## Efficient Algorithms for Geometric Partial Matching

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# Geometric (bipartite) matching







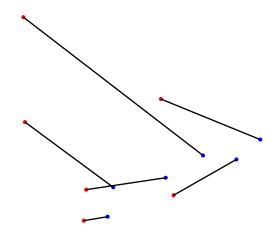






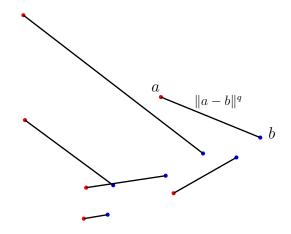
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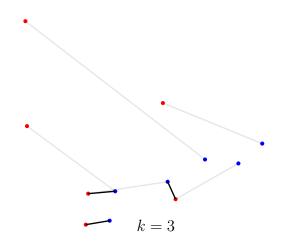
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#### Prior work

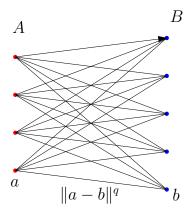


	approx.	time	
Hungarian algorithm (Kuhn)	exact	$O(km + k^2 \log n)$	$q \ge 1$
		$O(kn \operatorname{polylog} n)$	
Ramshaw, Tarjan 2012	exact <sup>1</sup>	$O(m\sqrt{k}\log(kC))$	$q \ge 1$
	$(1+\varepsilon)$	$O(n\sqrt{k}\operatorname{polylog} n\log(1/\varepsilon))$	
Sharathkumar, Agarwal 2012	$(1+\varepsilon)$	$O(n \operatorname{poly}(\log n, 1/\varepsilon))$	q = 1
new (Hungarian)	exact	$O((n+k^2)\operatorname{polylog} n)$	$q \ge 1$
new (cost-scaling)	$(1+\varepsilon)$	$O((n+k\sqrt{k}) \operatorname{polylog} n \log(1/\varepsilon))$	$q \ge 1$

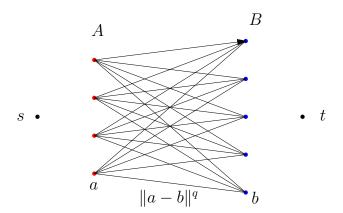


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Assuming integer costs  $\leq C$ .

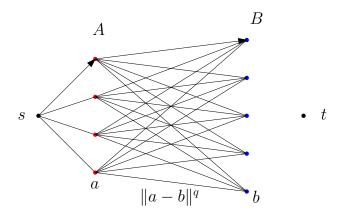




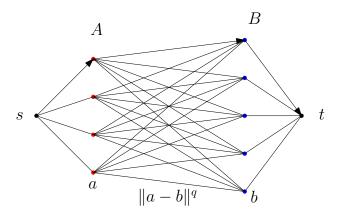




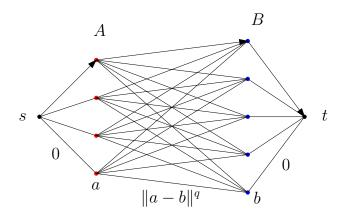




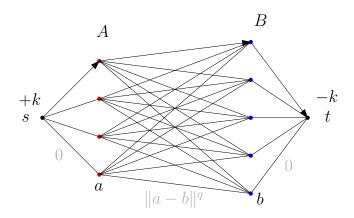




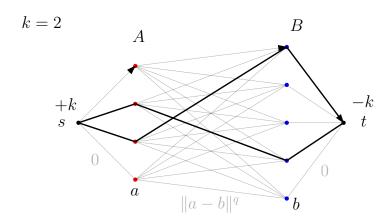




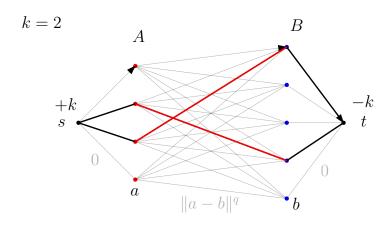




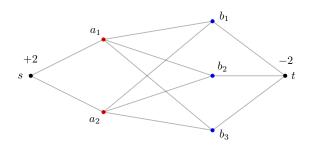








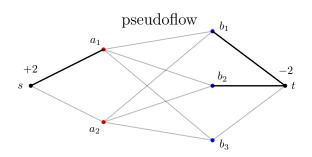




- ► Reduced cost:  $c_{\pi}(v \rightarrow w) := c(v \rightarrow w) \pi(v) + \pi(w)$
- lacktriangledown heta-optimality:  $c_{\pi}(v{
  ightarrow}w)\geq - heta$  on all residual arcs
- ▶ admissible residual arcs:  $c_{\pi}(v \rightarrow w) \leq 0$



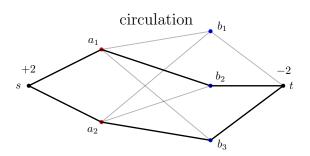




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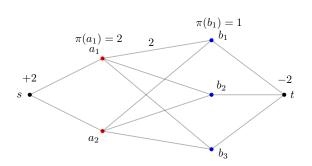




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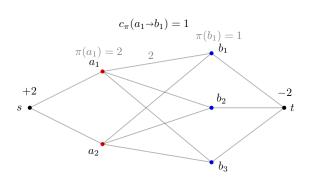






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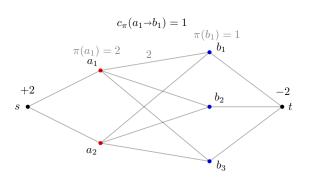




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## Cost-scaling (Ramshaw-Tarjan)

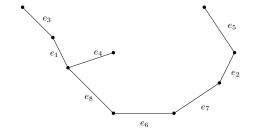


- ▶  $\theta$ -optimality:  $c_{\pi}(v \rightarrow w) \geq -\theta$  on all residual arcs
- lacktriangledown heta-optimal circulation is +n heta approx. in general (+6k heta in our graph).
- ▶ Find  $\theta$ -optimal circulations for geometrically decreasing values of  $\theta$ :
  - 1. Reduce  $\theta \leftarrow \theta/2$ , while creating O(k) excess.
  - 2. Refine this pseudoflow into a circulation, while preserving  $\theta$ -optimality

#### Cost-scaling for geometric partial matching



- ▶ Compute  $\alpha \ge 0$  satisfying:
  - 1. there exists a k-matching whose longest edge has cost  $\leq n^q \cdot \alpha$
  - 2. an  $(\varepsilon \alpha/6k)$ -optimal circulation is  $(1+\varepsilon)$ -approx.



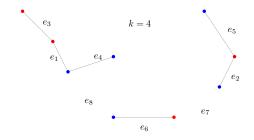
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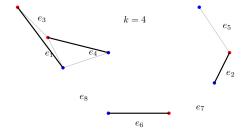
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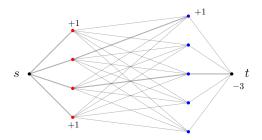


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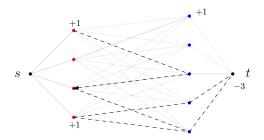


- ► Inside Refine:
  - Hungarian search: raise potentials until an excess-deficit admissible path exists.
  - 2. Augment by an admissible blocking flow.



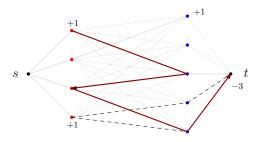


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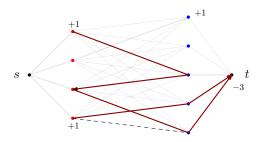


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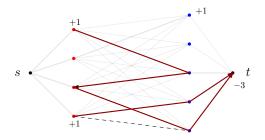


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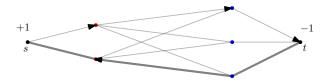


#### High-level goal per scale



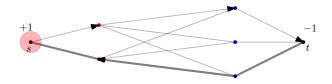
- Inside Refine:
  - 1. Hungarian search: raise potentials until an excess-deficit admissible path exists.
  - 2. Augment by an admissible blocking flow.
- After  $O(n \operatorname{polylog} n)$ -time preprocessing, perform Hungarian search and find each blocking flow in  $O(k \operatorname{polylog} n)$  time.





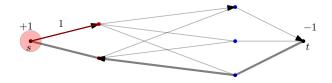
- ▶ Dynamic 2D bichromatic closest pair with  $O(\operatorname{polylog} n)$  update time,  $O(\log^2 n)$  query time (Kaplan *et al.* SODA'17)
- Possible to batch potential updates (Vaidya) only need to bound number of relaxations.





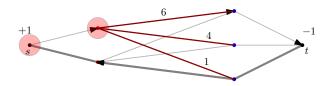
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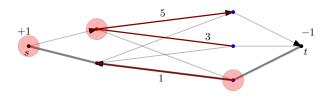
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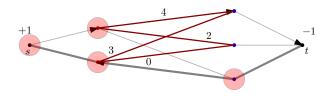
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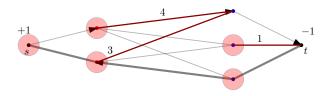
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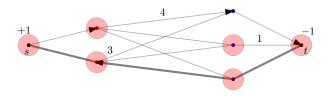
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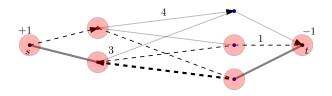
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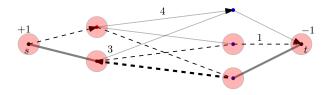
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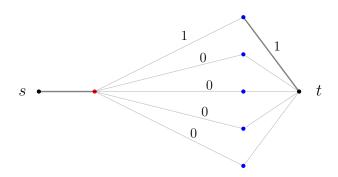
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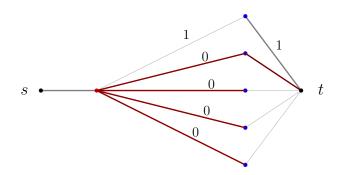


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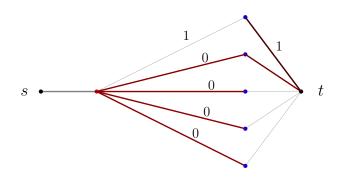




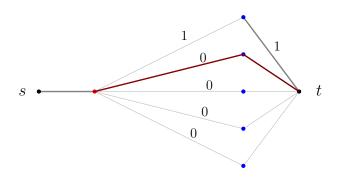






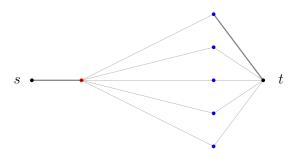






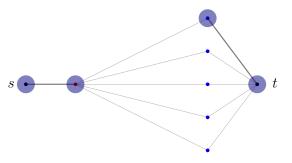


- Alive nodes: nonzero excess/deficit, or adjoining flow support arcs.
- ▶ Dead nodes: ones which aren't alive.



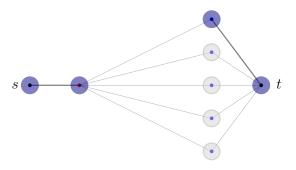


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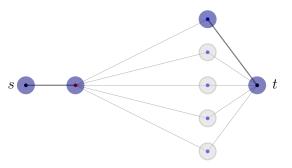


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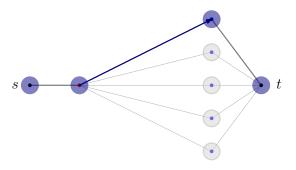


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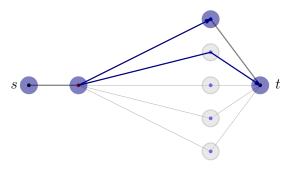


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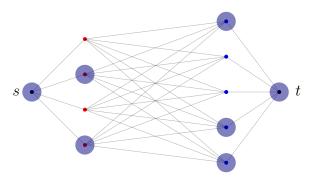




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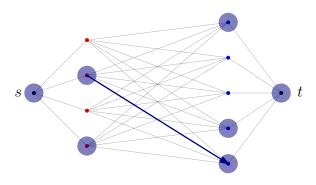






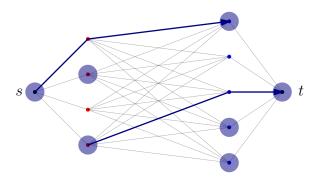
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- ▶ Only O(k) relaxations per Hungarian search.
- Also: find a blocking flow in O(k) relaxations (DFS).





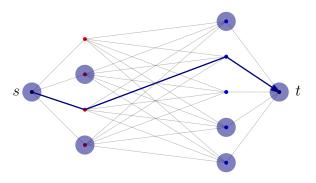
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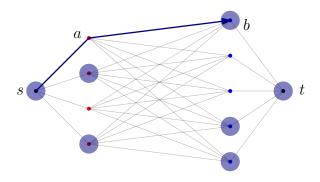
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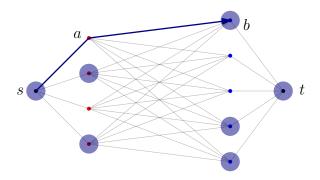
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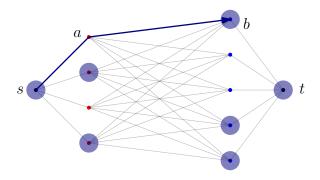




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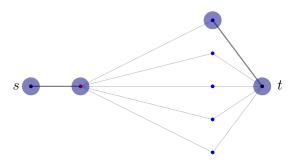


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#### Problem: BCP initialization

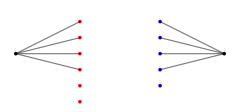


▶ Dynamic 2D BCP with  $O(\operatorname{polylog} n)$  update time,  $O(\log^2 n)$  query time (Kaplan *et al.* SODA'17)



- ▶ Some BCP may begin a Hungarian search with  $\Theta(n)$  vertices.
- ► Can't afford to construct from scratch for every Hungarian search.

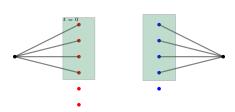




- Let  $X_t$  be the set X at the start of the t-th Hungarian search.
- $ightharpoonup X_t$  and  $X_{t+1}$  differ by only a few nodes (newly matched, dead/alive changes).
- ▶ To generate  $X_{t+1}$ :
  - 1. Rewind the BCP updates of the last Hungarian search to obtain  $X_t$ .
  - 2. Apply the few changes (newly matched, dead/alive).
- Persistence?



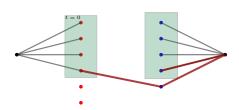




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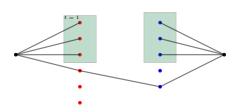




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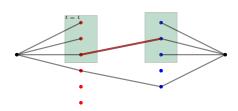




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  - 2. Apply the few changes (newly matched, dead/alive).
- ► Persistence?



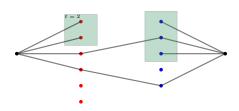




- Let  $X_t$  be the set X at the start of the t-th Hungarian search.
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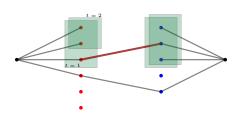




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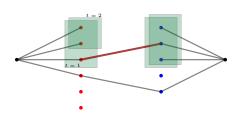




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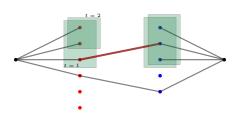




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- Each blocking flow's Hungarian search uses O(k) relaxations (alive paths).
- Each blocking flow's Hungarian search BCP can be initialized using the previous one in  $O(k \operatorname{polylog} n)$  time (rewinding). Need to spend  $O(n \operatorname{polylog} n)$  once per scale to build data structures for t=0.
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