

# Zoning out: an analysis of zoning and property values in Washington, D.C.

Brian Bontempo, Derrick Lee, and Aaron R. Williams

## Sampling Frame

Download the data

```
library(tidyverse)
library(knitr)

# file path to csv with addresses
aru_file_path <-
  "https://opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/c3c0ae91dca54c5d9ce56962fa0dd645_68.csv"

ap_file_path <-
  "https://opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/aa514416aaf74fdc94748f1e56e7cc8a_0.csv"

# create a directory for downloading the data
if (!dir.exists("data/")) {
  dir.create("data")
}

# if the data doesn't already exist, download the data
if (!file.exists("data/aru.csv")) {
  download.file(aru_file_path, "data/aru.csv")
}

if (!file.exists("data/ap.csv")) {
  download.file(ap_file_path, "data/ap.csv")
}
```

## Address Residential Units

The first dataset is Address Residential Units

The dataset does not contain a variable for quadrant, so we extract quadrant from the full address.

```
aru <- read_csv("data/aru.csv") %>%
  rename_all(tolower) %>%
  select(unit_id, address_id, fulladdress, status, unitnum, unittype)

# extract quadrant
aru <- aru %>%
  mutate(quadrant = str_sub(fulladdress, start = -2, end = -1))
```

Address Residential Units contains residential units with status set to “RETIRED”. We drop these cases as well.

```
count(aru, status) %>%  
  kable()
```

status	n
ACTIVE	244046
ASSIGNED	47
RETIRE	7087

```
aru <- aru %>%  
  filter(status != "RETIRE")
```

## Address Points

```
# load the data and convert the variable names to lower case  
ap <- read_csv("data/ap.csv", guess_max = 10000) %>%  
  rename_all(tolower) %>%  
  select(address_id, status, type_, entrancetype, quadrant, fulladdress,  
         objectid_1, assessment_nbhd, cfsa_name, census_tract, vote_prcnct,  
         ward, zipcode, anc, census_block, census_blockgroup, latitude,  
         longitude, active_res_unit_count, res_type, active_res_occupancy_count)
```

Address Points contains residential units, non-residential units, and mixed-use units. Residential units and mixed-use units contain residences that belong to our sampling frame. We drop non-residential units.

```
count(ap, res_type) %>%  
  kable()
```

res_type	n
MIXED USE	473
NON RESIDENTIAL	15807
RESIDENTIAL	131370

```
ap <- ap %>%  
  filter(res_type != "NON RESIDENTIAL")
```

Address points contains residential units with status set to “RETIRED”. We drop these cases as well.

```
count(ap, status) %>%
  kable()
```

status	n
ACTIVE	128490
ASSIGNED	668
RETIRE	2675
TEMPORARY	10

```
ap <- ap %>%
  filter(status != "RETIRE")
```

After the above filtering, there are 98 observations from Address Points and 3,706 observations in Address Residential Units that have missing addresses. We investigated joining the two datasets on `address_id` to fill in the address but all records missing an address in one dataset were missing an address in the other dataset.

We dropped the missing values which represented about 1.5 percent of observations in Address Residential Units and 0.07 percent of observations in Address Points.

```
ap <- ap %>%
  filter(!is.na(fulladdress))

aru <- aru %>%
  filter(!is.na(fulladdress))
```

## Merge variables

Address Points has interesting variables not present in Address Residential Units. So we merge the Address Points dataset with the Address Residential Units dataset. The join works for all but 572 cases, most of which are in a new building at the Wharf.

```
aru_expanded <- aru %>%
  select(-status) %>%
  left_join(ap, by = c("fulladdress", "address_id")) %>%
  select(quadrant = quadrant.x, everything(), -quadrant.y)

anti_join(aru, ap, by = c("fulladdress", "address_id"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 572 x 7
##   unit_id address_id fulladdress      status unitnum unittype quadrant
##   <dbl>     <dbl> <chr>          <chr> <chr>   <chr>   <chr>
## 1  223379     276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 6-12   RENTAL   SW
## 2  223380     276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 6-13   RENTAL   SW
## 3  223381     276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 6-14   RENTAL   SW
## 4  223384     276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 1-1    RENTAL   SW
```

```
## 5 223389      276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 1-6      RENTAL  SW
## 6 223392      276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 1-9      RENTAL  SW
## 7 223494      276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 8-16     RENTAL  SW
## 8 223497      276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 9-3      RENTAL  SW
## 9 223503      276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 9-9      RENTAL  SW
## 10 223508     276680 600 WATER STREET SW ACTIVE 9-14     RENTAL  SW
## # ... with 562 more rows
```

```
rm(aru)
```

## Combination

Next, we need to drop addresses in the Address Points dataset that exist in the Address Residential Units dataset so we don't over count addresses in multi-dwelling units.

```
ap <- ap %>%
  filter(!address_id %in% unique(aru_expanded$address_id))
```

Finally, we can combine the two datasets to create a sampling frame that contains approximately every residential address in Washington D.C.

```
sampling_frame <- bind_rows(ap, aru_expanded)

rm(ap, aru_expanded)

#summarize_all(addresses, list(~sum(is.na(.))))

write_csv(sampling_frame, "sampling_frame.csv")
```

## Pilot survey

```
set.seed(20190714)

pilot_sample <- sampling_frame %>%
  group_by(quadrant) %>%
  sample_n(25)

write_csv(pilot_sample, "data/pilot_sample.csv")

rm(pilot_sample)
```

## Picking stratum sizes

### Condition 1: Sample mean

We begin with a derivation of Exact Optimal Sample Allocation for  $\bar{y}$ .

Decomposition of  $V(\bar{y}_h)$ :

By Wright (12.4),  $V(\bar{y}_{str}) = \sum_{h=1}^H (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 V(\bar{y}_h) = \sum_{h=1}^H (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 \frac{N_h - n_h}{N_h} \frac{S_h^2}{n_h}$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 \frac{N_h - n_h}{N_h} \frac{S_h^2}{n_h}$$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = (\frac{N_h^2}{N^2}) (1 - \frac{n_h}{N_h}) \frac{S_h^2}{n_h}$$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = (\frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2}) (\frac{1}{n_h}) - \frac{N_h^2 n_h S_h^2}{N^2 N_h n_h}$$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = (\frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2}) (\frac{1}{n_h}) - \frac{N_h S_h^2}{N^2}$$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = (\frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2}) (1 - \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{1}{n_h(n_h - 1)}) - \frac{N_h S_h^2}{N^2}$$

$$V(\bar{y}_h) = \frac{N_h(N_h - 1)S_h^2}{N^2} - \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 n_h(n_h - 1)}$$

Decomposition of  $V(\bar{y}_{str})$

$$V(\bar{y}_{str}) = \sum_{h=1}^H \frac{N_h(N_h - 1)S_h^2}{N^2} - \frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{N^2 n_1(n_1 - 1)}$$

...

$$- \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^2 S_h^2}{N^2 n_h(n_h - 1)}$$

...

$$- \frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 n_H(n_H - 1)}$$

For a desired bound  $V_0$  on the sampling variance  $V(\bar{y}_{str})$ , we may find an optimal allocation using the following algorithm:

- 1) Assign, for each stratum, 1 unit to be selected for the sample.
- 2) Fill in the following table and number these values starting from 1, in decreasing order.

$\frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{n^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{N_1^2 S_1^2}{N^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	...
$\frac{N_2^2 S_2^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{N_2^2 S_2^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{N_2^2 S_2^2}{N^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	...
.	.	.	...
.	.	.	...
.	.	.	...
$\frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{N_H^2 S_H^2}{N^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	...

- 3) Since the initial allocation is  $(n_{11}, n_{21}, \dots, n_{H1}) = (1, 1, \dots, 1)$ , compute  $V(\bar{y}_{str} | n_{11} =$

$$1, n_{21} = 1, \dots, n_{H1} = 1) = \sum_{h=1}^H \frac{N_h(N_h-1)S_h^2}{N^2}$$

- 4) Pick value (1) from the table and increase the associated stratum's sample size by 1, so that the updated allocation is  $(n_{12}, n_{22}, \dots, n_{H2})$ , where exactly one of the  $n_{h2}$ 's is equal to 2 and the rest are equal to 1. Then, compute  $V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) = V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{11}, \dots, n_{H1}) - \frac{1}{N^2}$  where "(1)" represents the largest value from the table. If  $V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) \leq V_0$ , then stop with  $n_1 = n_{12}, \dots, N_H = N_{H2}$ . Otherwise, go to step 5.
- 5) Pick value (2) from the table and increase the associated stratum's sample size by 1, so that the updated allocation is  $(n_{13}, \dots, n_{H3})$ . Then compute  $V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{13}, \dots, n_{H3}) = V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) - \frac{(2)}{N^2}$ , where "(2)" represents the second value from the table. If  $V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{13}, \dots, N_H = n_{H3}) \leq V_0$ , then stop with  $n_1 = n_{13}, \dots, N_H = n_{H3}$ . Otherwise, continue until step  $j$ , where  $V(\bar{y}_{str}|n_{1j}, \dots, n_{Hj}) \leq V_0$ . The final allocation is  $n_{1j}, \dots, n_{Hj}$  and  $n = n_{1j} + \dots + n_{Hj}$ .

```
# load the completed pilot survey and clean the values
pilot_sample <- read_csv("data/pilot_sample_completed.csv") %>%
  mutate(land_value = ifelse(!is.na(rf_land_value),
                             rf_land_value,
                             land_value),
         improvement_value = ifelse(!is.na(rf_improvement_value),
                                     rf_improvement_value,
                                     improvement_value)) %>%
  mutate(property_value = land_value + improvement_value) %>%
  mutate(property_value = ifelse(unittype == "RENTAL" &
                                active_res_occupancy_count > 4 &
                                property_value > 2000000,
                                property_value / active_res_occupancy_count,
                                property_value
  ))
```

```
# find Nh and s2 for each strata
# (1) and (2)
s_squared_h <- pilot_sample %>%
  group_by(stratum = quadrant) %>%
  summarize(s_squared_h = var(property_value, na.rm = TRUE),
            missing_prop = mean(is.na(property_value)))

Nh <- sampling_frame %>%
  count(stratum = quadrant) %>%
  rename(Nh = n)

strata <- left_join(s_squared_h, Nh, by = "stratum") %>%
  # adjust N because of missingness
  mutate(Nh = Nh * (1 - missing_prop)) %>%
  mutate(N = sum(Nh))

rm(s_squared_h, Nh)

kable(strata)
```

stratum	s_squared_h	missing_prop	Nh	N
NE	55231295979	0.08	68953.08	297153.2
NW	728182282168	0.12	166931.60	297153.2
SE	136823871969	0.28	49423.68	297153.2
SW	25025018879	0.20	11844.80	297153.2

Step 3:  $\hat{V}(\bar{y}|1, 1, 1, 1) = \sum_{h=1}^H \left(\frac{N_h}{N}\right)^2 \frac{N_h - n_h}{N_H} \frac{s_h^2}{n_h} = \sum_{h=1}^H \left(\frac{N_h}{N}\right)^2 \frac{N_h - 1}{N_H} \frac{s_h^2}{1}$   
(Wright 12.5)

```
# Let the initial allocation be (n_11, n_21, n_31, n_41) = (1, 1, 1, 1)
# (3) and (6)
starting_variance <- strata %>%
  mutate(strata_variance = Nh * (Nh - 1) * s_squared_h / N^2)

kable(starting_variance)
```

stratum	s_squared_h	missing_prop	Nh	N	strata_variance
NE	55231295979	0.08	68953.08	297153.2	2973894581
NW	728182282168	0.12	166931.60	297153.2	229802057101
SE	136823871969	0.28	49423.68	297153.2	3784970868
SW	25025018879	0.20	11844.80	297153.2	39758730

```
starting_variance <- starting_variance %>%
  summarize(V = sum(strata_variance)) %>%
  pull()

starting_variance
```

```
## [1] 236600681280
```

Step 3:

$$\text{Priority value} = \frac{N_1^2 \cdot s_1^2}{N_1^2 \cdot n_h (n_h - 1)}$$

```
# create a table of priority values
# (4) and (5)
n_strata <-
  tibble(n = c(1:500, 1:500, 1:500, 1:500),
    stratum = c(rep("NE", 500), rep("NW", 500), rep("SE", 500), rep("SW", 500))) %>%
  left_join(strata, by = "stratum")

# step 2
priority_values <- n_strata %>%
  group_by(stratum) %>%
  mutate(priority_value = (Nh ^ 2 * s_squared_h) / (n * log(n) * N ^ 2)) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(desc(priority_value))
```

```
kable(head(select(priority_values, -missing_prop), n = 10))
```

n	stratum	s_squared_h	Nh	N	priority_value
2	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	114901716867
3	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	38300572289
4	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	19150286144
5	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	11490171687
6	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	7660114458
7	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	5471510327
8	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	4103632745
9	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	3191714357
10	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	2553371486
11	NW	728182282168	166931.6	297153.2	2089122125

Step 4:

```
# (7)
priority_values <- priority_values %>%
  mutate(agg_priority_value = cumsum(priority_value)) %>%
  mutate(marginal_variance = starting_variance - agg_priority_value) %>%
  mutate(marginal_sd = sqrt(marginal_variance))

kable(head(select(priority_values, -missing_prop, -N), n = 100), digits = 0)
```

n	stratum	s_squared_h	Nh	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
2	NW	728182282168	166932	114901716867	114901716867	121698964413	348854
3	NW	728182282168	166932	38300572289	153202289155	83398392124	288788
4	NW	728182282168	166932	19150286144	172352575300	64248105980	253472
5	NW	728182282168	166932	11490171687	183842746987	52757934293	229691
6	NW	728182282168	166932	7660114458	191502861444	45097819835	212362
7	NW	728182282168	166932	5471510327	196974371771	39626309508	199064
8	NW	728182282168	166932	4103632745	201078004517	35522676763	188475
9	NW	728182282168	166932	3191714357	204269718874	32330962406	179808
10	NW	728182282168	166932	2553371486	206823090360	29777590920	172562
11	NW	728182282168	166932	2089122125	208912212485	27688468795	166399
2	SE	136823871969	49424	1892523726	210804736211	25795945069	160611
12	NW	728182282168	166932	1740935104	212545671315	24055009965	155097
2	NE	55231295979	68953	1486968855	214032640170	22568041110	150227
13	NW	728182282168	166932	1473098934	215505739104	21094942176	145241
14	NW	728182282168	166932	1262656229	216768395333	19832285946	140827
15	NW	728182282168	166932	1094302065	217862697399	18737983881	136887
16	NW	728182282168	166932	957514307	218820211706	17780469574	133343
17	NW	728182282168	166932	844865565	219665077271	16935604008	130137
18	NW	728182282168	166932	750991614	220416068885	16184612395	127219
19	NW	728182282168	166932	671939865	221088008749	15512672530	124550
3	SE	136823871969	49424	630841242	221718849991	14881831288	121991
20	NW	728182282168	166932	604745878	222323595870	14277085410	119487
21	NW	728182282168	166932	547151033	222870746902	13729934377	117175



n	stratum	s_squared_h	Nh	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
22	NW	728182282168	166932	497410030	223368156932	13232524348	115033
3	NE	55231295979	68953	495656285	223863813217	12736868063	112858
23	NW	728182282168	166932	454156984	224317970201	12282711079	110827
24	NW	728182282168	166932	416310568	224734280769	11866400511	108933
25	NW	728182282168	166932	383005723	225117286492	11483394788	107161
26	NW	728182282168	166932	353543744	225470830236	11129851043	105498
27	NW	728182282168	166932	327355319	225798185555	10802495725	103935
4	SE	136823871969	49424	315420621	226113606176	10487075104	102406
28	NW	728182282168	166932	303972796	226417578972	10183102308	100911
29	NW	728182282168	166932	283009155	226700588127	9900093153	99499
30	NW	728182282168	166932	264141878	226964730005	9635951275	98163
4	NE	55231295979	68953	247828143	227212558147	9388123133	96892
31	NW	728182282168	166932	247100466	227459658613	9141022666	95609
32	NW	728182282168	166932	231656687	227691315301	8909365979	94389
33	NW	728182282168	166932	217616888	227908932189	8691749091	93230
34	NW	728182282168	166932	204815895	228113748083	8486933196	92125
35	NW	728182282168	166932	193112129	228306860212	8293821067	91070
5	SE	136823871969	49424	189252373	228496112585	8104568695	90025
36	NW	728182282168	166932	182383678	228678496263	7922185017	89007
37	NW	728182282168	166932	172525100	228851021363	7749659917	88032
38	NW	728182282168	166932	163444832	229014466195	7586215085	87099
39	NW	728182282168	166932	155063046	229169529241	7431152039	86204
5	NE	55231295979	68953	148696886	229318226126	7282455153	85337
40	NW	728182282168	166932	147309893	229465536020	7135145260	84470
41	NW	728182282168	166932	140124045	229605660065	6995021215	83636
42	NW	728182282168	166932	133451471	229739111536	6861569744	82835
43	NW	728182282168	166932	127244426	229866355962	6734325317	82063
6	SE	136823871969	49424	126168248	229992524211	6608157069	81291
44	NW	728182282168	166932	121460589	230113984799	6486696480	80540
45	NW	728182282168	166932	116062340	230230047139	6370634140	79816
46	NW	728182282168	166932	111016152	230341063291	6259617989	79118
47	NW	728182282168	166932	106292060	230447355351	6153325929	78443
48	NW	728182282168	166932	101863224	230549218575	6051462704	77791
6	NE	55231295979	68953	99131257	230648349832	5952331447	77151
49	NW	728182282168	166932	97705542	230746055374	5854625906	76516
50	NW	728182282168	166932	93797320	230839852694	5760828586	75900
7	SE	136823871969	49424	90120177	230929972871	5670708409	75304
51	NW	728182282168	166932	90118994	231020091865	5580589415	74703
52	NW	728182282168	166932	86652878	231106744743	5493936536	74121
53	NW	728182282168	166932	83382959	231190127702	5410553578	73556
54	NW	728182282168	166932	80294701	231270422403	5330258877	73009
55	NW	728182282168	166932	77374894	231347797296	5252883984	72477
56	NW	728182282168	166932	74611504	231422408801	5178272479	71960
57	NW	728182282168	166932	71993557	231494402357	5106278922	71458
7	NE	55231295979	68953	70808041	231565210398	5035470881	70961
58	NW	728182282168	166932	69511020	231634721419	4965959861	70470
8	SE	136823871969	49424	67590133	231702311552	4898369728	69988
59	NW	728182282168	166932	67154715	231769466266	4831215013	69507
60	NW	728182282168	166932	64916224	231834382491	4766298789	69038
61	NW	728182282168	166932	62787823	231897170314	4703510966	68582
62	NW	728182282168	166932	60762410	231957932724	4642748556	68138
63	NW	728182282168	166932	58833444	232016766168	4583915111	67705

n	stratum	s_squared_h	Nh	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
64	NW	728182282168	166932	56994899	232073761067	4526920212	67282
65	NW	728182282168	166932	55241210	232129002277	4471679002	66871
66	NW	728182282168	166932	53567234	232182569511	4418111768	66469
8	NE	55231295979	68953	53106031	232235675542	4365005738	66068
9	SE	136823871969	49424	52570103	232288245645	4312435634	65669
67	NW	728182282168	166932	51968212	232340213858	4260467422	65272
68	NW	728182282168	166932	50439735	232390653593	4210027687	64885
69	NW	728182282168	166932	48977714	232439631307	4161049973	64506
70	NW	728182282168	166932	47578351	232487209657	4113471622	64136
71	NW	728182282168	166932	46238115	232533447773	4067233507	63775
72	NW	728182282168	166932	44953723	232578401496	4022279783	63421
73	NW	728182282168	166932	43722114	232622123611	3978557669	63076
74	NW	728182282168	166932	42540436	232664664046	3936017233	62738
10	SE	136823871969	49424	42056083	232706720129	3893961150	62402
75	NW	728182282168	166932	41406024	232748126153	3852555126	62069
9	NE	55231295979	68953	41304690	232789430844	3811250436	61735
76	NW	728182282168	166932	40316392	232829747236	3770934044	61408
77	NW	728182282168	166932	39269213	232869016448	3731664831	61087
78	NW	728182282168	166932	38262310	232907278758	3693402521	60773
79	NW	728182282168	166932	37293644	232944572402	3656108877	60466
80	NW	728182282168	166932	36361303	232980933705	3619747574	60164
81	NW	728182282168	166932	35463493	233016397198	3584284082	59869
82	NW	728182282168	166932	34598530	233050995728	3549685552	59579
11	SE	136823871969	49424	34409522	233085405250	3515276030	59290
83	NW	728182282168	166932	33764830	233119170080	3481511200	59004

```
rm(n_strata)
```

## Condition 2: Sample means within strata

We are interested in comparing  $\bar{y}_h$  from the four different quadrants.

$$n = \frac{N\sigma^2}{(N-1)\frac{c^2}{z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}} + \sigma^2}$$

We can use  $s^2$  from our pilot survey as an unbiased estimate for  $\sigma^2$ .

$$n = \frac{Ns^2}{(N-1)\frac{c^2}{z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}} + s^2}$$

We want \$50,000 precision at a 90% confidence level for the mean of property value in each strata.

```
condition2 <- strata %>%
  mutate(n = (N * s_squared_h) / ((N - 1) * (50000 ^ 2 / qnorm(0.95)) + s_squared_h))

condition2 %>%
  kable()
```

stratum	s_squared_h	missing_prop	Nh	N	n
NE	55231295979	0.08	68953.08	297153.2	36.33464
NW	728182282168	0.12	166931.60	297153.2	478.33170
SE	136823871969	0.28	49423.68	297153.2	89.99514
SW	25025018879	0.20	11844.80	297153.2	16.46414

### Condition 3: Sample proportion

We begin with a derivation of Exact Optimal Sample Allocation for  $\hat{p}$ .

Decomposition of  $V(\hat{p}_{str})$

By Wright (12.14),  $V(\hat{p}_{str}) = \sum_{h=1}^H (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 V(p_h) = \sum_{h=1}^H (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 \frac{N_h - n_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h}$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = (\frac{N_h}{N})^2 \frac{N_h - n_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^2}{N^2} \frac{N_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h} - \frac{N_h^2}{N^2} \frac{n_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^2}{N^2} \frac{N_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h} - \frac{N_h^2}{N^2} \frac{n_h}{N_h - 1} \frac{p(1-p)}{n_h}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} \frac{1}{n_h} - \frac{N_h^2 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} (1 - \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{1}{n_h (n_h - 1)}) - \frac{N_h^2 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot n_h (n_h - 1)} - \frac{N_h^2 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{(N_h^3 - N_h^2) p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot n_h (n_h - 1)}$$

$$V(\hat{p}_h) = \frac{N_h^2 (N_h - 1) p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot n_h (n_h - 1)}$$

Decomposition of  $V(\hat{p}_{str})$

$$\begin{aligned} V(\hat{p}_{str}) &= \sum_{h=1}^H \frac{N_h^2 (N_h - 1) p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1)} \\ &- \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) n_h (n_h - 1)} \\ &\dots \\ &- \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_h^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_h - 1) n_h (n_h - 1)} \\ &\dots \\ &- \frac{N_H^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_H - 1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2} - \frac{N_H^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_H - 1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3} - \dots - \frac{N_H^3 p(1-p)}{N^2 (N_H - 1) n_H (n_H - 1)} \end{aligned}$$

For a desired bound on  $V_0$  on the sampling variance  $V(\hat{p}_{str})$ , we may find an optimal allocation using the following algorithm:

- 1) Assign, for each stratum, 1 unit to be selected for the sample.

- 2) Fill in the following table and number these values starting from 1, in decreasing order. We assume  $p_h = 0.5$  because that is where the variance reaches its global maximum.

$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_1^3}{N^2(N_1-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_1^3}{N^2(N_1-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_1^3}{N^2(N_1-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	$\dots$
$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_2^3}{N^2(N_2-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_2^3}{N^2(N_2-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_2^3}{N^2(N_2-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	$\dots$
$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\dots$
$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\dots$
$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\cdot$	$\dots$
$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_H^3}{N^2(N_H-1) \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_H^3}{N^2(N_H-1) \cdot 2 \cdot 3}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{4}N_H^3}{N^2(N_H-1) \cdot 3 \cdot 4}$	$\dots$

- 3) Since the initial allocation is  $(n_{11}, n_{21}, \dots, n_{H1}) = (1, 1, \dots, 1)$ , compute  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{11} = 1, n_{21} = 1, \dots, n_{H1} = 1) = \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{h=1}^H ((N_h^2 - N_h) S_h^2)$
- 4) Pick value (1) from the table and increase the associated stratum's sample size by 1, so that the updated allocation is  $(n_{12}, n_{22}, \dots, n_{H2})$ , where exactly one of the  $n_{h2}$ 's is equal to 2 and the rest are equal to 1. Then, compute  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) = V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{11}, \dots, n_{H1}) - \frac{1}{N^2}$  where "(1)" represents the largest value from the table. If  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) \leq V_0$ , then stop with  $n_1 = n_{12}, \dots, N_H = N_{H2}$ . Otherwise, go to step 5.
- 5) Pick value (2) from the table and increase the associated stratum's sample size by 1, so that the updated allocation is  $(n_{13}, \dots, n_{H3})$ . Then compute  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{13}, \dots, n_{H3}) = V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{12}, \dots, n_{H2}) - \frac{(2)}{N^2}$ , where "(2)" represents the second value from the table. If  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{13}, \dots, n_{H3}) \leq V_0$ , then stop with  $n_1 = n_{13}, \dots, N_H = n_{H3}$ . Otherwise, continue until step  $j$ , where  $V(\hat{p}_{str}|n_{1j}, \dots, n_{Hj}) \leq V_0$ . The final allocation is  $n_{1j}, \dots, n_{Hj}$  and  $n = n_{1j} + \dots + n_{Hj}$ .

```
#
strata <- sampling_frame %>%
  count(stratum = quadrant) %>%
  rename(Nh = n) %>%
  mutate(N = sum(Nh),
         s_squared_h = 0.5 * (1 - 0.5))

kable(strata)
```

stratum	Nh	N	s_squared_h
NE	74949	348094	0.25
NW	189695	348094	0.25
SE	68644	348094	0.25
SW	14806	348094	0.25

```
# Let the initial allocation be (n_11, n_21, n_31, n_41) = (1, 1, 1, 1)
# (3) and (6)
```

```
starting_variance <- strata %>%
  mutate(strata_variance = (Nh / N) ^ 2 * ((Nh - 1) / Nh) * (s_squared_h / 1))

kable(starting_variance)
```

stratum	Nh	N	s_squared_h	strata_variance
NE	74949	348094	0.25	0.0115897
NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0742432
SE	68644	348094	0.25	0.0097218
SW	14806	348094	0.25	0.0004523

```
starting_variance <- starting_variance %>%
  summarize(V = sum(strata_variance)) %>%
  pull()

starting_variance
```

```
## [1] 0.09600692
```

```
# create a table of priority values
# (4) and (5)

n_strata <- tibble(n = c(1:500, 1:500, 1:500, 1:500),
  stratum = c(rep("NE", 500),
    rep("NW", 500),
    rep("SE", 500),
    rep("SW", 500))) %>%
  left_join(strata, by = "stratum")

# step 2
priority_values <- n_strata %>%
  group_by(stratum) %>%
  mutate(priority_value = (0.25 * Nh ^ 3) / (N ^ 2 * (Nh - 1) * n * lag(n))) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  arrange(desc(priority_value))

kable(head(priority_values, n = 10))
```

n	stratum	Nh	N	s_squared_h	priority_value
2	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0371220
3	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0123740
4	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0061870
2	NE	74949	348094	0.25	0.0057950
2	SE	68644	348094	0.25	0.0048610
5	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0037122
6	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0024748
3	NE	74949	348094	0.25	0.0019317
7	NW	189695	348094	0.25	0.0017677
3	SE	68644	348094	0.25	0.0016203

```
# (7)
priority_values <- priority_values %>%
  mutate(agg_priority_value = cumsum(priority_value)) %>%
  mutate(marginal_variance = starting_variance - agg_priority_value) %>%
  mutate(marginal_sd = sqrt(marginal_variance))

kable(head(select(priority_values, -N), n = 100), align = "l")
```

n	stratum	Nh	s_squared_h	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
2	NW	189695	0.25	0.0371220	0.0371220	0.0588849	0.2426622
3	NW	189695	0.25	0.0123740	0.0494960	0.0465110	0.2156640
4	NW	189695	0.25	0.0061870	0.0556830	0.0403240	0.2008083
2	NE	74949	0.25	0.0057950	0.0614780	0.0345289	0.1858197
2	SE	68644	0.25	0.0048610	0.0663390	0.0296679	0.1722438
5	NW	189695	0.25	0.0037122	0.0700512	0.0259557	0.1611078
6	NW	189695	0.25	0.0024748	0.0725260	0.0234809	0.1532349
3	NE	74949	0.25	0.0019317	0.0744577	0.0215493	0.1467966
7	NW	189695	0.25	0.0017677	0.0762254	0.0197815	0.1406469
3	SE	68644	0.25	0.0016203	0.0778457	0.0181612	0.1347635
8	NW	189695	0.25	0.0013258	0.0791715	0.0168354	0.1297513
9	NW	189695	0.25	0.0010312	0.0802027	0.0158042	0.1257149
4	NE	74949	0.25	0.0009658	0.0811685	0.0148384	0.1218130
10	NW	189695	0.25	0.0008249	0.0819934	0.0140135	0.1183785
4	SE	68644	0.25	0.0008102	0.0828036	0.0132033	0.1149056
11	NW	189695	0.25	0.0006749	0.0834786	0.0125284	0.1119302
5	NE	74949	0.25	0.0005795	0.0840581	0.0119489	0.1093108
12	NW	189695	0.25	0.0005625	0.0846205	0.0113864	0.1067071
5	SE	68644	0.25	0.0004861	0.0851066	0.0109003	0.1044045
13	NW	189695	0.25	0.0004759	0.0855825	0.0104244	0.1020999
14	NW	189695	0.25	0.0004079	0.0859905	0.0100164	0.1000822
6	NE	74949	0.25	0.0003863	0.0863768	0.0096301	0.0981331
15	NW	189695	0.25	0.0003535	0.0867303	0.0092766	0.0963149
6	SE	68644	0.25	0.0003241	0.0870544	0.0089525	0.0946177
16	NW	189695	0.25	0.0003093	0.0873638	0.0086432	0.0929685
7	NE	74949	0.25	0.0002760	0.0876397	0.0083672	0.0914724
17	NW	189695	0.25	0.0002730	0.0879127	0.0080942	0.0899680
18	NW	189695	0.25	0.0002426	0.0881553	0.0078516	0.0886093
7	SE	68644	0.25	0.0002315	0.0883868	0.0076201	0.0872934
2	SW	14806	0.25	0.0002262	0.0886129	0.0073940	0.0859882
19	NW	189695	0.25	0.0002171	0.0888300	0.0071769	0.0847165
8	NE	74949	0.25	0.0002070	0.0890370	0.0069699	0.0834861
20	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001954	0.0892324	0.0067745	0.0823076
21	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001768	0.0894091	0.0065978	0.0812267
8	SE	68644	0.25	0.0001736	0.0895828	0.0064242	0.0801509
9	NE	74949	0.25	0.0001610	0.0897437	0.0062632	0.0791403
22	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001607	0.0899044	0.0061025	0.0781184
23	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001467	0.0900512	0.0059558	0.0771736
9	SE	68644	0.25	0.0001350	0.0901862	0.0058207	0.0762937
24	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001345	0.0903207	0.0056862	0.0754071
10	NE	74949	0.25	0.0001288	0.0904495	0.0055575	0.0745483
25	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001237	0.0905732	0.0054337	0.0737137
26	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001142	0.0906874	0.0053195	0.0729349

n	stratum	Nh	s_squared_h	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
10	SE	68644	0.25	0.0001080	0.0907954	0.0052115	0.0721905
27	NW	189695	0.25	0.0001058	0.0909012	0.0051057	0.0714543
11	NE	74949	0.25	0.0001054	0.0910066	0.0050003	0.0707131
28	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000982	0.0911048	0.0049021	0.0700153
29	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000914	0.0911962	0.0048107	0.0693593
11	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000884	0.0912846	0.0047223	0.0687192
12	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000878	0.0913724	0.0046345	0.0680773
30	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000853	0.0914577	0.0045492	0.0674476
31	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000798	0.0915376	0.0044694	0.0668532
3	SW	14806	0.25	0.0000754	0.0916130	0.0043940	0.0662870
32	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000748	0.0916878	0.0043191	0.0657200
13	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000743	0.0917621	0.0042448	0.0651523
12	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000737	0.0918357	0.0041712	0.0645846
33	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000703	0.0919060	0.0041009	0.0640380
34	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000662	0.0919722	0.0040347	0.0635193
14	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000637	0.0920359	0.0039710	0.0630160
35	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000624	0.0920983	0.0039086	0.0625190
13	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000623	0.0921606	0.0038463	0.0620186
36	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000589	0.0922195	0.0037874	0.0615417
37	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000557	0.0922753	0.0037316	0.0610872
15	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000552	0.0923305	0.0036765	0.0606337
14	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000534	0.0923839	0.0036230	0.0601916
38	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000528	0.0924367	0.0035702	0.0597514
39	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000501	0.0924868	0.0035201	0.0593307
16	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000483	0.0925351	0.0034718	0.0589223
40	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000476	0.0925827	0.0034242	0.0585171
15	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000463	0.0926290	0.0033780	0.0581201
41	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000453	0.0926742	0.0033327	0.0577294
42	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000431	0.0927173	0.0032896	0.0573547
17	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000426	0.0927600	0.0032470	0.0569821
43	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000411	0.0928011	0.0032058	0.0566202
16	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000405	0.0928416	0.0031653	0.0562613
44	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000392	0.0928808	0.0031261	0.0559115
18	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000379	0.0929187	0.0030882	0.0555718
4	SW	14806	0.25	0.0000377	0.0929564	0.0030505	0.0552316
45	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000375	0.0929939	0.0030130	0.0548911
46	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000359	0.0930298	0.0029772	0.0545634
17	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000357	0.0930655	0.0029414	0.0542349
47	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000343	0.0930998	0.0029071	0.0539173
19	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000339	0.0931337	0.0028732	0.0536022
48	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000329	0.0931666	0.0028403	0.0532943
18	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000318	0.0931984	0.0028085	0.0529954
49	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000316	0.0932300	0.0027769	0.0526967
20	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000305	0.0932605	0.0027464	0.0524065
50	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000303	0.0932908	0.0027161	0.0521166
51	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000291	0.0933199	0.0026870	0.0518365
19	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000284	0.0933483	0.0026586	0.0515616
52	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000280	0.0933763	0.0026306	0.0512894
21	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000276	0.0934039	0.0026030	0.0510197
53	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000269	0.0934308	0.0025761	0.0507550
54	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000259	0.0934568	0.0025501	0.0504988
20	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000256	0.0934824	0.0025245	0.0502448

n	stratum	Nh	s_squared_h	priority_value	agg_priority_value	marginal_variance	marginal_sd
22	NE	74949	0.25	0.0000251	0.0935075	0.0024995	0.0499946
55	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000250	0.0935325	0.0024745	0.0497439
56	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000241	0.0935566	0.0024504	0.0495010
57	NW	189695	0.25	0.0000233	0.0935798	0.0024271	0.0492655
21	SE	68644	0.25	0.0000231	0.0936030	0.0024039	0.0490300

```
rm(pilot_sample, n_strata)
```

## Condition 4: Sample proportion within strata

We are interested in comparing  $\hat{p}_h$  from the four different quadrants.

$$n = \frac{Np(1-p)}{(N-1)\frac{e^2}{z^2} + p(1-p)}$$

We can assume that  $p = 0.5$ .

$$n = \frac{\frac{1}{4}N}{(N-1)\frac{e^2}{z^2} + \frac{1}{4}}$$

We want 0.1 precision at a 90% confidence level for the mean of proportion with multi-family zoning in each strata.

```
condition4 <- strata %>%
  mutate(n = (N * 0.25) / ((N - 1) * (0.1 ^ 2 / qnorm(0.95)) + 0.25))

condition4 %>%
  kable()
```

stratum	Nh	N	s_squared_h	n
NE	74949	348094	0.25	41.1166
NW	189695	348094	0.25	41.1166
SE	68644	348094	0.25	41.1166
SW	14806	348094	0.25	41.1166

## Combining the above conditions

We want to sample at a rate that meets the four different requirements from above

1.  $V_0 > V(\bar{y}_{str})$  for the sample mean
2. \$50,000 precision at a 90% confidence level for  $\bar{y}_h$  in each strata
3.  $V_0 > V(\hat{p}_h)$  for the sample proportion
4. 0.1 precision at a 90% confidence level for  $\hat{p}$  in each strata



```
tibble(`2.` = condition2$n,
       `4.` = condition4$n) %>%
  kable(caption = "Recommended strata sizes across the four conditions")
```

Table 16: Recommended strata sizes across the four conditions

	2.	4.
	36.33464	41.1166
	478.33170	41.1166
	89.99514	41.1166
	16.46414	41.1166