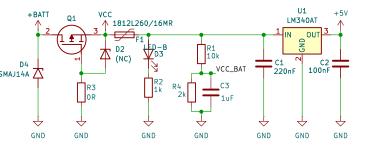
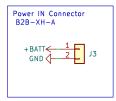
Voltage acquisition, regulator, ESD, reverse polarity and current protection U1 +57 LM340AT ↑ 1812L260/16MR ou D2 (NC) C1 C2 VCC_BAT 100nF 220nF SMAJ14A 📉 \Diamond \Diamond

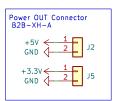
Protection function with MOSFET P SQD50P04-13L_T4GE3, TVS diode, resettable fuse, and voltage regulation. This circuit provides reverse polarity, ESD, and overcurrent protection, followed by voltage regulation to 5V.

- Q3 (P-MOSFET): Blocks reverse polarity :
- D2 (TVS 5MJ14A): Protects against voltage transients.
- F1 (Polyfuse): Limits overcurrent.
- U1 (LM340AT): Regulates voltage to 5V.
- LED D1: Indicates power status.



I²C Connector B4B-XH-A GND < +3.3√





MotorSheet IN1_M1 <-- IN1_M1 IN2_M1 <-- IN2_M1 nF_M1D-- nF_M1 IN1_M2 <- IN1_M2 IN2_M2 <- IN2_M2 nF_M2D_nF_M2 IN1_M3<-IN1_M3 IN2_M3 IN2_M3 File: MotorSheet.kicad_sch



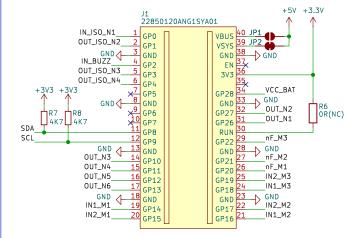
Driver Buzzer 1N4148WT BSS138 R5 10k GND GND

Buzzer driver with N-MOSFET BSS138 and flyback diode This circuit allows driving a buzzer (BZ1) using a logic signal (IN_BUZZ). - Q2 (BSS138): Acts as a switch, turning the buzzer on when IN_BUZZ is high.

R8 (10kΩ): Pull-down resistor ensuring

Q2 turns off when IN_BUZZ is low. - D3 (1N4148WT): Flyback diode protecting against voltage spikes.

RP2040 USB-C 128MB



RP2040 USB-C Interface & GPIO Expansion

- Power: USB-C supplies +5V and +3.3V, with JP1/JP2 for power selection.
- I^2C Bus: SDA/SCL pulled up to 3.3V via 4.7k Ω resistors for stable communication.
- GPIO & Isolation: Mapped IN/OUT signals, including isolated I/O for protection.

Buzzer Control: IN_BUZZ manages an external buzzer driver.

Avionic Sheet

- Voltage Protection and Regulation:

 P-MOSFET (SQD50P04-13L_T4GE3): Prevents reverse polarity.

 TVS diode (5M14A): Protects against voltage transients.
- Polyfuse: Limits overcurrent.
 LM340AT Regulator: Converts battery voltage to 5V for system operation.

RP2040 Microcontroller:

- Handles GPIO, I²C, and peripheral control.

 USB-C connectivity with 12MB storage for data processing.

- Buzzer Driver:

 N-MOSFET (BSS138) acts as a switch for buzzer activation.

 Flyback diode (1N4148WT) protects against voltage spikes.

Peripheral Connectors:

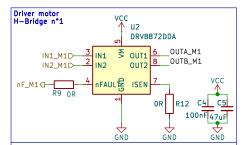
- I²C, power input, and power output headers for external device integration.
 Motor and GPIO sheets linked for extended functionality.



File: BR-Motor.kicad sch

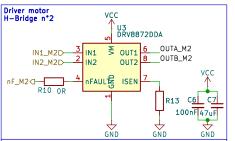
Title: BR-MOTOR : MAIN Sheet

Size: A4 Date: 2025-02-23 Author: Paul Miailhe Rev: V°1 KiCad E.D.A. 8.0.5 ld: 1/3



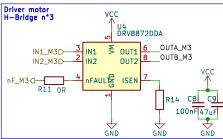
DRV8872 3.6-A Brushed DC Motor Driver With Fault Reporting (PWM Control):

- Extended operating voltage from 6.5 V to 45 V
- 3.6 A Peak current
- PWM control interface
- Integrated current regulation
- Low-power standby mode
- Fault status output pin
- Integrated protection features : UVLO, OCP, TSD
- Automatic fault recovery



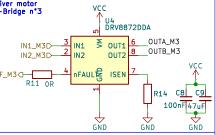
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- Fault status output pin
- Integrated protection features : UVLO, OCP, TSD
- Automatic fault recovery



- Dedicated output connectors for Motor 1, Motor 2, and Motor 3.

Motor Driver System - Brushed DC Motor Control (Motor 1, Motor 2,

- Supports currents up to 3.6A with a wide voltage range (6.5V to

-Operates in standby mode and PWM control mode for motor speed

Integrated protection features: undervoltage lockout (UVLO),

Motor Direction LED Indicators (Motor 1, Motor 2, and Motor 3):

— LED circuits provide visual feedback on motor direction.

overcurrent protection (OCP), and thermal shutdown (TSD). Fault status output and automatic fault recovery.

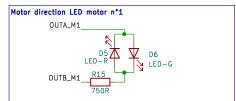
 Eliminates the need to connect a motor for testing. Simple, efficient debugging method for motor control logic.

and Motor 3)

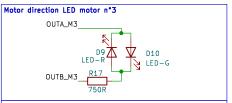
DRV8872 Motor Driver:

and direction control.

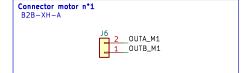
Connector Interfaces:

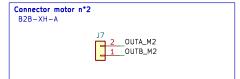


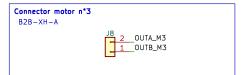
- Allows you to see the rotation of the DC motor - Avoiding the need to connect the motor for testing.
- Motor direction LED motor n°2 OUTA_M2 LED-G
- Allows you to see the rotation of the DC motor
- Avoiding the need to connect the motor for testing.



- Allows you to see the rotation of the DC motor
- Avoiding the need to connect the motor for testing.





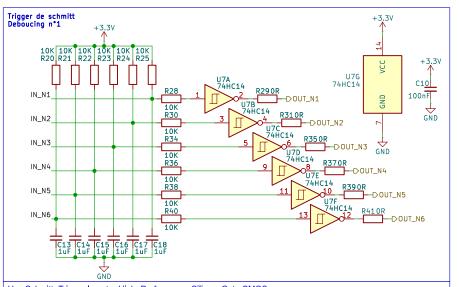




Sheet: /MotorSheet/ File: MotorSheet.kicad sch

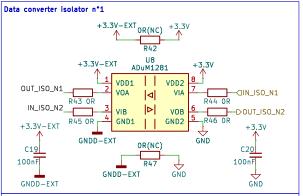
Title: BR-MOTOR: MOTOR Sheet

Date: 2025-02-23 Author: Paul Miailhe Size: A4 Rev: V°1 KiCad E.D.A. 8.0.5 ld: 2/3



Hex Schmitt-Trigger Inverter High-Performance Silicon-Gate CMOS:

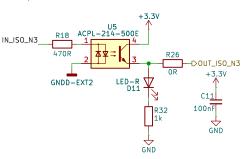
- Output Drive Capability: 10 LSTTL Loads
- Outputs Directly Interface to CMOS, NMOS and TTL
- Operating Voltage Range: 2.0 to 6.0 V
- Low Input Current: 1.0 A
- High Noise Immunity Characteristic of CMOS Devices
- In Compliance With the JEDEC Standard No. 7A Requirements
- ESD Performance: HBM 2000 V; Machine Model 200 V
- Chip Complexity: 60 FETs or 15 Equivalent Gates
- These are Pb-Free Devices



3kV rms. Default High. Dual-Channel Digital Isolators (1/1 Channel Directionality)

- Up to 100 Mbps data rate (NRZ)
- Low propagation delay: 23 ns typical
- Low dynamic power consumption
- Bidirectional communication
- 3.3 V to 5 V level translation
- High temperature operation: 125°C
- High common-mode transient immunity: >25 kV/µs

Octocoupler IN n°1



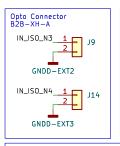
ACPL-214 AC / TLP292(TPL.E Input, Half-Pitch Phototransistor Optocoupler Data Sheet

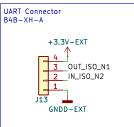
- Current transfer ratio (CTR: min. 20% at IF = ±5mA, VCC = 5V)
- High input-output isolation voltage (VISO = 3,000VRMS)
- Non-saturated Response time (tr: typ. 2µs at VCC = 10V, IC = 2mA, RL= 100Ω)
- CMR 10 kV/µs (typical)

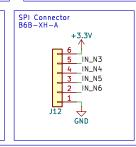
Octocoupler IN n°2 +3.37 -DOUT_ISO_N4 +3.3V GNDD-EXT3 D12 C12 100nF GND

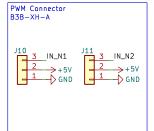
ACPL-214 AC / TLP292(TPL.E Input, Half-Pitch Phototransistor Optocoupler Data Sheet

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GPIO Signal Processing and Isolation System

Schmitt Trigger Buffer:

- Uses high-performance CMOS buffers to clean up noisy digital signals.

- Ensures proper signal integrity for further processing.

Optocoupler Isolation (IN#1 & IN#2): $= AC/DC - input optocouplers provide galvanic isolation for external signals. \\ - High common-mode rejection and fast response for reliable operation.$

Level Shifter and Isolation:

- Converts logic levels (e.g., 3.3V to 5V) for safe interfacing.
 Isolates external and internal circuits to prevent ground loops.

IN_ISO_N2

asset conflicts.

Jumper to activate functionalities:

one input or one output to prevent

Bridge Circuit:

- Routes multiple input signals to designated outputs for flexible signal mapping.

Communication Connectors:

UART, SPI, PWM, and GPIO headers facilitate interfacing with external devices.

Properly voltage—matched for 3.3V and 5V systems.



Sheet: /GPIOSheet/ File: GPIOSheet.kicad sch

Title: BR-MOTOR: GPIO Sheet

Date: 2025-02-23 Author: Paul Miailhe Size: A4 Rev: V°1 KiCad E.D.A. 8.0.5 ld: 3/3