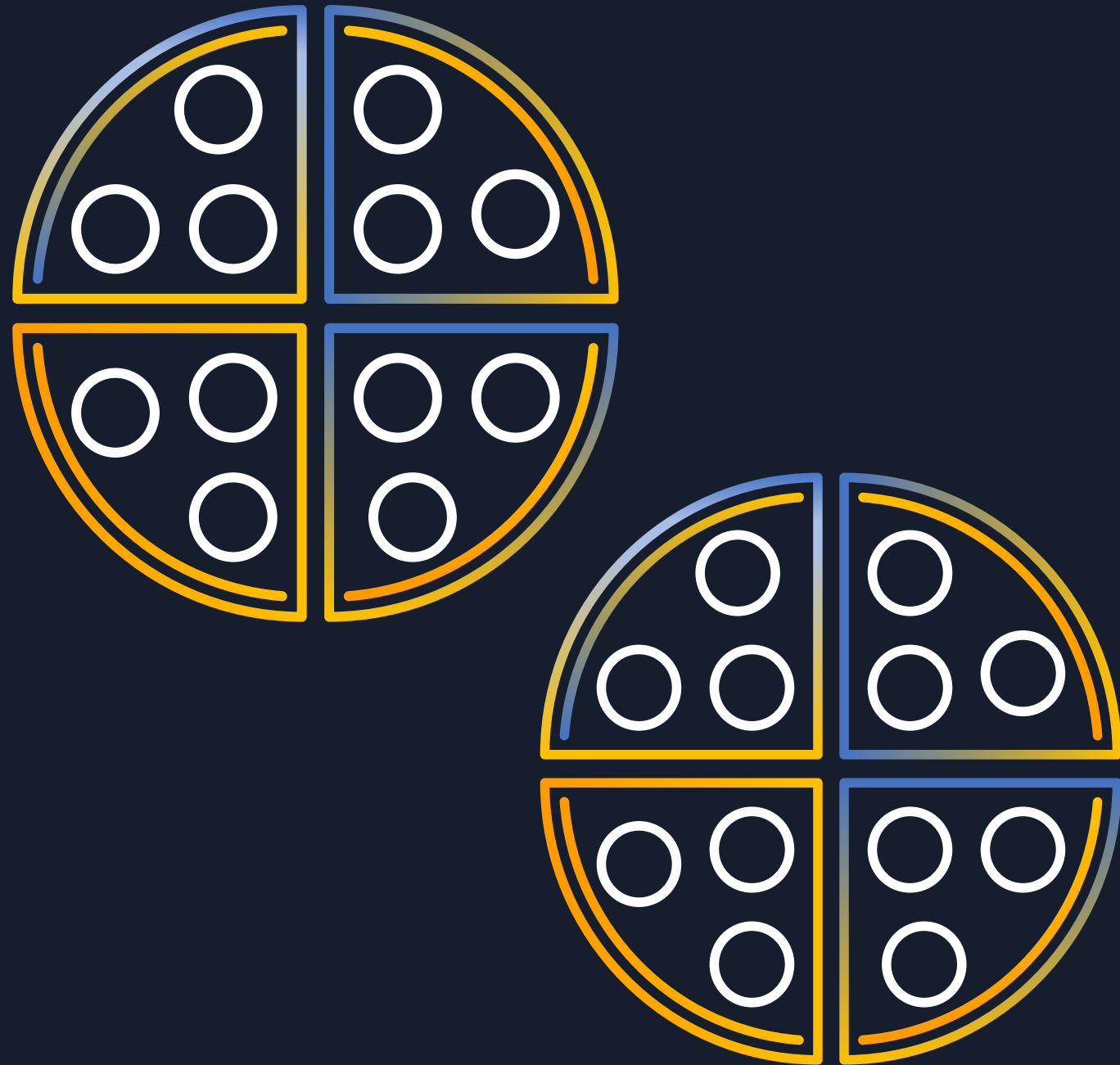
microservices  
+ two-pizza teams

# 2002 - API Mandate



1. *All teams will henceforth expose their data and functionality through service interfaces.*
2. *Teams must communicate with each other through these interfaces.*
3. *There will be no other form of inter-process communication allowed.*
4. *It doesn't matter what technology they use.*
5. *All service interfaces, without exception, must be designed from the ground up to be externalizable.*

# Two-pizza teams are fast & agile



Full ownership & autonomy

You build it, you run it

DevOps – small, nimble teams

Focused innovation

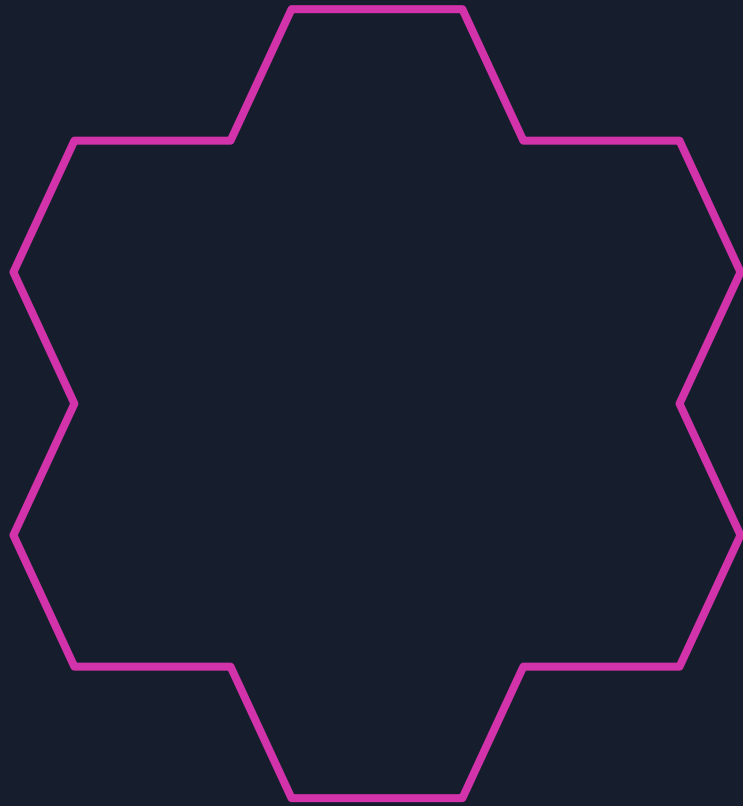
# Impact



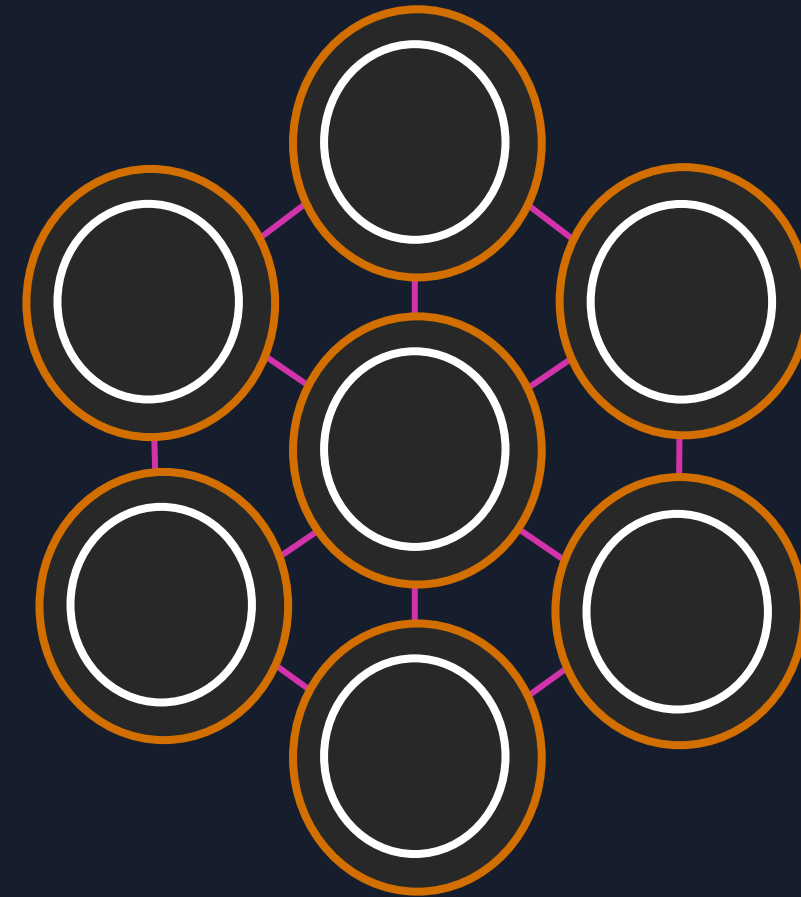


Microservices.

When the impact of change is small, release velocity can increase



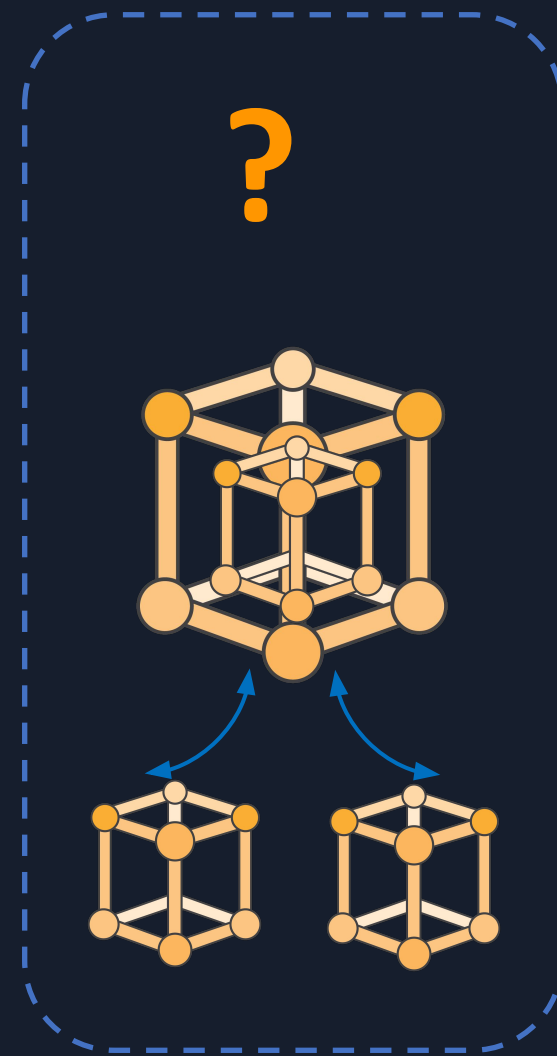
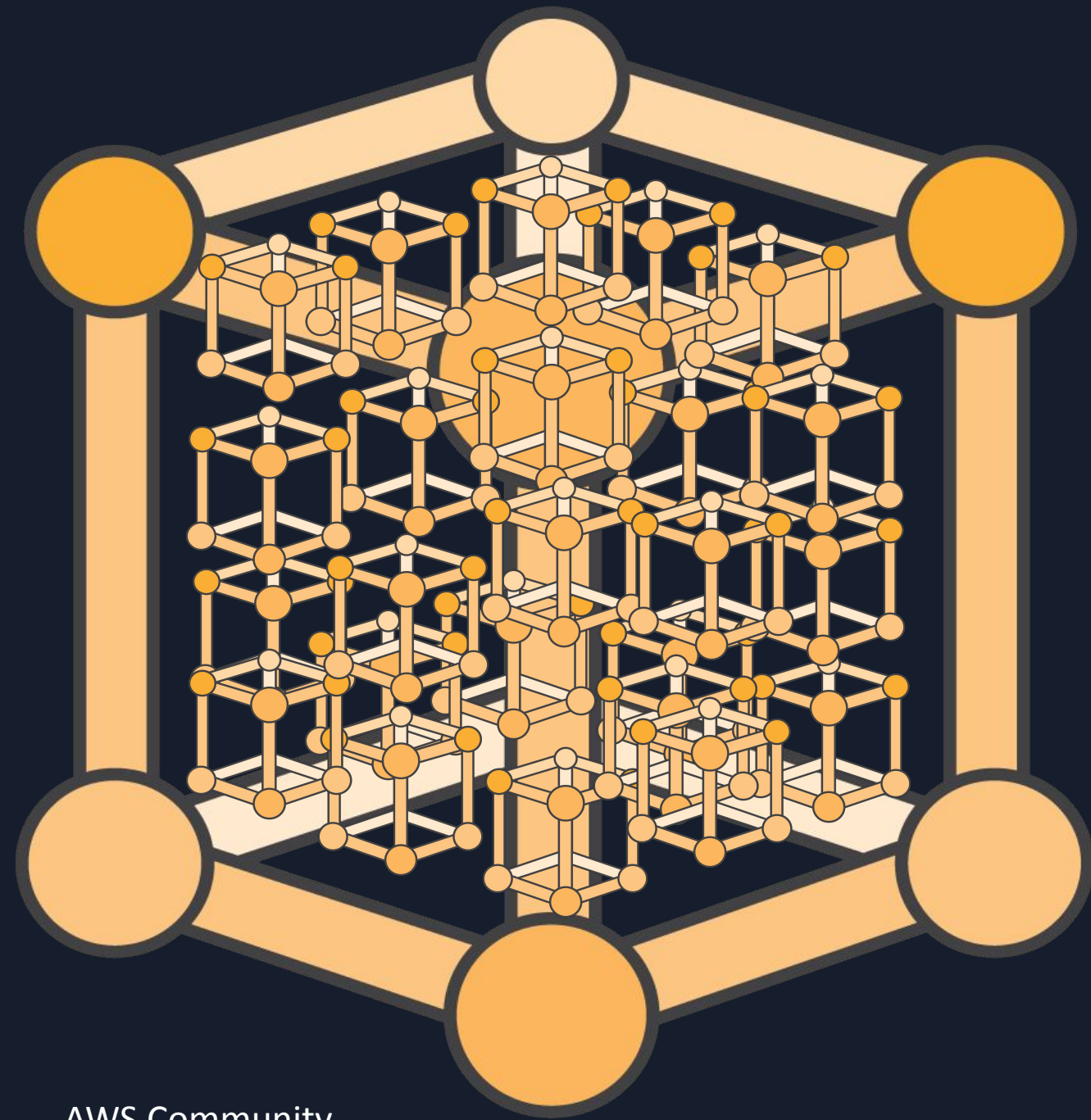
**Monolith**  
Does everything



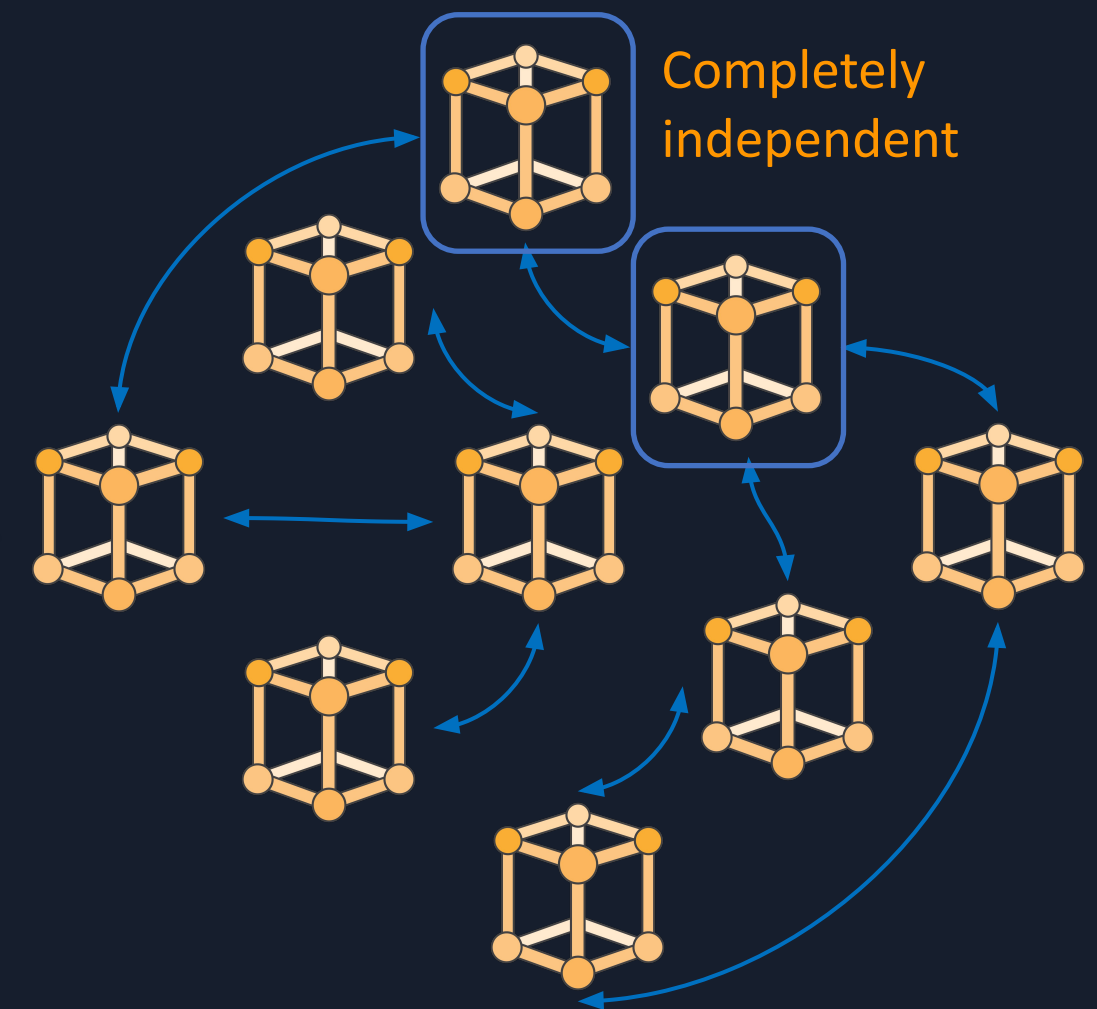
**Microservices**  
Does one thing

# Basic Concepts and Definitions

**Monolith**



**Microservices**



# Traditional three-tier application architecture



## Web servers

Presentation layers



## Application servers

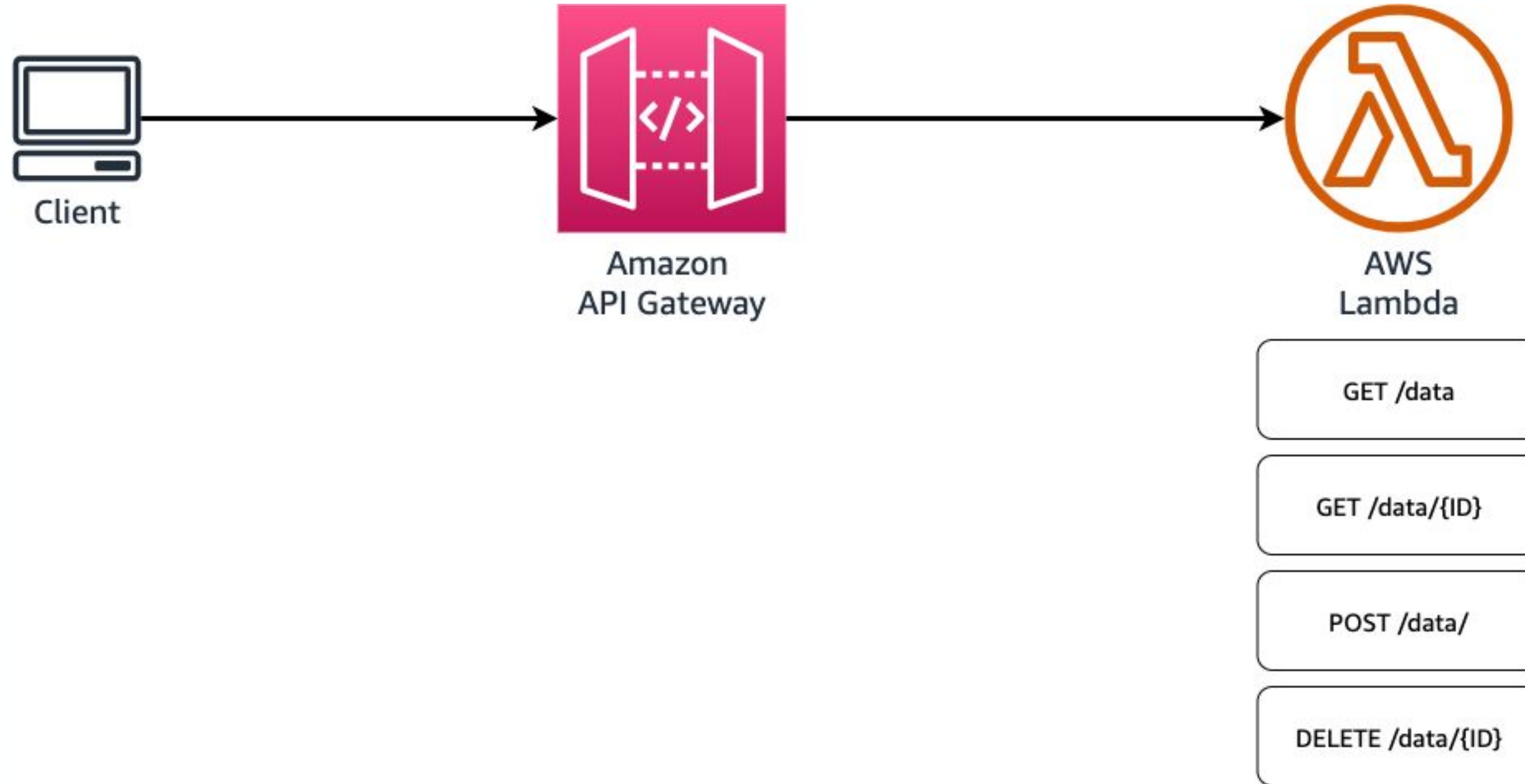
Business logic



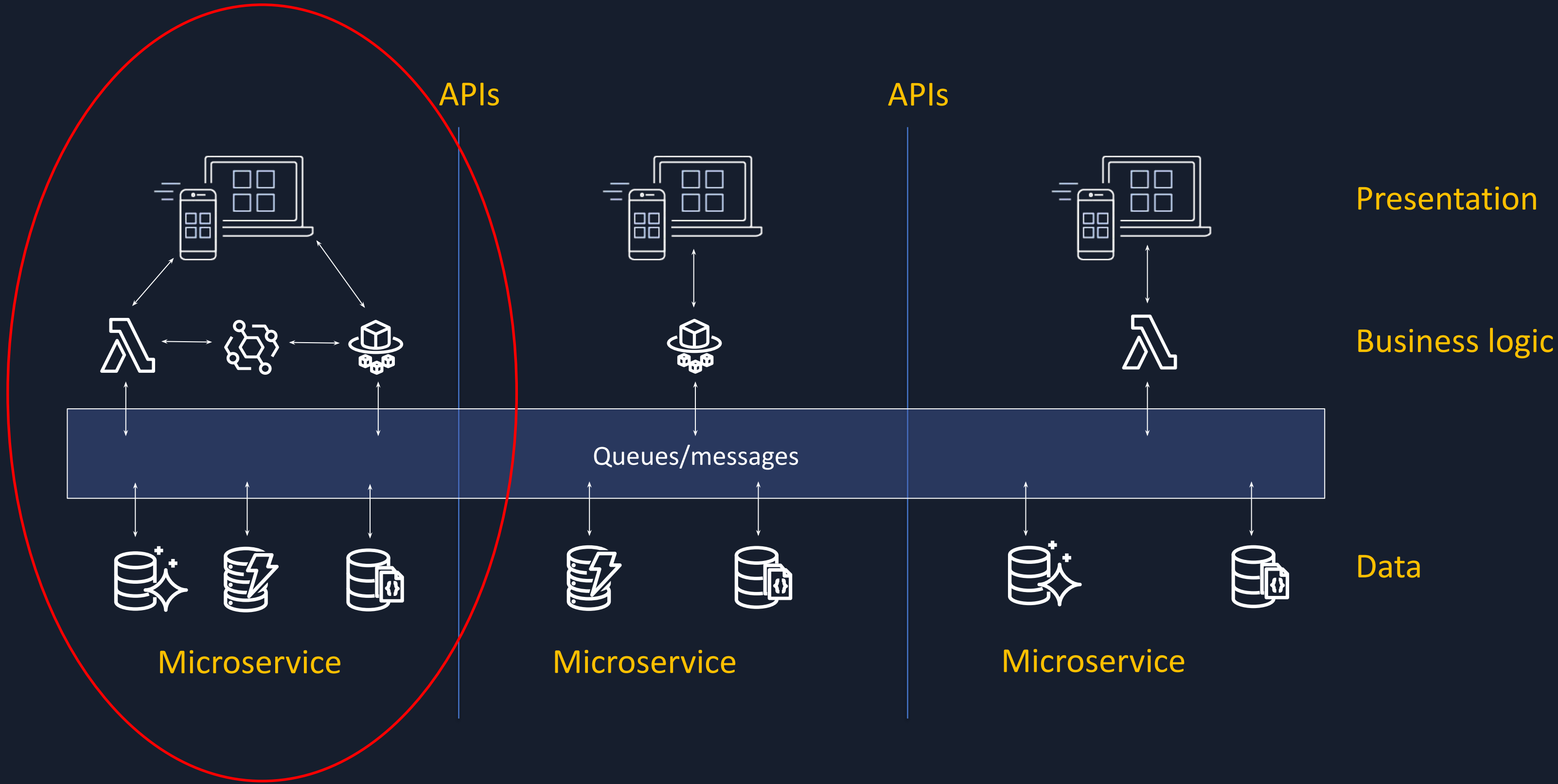
## Database servers

Data layer

# Use case: Monolith



# A modern three-tier application architecture



# A single microservice



# AWS Lambda — Event-driven function

## Event Source



Changes in  
data state



Requests to  
endpoints



Changes in  
resource state

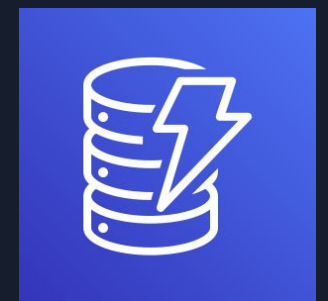
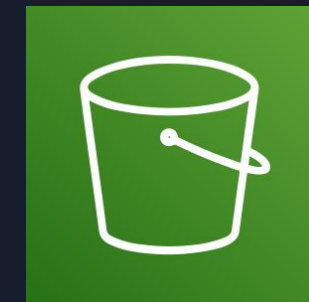


## Function



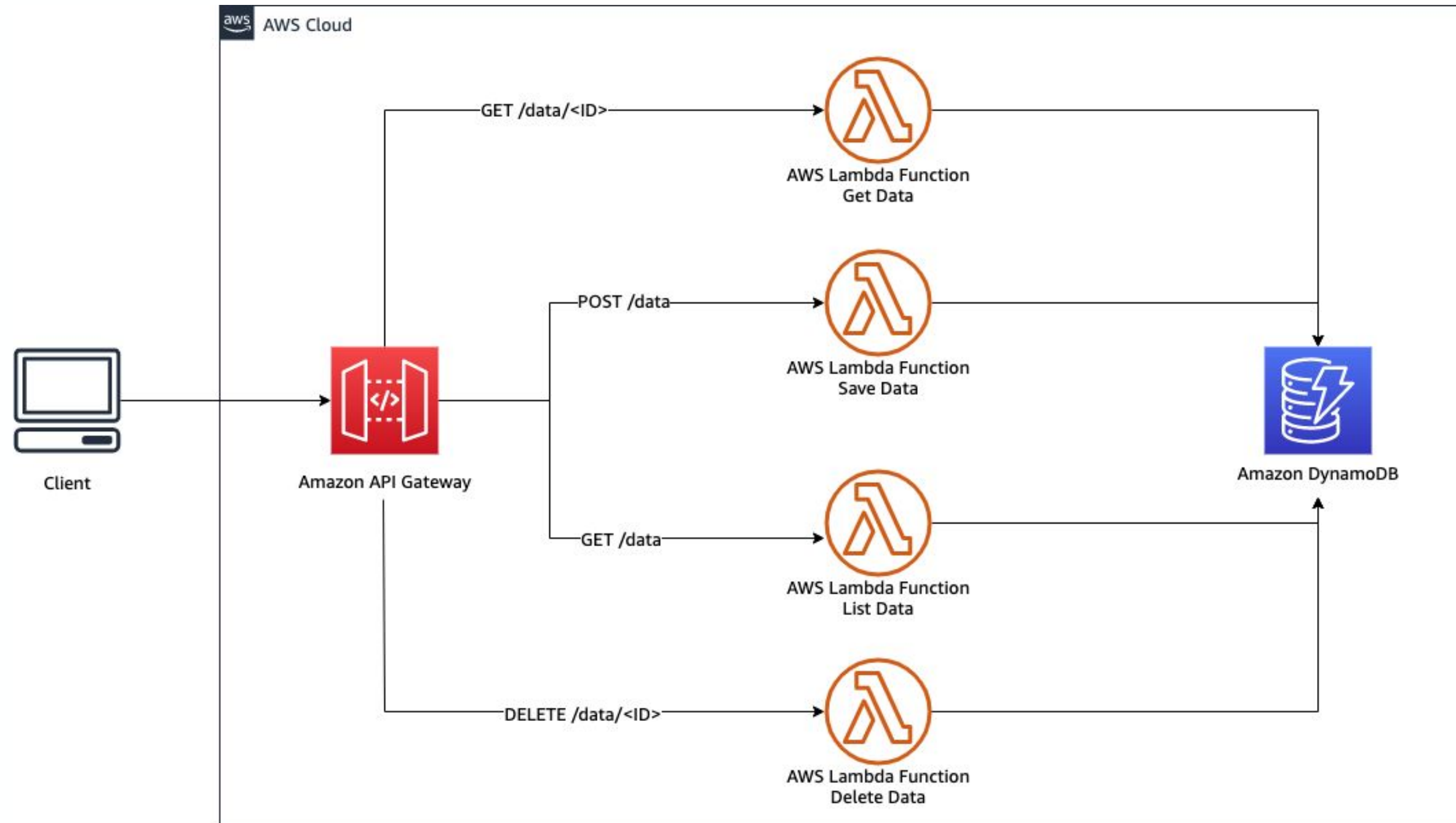
Node.js  
Python  
Java  
C#  
Go  
Ruby  
Bring Your Own

## Services / Other





# Use case: Serverless API Diagram



# Serverless is much more than compute

## COMPUTE



AWS  
Lambda



AWS  
Fargate

## DATA STORES



Amazon  
S3



Amazon Aurora  
Serverless



Amazon  
DynamoDB

## INTEGRATION



Amazon  
EventBridge



Amazon  
API Gateway



Amazon  
SQS



Amazon  
SNS



AWS  
Step Functions



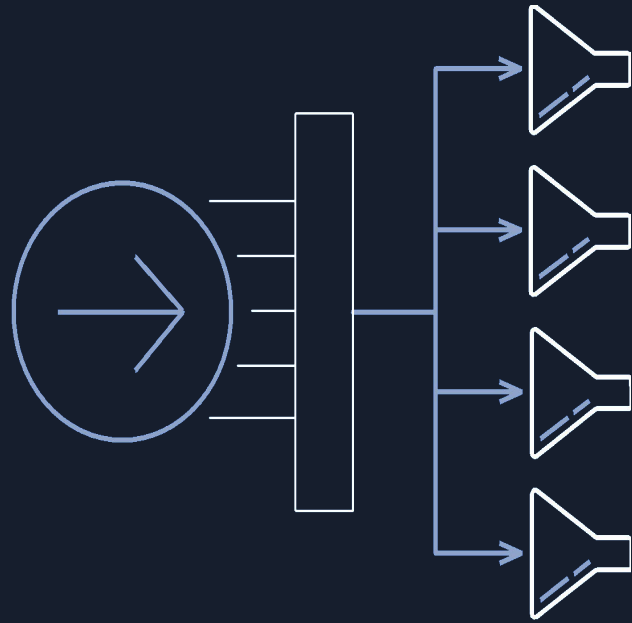
AWS  
AppSync

# Application Integration

# Consider how you integrate applications and modular services

	Synchronous – API based	Asynchronous – event driven
Inter- / intraservice	Common for communication between apps	Common for communication within apps
Scalability	Requires tools to manage point-to-point connections	Is nearly infinitely scalable
Cost	Provisioning for peak use leads to low CPU utilization	Scales to 0 (pay-for-use cost benefits)
Latency	Can be very low	Is higher in theory, but latency requirements are rarely as low as expected (e.g., consider P50, P99)
Agility	Is easy to get started Is hard to use point to point in large scale	Decoupled systems increase agility dramatically

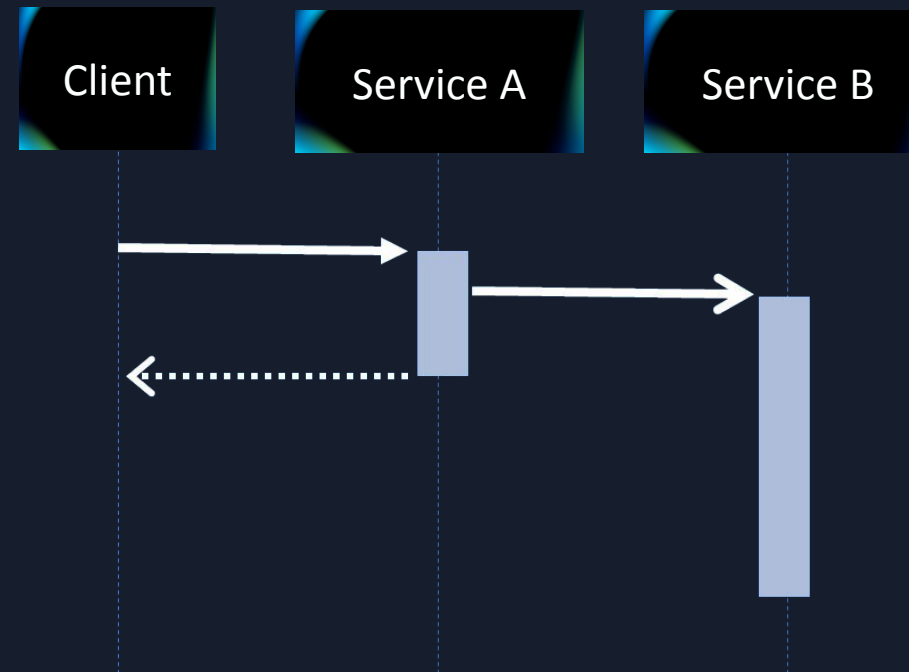
# Event-driven architectures drive reliability and scalability



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## Event routers

Abstract producers and consumers from each other



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## Asynchronous events

Improve responsiveness and reduce dependencies



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## Event stores

Buffer messages until services are available to process

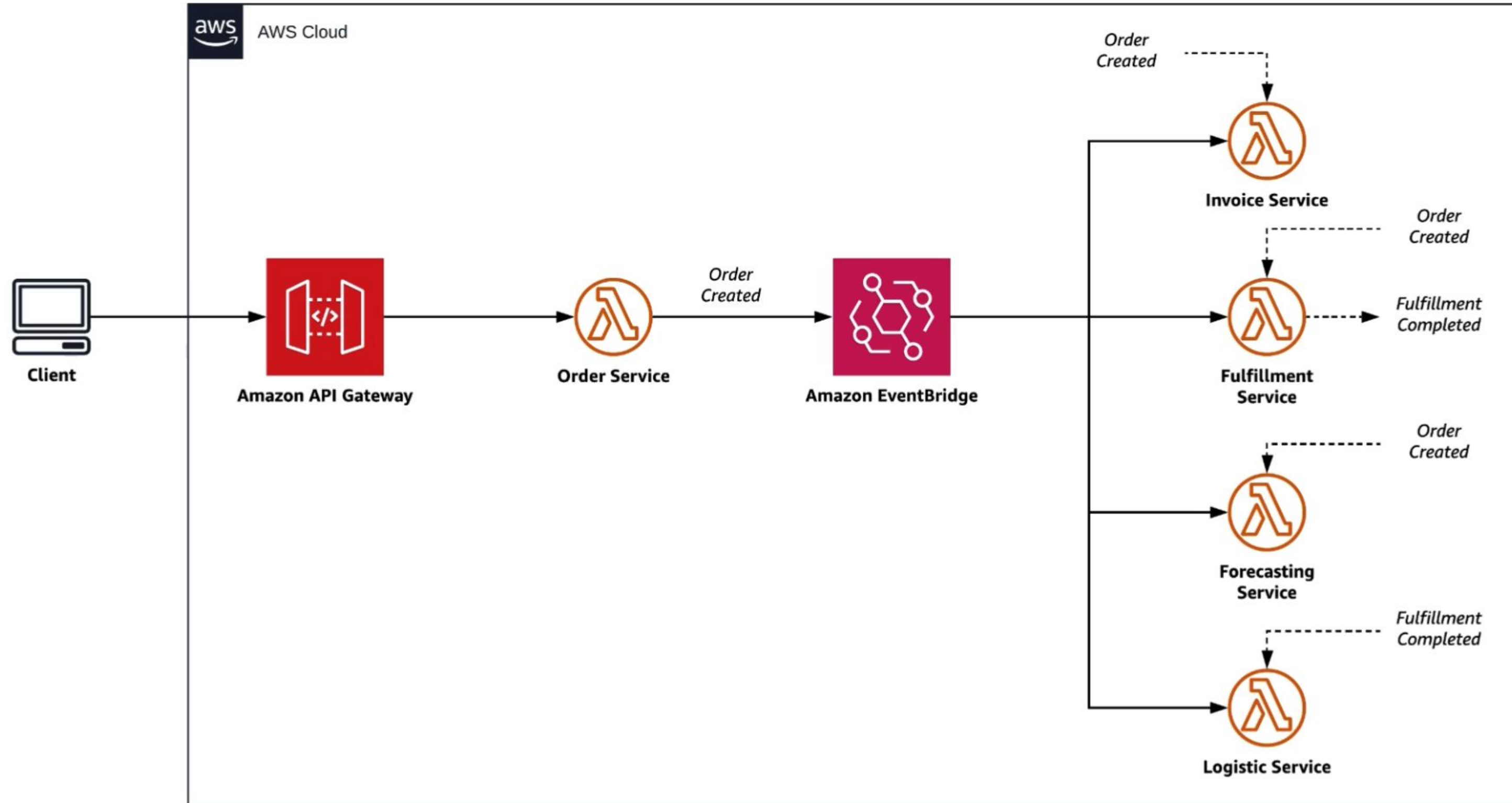


# Amazon EventBridge

A serverless event bus service for AWS services, your own applications, and SaaS providers.

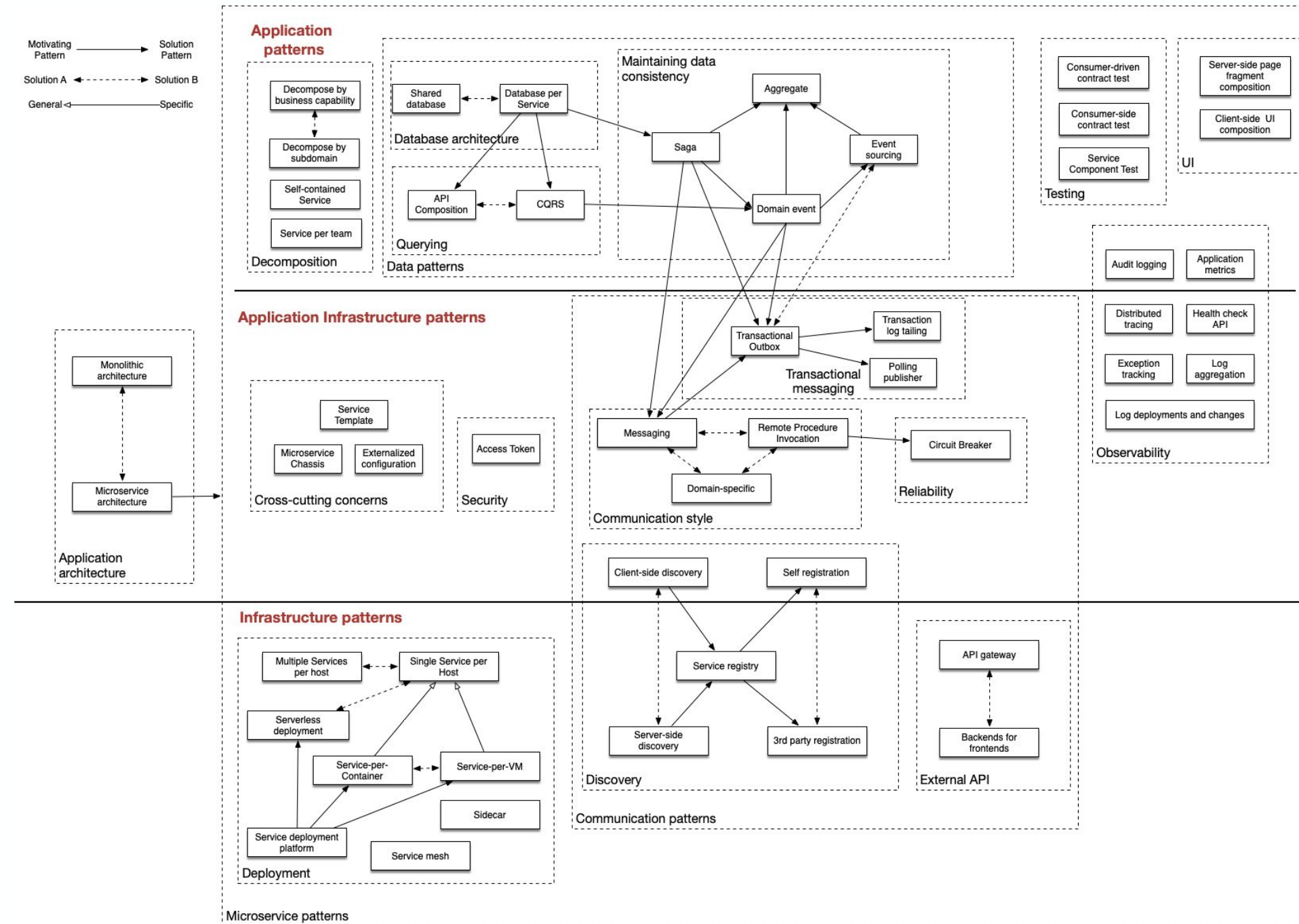
- Removes friction of writing “point-to-point” integrations
- Works across dozens of AWS and SaaS applications
- Provides simple programming model
- Fully managed; pay-as-you-go

# Use case: Event-Driven Architecture





# Learn more patterns

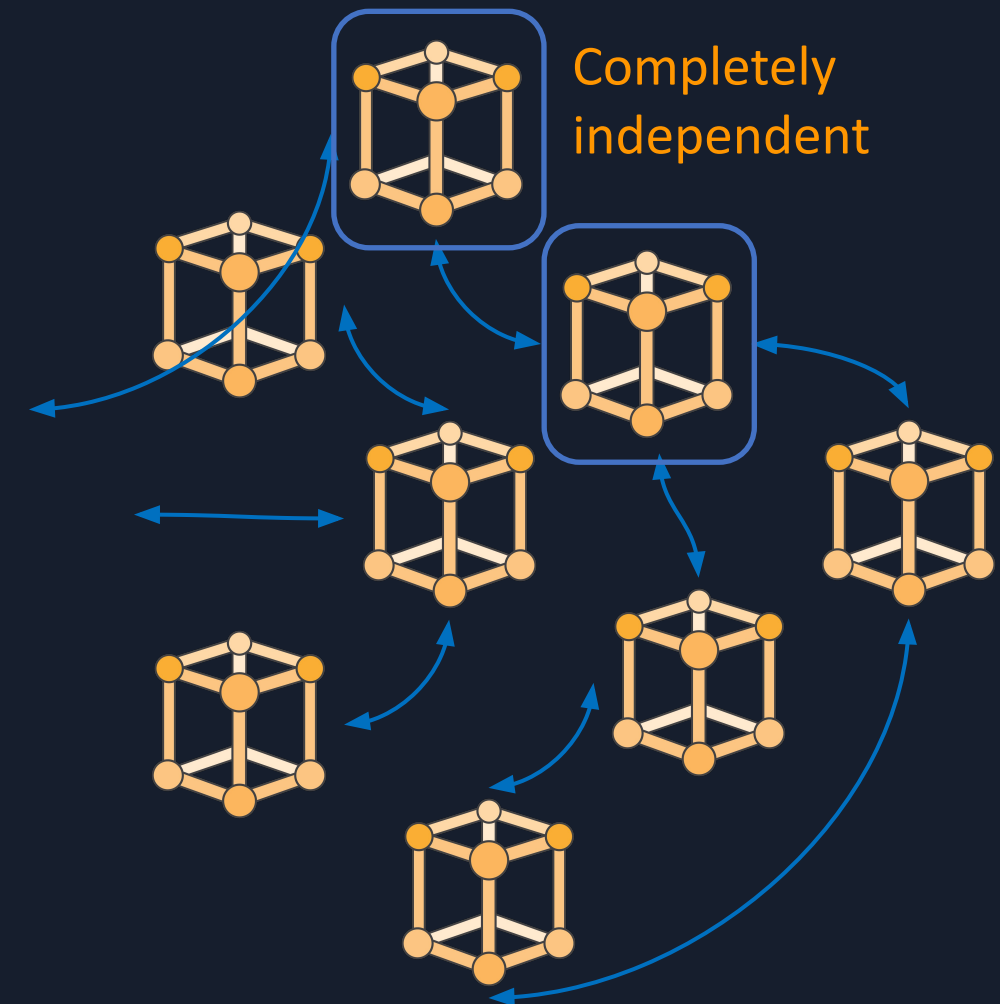




# Advantages and Why

# Advantages of Using Microservices

- **Empowers** small, independent teams to move at their own pace, shortening the cycle times
- **Vertical alignment** with the business owners
- **Smaller deployments** & failure isolation, and allows graceful failure handling
- **Fast-feedback** loops & low cost of failure
- **Freedom** to choose and replace the technology stack individually (per domain)
- **Properly decoupled** services can be scaled horizontally and independently from each other
- **Appropriate** and optimal technologies for a specific service





# Thank you

Download the PPT  
Code Repo + Demo



<https://bit.ly/aws-community-asean-content>

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