

# Assignment 2: Filtering and edge detection

## Vision and Image Processing

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This is the second mandatory assignment on the course Vision and Image Processing. The goal for you is to get familiar with computer vision programming with a focus on filtering. Filtering is a core discipline in image processing and forms the basis for feature extraction which again is central to many of the techniques we are going to study.

You have to pass this and the following mandatory assignments in order to pass this course. If you do not pass the assignment, but you have made a SERIOUS attempt, you will get a second chance of submitting a new solution.

**The deadline for this assignment is Wednesday 4/12, 2024 at 22:00.**  
You must submit your solution electronically via the Absalon homepage. Go to the assignments list and choose this assignment and upload your solution prior to the deadline. Remember to include the names and KU user names (login for KUnet) for all group members in the solution. Please find a description at Absalon of how you register your group for upload of your assignment answer.

### Filtering and edge detection

Filtering (really Finite Input Response filtering) is done by convolutions. Among the most applied filters are the Gaussian and its first and second order derivatives. Convolution with a Gaussian itself will blur the image. Convolutions with the two first order Gaussian derivatives provide an estimate of the gradient field from which the gradient magnitude may be derived and visualised. Convolution with the sum of the second order (unmixed) partial derivatives of a Gaussian may be used both to detect blobs (as the local extremes) and edges (as the zero crossings). Edges and blobs in images code much of the semantic information available in the images and are often used as building elements in further analysis.

In this assignment you must demonstrate that you can write programs for image filtering and edge detection. Please check the note below on the use of relevant software. In detail you must demonstrate that you understand, implement, perform and evaluate:

- Gaussian filtering. Show the result using  $\sigma = 1, 2, 4, 8$  and explain in detail what can be seen.
- Gradient magnitude computation using Gaussian derivatives. Use  $\sigma = 1, 2, 4, 8$  pixels, and explain in detail what can be seen and how the results differ.
- Laplacian-Gaussian filtering. You may implement this as a difference of Gaussians. Again, use  $\sigma = 1, 2, 4, 8$  pixels, and explain in detail what can be seen and how the results differ.
- Canny (or similar) edge detection. Describe the parameter values and their impact on the result. Select what you think is a set of good parameter values, apply, show and describe the result.

Gaussian convolutions may be implemented in the spatial/pixel-domain or in the Fourier frequency domain. You may find an implementation of the latter at Absalon. In OpenCV routines for spatial Gaussian convolutions are available. For such implementations the filter size must be provided. Please note that independent of the choice of  $\sigma$ , the Gaussian is never zero. This means that even values at the extreme ends of the bell curve have an impact on the result of the convolution. However, for practical applications, the filter size may be truncated to a finite size at about  $\pm 3.0\sigma$  along each dimension. Also note that  $\sigma$ -values below about 0.5 do not make sense when applied to the discrete pixel grid of an image. Similarly, the first and second derivatives of a Gaussian may be truncated at about  $\pm 3.4\sigma$  and  $\pm 3.8\sigma$ . We recommend that you verify these values visually, by plotting 1D versions of the Gaussian and its derivatives.

You should apply the above-mentioned methods to the image *mandril.jpg* or *peppers.jpg* images available at Absalon. However, you are encouraged to use other images as well (in particular very simple images [say a black square on a white background], that more easily let you verify your result). Please notice that for display purpose some filtering results probably need to be remapped into  $[0:1]$  or whatever your display routine requires. Please avoid using strange color coding.

Unless explicitly stated otherwise, during this course you are allowed to apply routines available in any library that you may find useful. For this assignment in particular, you are not supposed to implement neither Canny edge detection nor Gaussian convolutions (although the latter might be a good programming exercise). Please see the note on relevant software below. Also, please recognise that the less you demonstrate your ability to write relevant (non-trivial) code, the more you are expected to conduct experiments and (in particular) to comment on these and to present your new knowledge gained by the experiments.

As described in detail below your answer should include a pdf-file describing your solution and showing examples of well-chosen image results. In addition you should include your code as a zip-file. Each image/graph or other illustration should be commented (don't trust that I see what you see). In detail a solution

must include:

1. A PDF file describing your answers to the assignment, which may include images, graphs and tables if needed. You are allowed to used **Max 5 pages** of text including figures and tables). Images should be shown large enough to show what you want me to see. Do NOT include your source code in this PDF file.
2. A zip-file (uploaded as the second file) containing:
  - Your solution source code in original plain text format (Matlab / Python scripts / C / C++ code) with comments about the major steps involved in each question.
  - Your code should be structured such that there is one main file that we can run to reproduce all the results presented in your report. This main file can, if you like, call other files with functions / classes.
  - A README text file describing how to compile (if relevant) and run your program, as well as a list of all relevant libraries needed for compiling or using your code. If we cannot make your code run we will consider your submission incomplete and you may be asked to resubmit.

Please notice that all documents (except your main answer to the assignment) including all code must be put into a single compressed archive file in the ZIP format (RAR is not allowed - we simply cannot read your archive).

## A note on relevant software

We recommend that you select the most recent version of Python including relevant libraries such as OpenCV. We recommend that you select the language you are most confident in. The focus should be on learning the methods and not learning a new programming language. When using software from any library please state which routines were applied when and from which library. Also specify parameter settings etc.