# **Poisonous Plants**



There are N plants in a garden. Each of these plants has been added with some amount of pesticide. After each day, if any plant has more pesticide than the plant at its left, being weaker than the left one, it dies. You are given the initial values of the pesticide in each plant. Print the number of days after which no plant dies, i.e. the time after which there are no plants with more pesticide content than the plant to their left.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer N. The next line consists of N integers describing the array P where P[i] denotes the amount of pesticide in plant i.

### **Constraints**

```
1 \le N \le 100000 \ 0 \le P[i] \le 10^9
```

## **Output Format**

Output a single value equal to the number of days after which no plants die.

## **Sample Input**

```
7
6 5 8 4 7 10 9
```

## **Sample Output**

2

### **Explanation**

Initially all plants are alive.

```
Plants = \{(6,1), (5,2), (8,3), (4,4), (7,5), (10,6), (9,7)\}
```

Plants[k] =  $(i,j) => j^{th}$  plant has pesticide amount = i.

After the 1st day, 4 plants remain as plants 3, 5, and 6 die.

Plants =  $\{(6,1), (5,2), (4,4), (9,7)\}$ 

After the 2<sup>nd</sup> day, 3 plants survive as plant 7 dies.

Plants =  $\{(6,1), (5,2), (4,4)\}$ 

After the 3<sup>rd</sup> day, 3 plants survive and no more plants die.

Plants =  $\{(6,1), (5,2), (4,4)\}$ 

After the 2<sup>nd</sup> day the plants stop dying.