# tai Documentation

Release 0.0.45

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This module provides some technical indicators for analysing stocks.

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**ONE** 

## **DESCRIPTION AND FEATURES**

#### **Description**

This module provides some technical indicators for analysing stocks.

When I can I will add more.

If anyone wishes to contribute with new code or corrections/suggestions, feel free.

This module was done and tested under Windows with Python 2.7.3 and numpy 1.6.1.

#### **Features**

Relative Strength Index (RSI), ROC, MA envelopes Simple Moving Average (SMA), Weighted Moving Average (WMA), Exponential Moving Average (EMA) Bollinger Bands (BB), Bollinger Bandwidth, %B

## **TWO**

## **INSTALLATION**

#### Installation

\$ pip install tai

## **THREE**

## **RESOURCES AND CONTRIBUTING**

#### Resources

- Repository PyPI
- Documentation PyPI
- Repository Github
- Documentation Read the Docs

#### Contributing

If Other repository above is Github or compatible, follow these guidelines for contributing:

- 1. Fork the repository.
- 2. Make a branch of master and commit your changes to it.
- 3. Ensure that your name is added to the end of the AUTHORS.rst file using the format: Name  $\leq 0$
- 4. Submit a Pull Request to the master branch.

**FOUR** 

#### REFERENCE

### 4.1 tai

This module provides some technical indicators for analysing stocks.

When I can I will add more. If anyone wishes to contribute with new code or corrections/suggestions, feel free.

Features:

Relative Strength Index (RSI), ROC, MA envelopes Simple Moving Average (SMA), Weighted Moving Average (WMA), Exponential Moving Average (EMA) Bollinger Bands (BB), Bollinger Bandwidth, %B

Dependencies:

It requires numpy. This module was developed and tested under Windows 7, with Python 2.7.3 and numpy 1.6.1.

tai.**bb** (*prices*, *period*, *num std dev=2.0*)

Bollinger bands (BB) are volatility bands placed above and below a moving average. Volatility is based on the standard deviation, which changes as volatility increases and decreases. The bands automatically widen when volatility increases and narrow when volatility decreases. This dynamic nature of Bollinger Bands also means they can be used on different securities with the standard settings. For signals, Bollinger Bands can be used to identify M-Tops and W-Bottoms or to determine the strength of the trend. Signals derived from narrowing BandWidth are also important.

Bollinger BandWidth is an indicator that derives from Bollinger Bands, and measures the percentage difference between the upper band and the lower band. BandWidth decreases as Bollinger Bands narrow and increases as Bollinger Bands widen. Because Bollinger Bands are based on the standard deviation, falling BandWidth reflects decreasing volatility and rising BandWidth reflects increasing volatility.

%B quantifies a security's price relative to the upper and lower Bollinger Band. There are six basic relationship levels: %B equals 1 when price is at the upper band %B equals 0 when price is at the lower band %B is above 1 when price is above the upper band %B is below 0 when price is below the lower band %B is above .50 when price is above the middle band (20-day SMA) %B is below .50 when price is below the middle band (20-day SMA)

They were developed by John Bollinger. Bollinger suggests increasing the standard deviation multiplier to 2.1 for a 50-period SMA and decreasing the standard deviation multiplier to 1.9 for a 10-period SMA.

http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://goo.gl/3pXmip http://goo.gl/aMNs97

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices) num std dev float > 0.0 (optional and defaults to 2.0)

Output: bbs ndarray with upper, middle, lower bands, bandwidth, range and %B

Test:

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> import tai
>>> prices = np.array([86.16, 89.09, 88.78, 90.32, 89.07, 91.15, 89.44,
... 89.18, 86.93, 87.68, 86.96, 89.43, 89.32, 88.72, 87.45, 87.26, 89.50,
... 87.90, 89.13, 90.70, 92.90, 92.98, 91.80, 92.66, 92.68, 92.30, 92.77,
... 92.54, 92.95, 93.20, 91.07, 89.83, 89.74, 90.40, 90.74, 88.02, 88.09,
... 88.84, 90.78, 90.54, 91.39, 90.65])
>>> print(tai.bb(prices, period=20))
                                      8.61250893e+01
                                                       5.82449423e-02
[[ 9.12919107e+01 8.87085000e+01
    5.16682146e+00
                   6.75671306e-03]
  9.19497209e+01
                   8.90455000e+01
                                      8.61412791e+01
                                                       6.52300429e-02
    5.80844179e+00 5.07661263e-01]
                                                       7.55995881e-02
 9.26132536e+01
                    8.92400000e+01
                                      8.58667464e+01
    6.74650724e+00
                    4.31816571e-01]
                                                       7.92797873e-02
 [ 9.29344497e+01
                    8.93910000e+01
                                      8.58475503e+01
    7.08689946e+00
                    6.31086945e-01]
   9.33114122e+01
                     8.95080000e+01
                                      8.57045878e+01
                                                       8.49848539e-02
    7.60682430e+00
                    4.42420124e-01]
                                                       9.00563838e-02
   9.37270110e+01
                    8.96885000e+01
                                      8.56499890e+01
    8.07702198e+00
                    6.80945403e-011
                                      8.55947188e+01
                                                       9.25117832e-02
 [ 9.38972812e+01
                    8.97460000e+01
    8.30256250e+00
                    4.63143909e-01]
 [ 9.42636418e+01
                     8.99125000e+01
                                      8.55613582e+01
                                                       9.67861377e-02
    8.70228361e+00
                    4.15826692e-01]
 [ 9.45630193e+01
                     9.00805000e+01
                                      8.55979807e+01
                                                       9.95225220e-02
    8.96503854e+00
                    1.48579313e-01]
  9.47851634e+01
                     9.03815000e+01
                                      8.59778366e+01
                                                       9.74461225e-02
    8.80732672e+00
                    1.93266744e-01]
   9.50411874e+01
                                      8.62738126e+01
                                                       9.67087637e-02
                     9.06575000e+01
    8.76737475e+00
                    7.82660026e-02]
   9.49062071e+01
                    9.08630000e+01
                                      8.68197929e+01
                                                       8.89956780e-02
    8.08641429e+00
                    3.22789193e-01]
   9.49015375e+01
                    9.08830000e+01
                                      8.68644625e+01
                                                       8.84332063e-02
    8.03707509e+00
                   3.05526266e-01]
                    9.09040000e+01
                                                       8.77834713e-02
   9.48939343e+01
                                      8.69140657e+01
    7.97986867e+00 2.26311285e-01]
   9.48594576e+01
                    9.09880000e+01
                                      8.71165424e+01
                                                       8.50982021e-02
    7.74291521e+00
                   4.30661576e-02]
  9.46722663e+01
                   9.11525000e+01
                                      8.76327337e+01
                                                       7.72280810e-02
    7.03953265e+00 -5.29486389e-02]
                   9.11905000e+01
                                                       7.37753219e-02
 [ 9.45543042e+01
                                      8.78266958e+01
    6.72760849e+00
                    2.48722001e-01]
   9.46761721e+01
                     9.11200000e+01
                                      8.75638279e+01
                                                       7.80546993e-02
    7.11234420e+00
                    4.72660054e-021
   9.45733946e+01
                     9.11670000e+01
                                      8.77606054e+01
                                                       7.47286754e-02
    6.81278915e+00
                     2.01003516e-011
 9.45322396e+01
                    9.12495000e+01
                                      8.79667604e+01
                                                       7.19508503e-02
    6.56547911e+00
                    4.16304661e-01]
                     9.12415000e+01
                                      8.79526687e+01
                                                       7.20906879e-02
 [ 9.45303313e+01
    6.57766250e+00
                    7.52141243e-01]
  9.43672335e+01
                     9.11660000e+01
                                      8.79647665e+01
                                                       7.02286710e-02
    6.40246702e+00
                    7.83328285e-01]
 9.41460689e+01
                     9.10495000e+01
                                      8.79529311e+01
                                                       6.80194599e-02
    6.19313782e+00
                     6.21182512e-01]]
```

#### tai.ema (prices, period, ema\_type=0)

Exponencial Moving Average (EMA) are used to smooth the data in an array to help eliminate noise and identify trends. Exponential moving averages reduce the lag by applying more weight to recent prices. The weighting

applied to the most recent price depends on the number of periods in the moving average.

They do not predict price direction, but can be used to identify the direction of the trend or define potential support and resistance levels.

EMA type 0 EMAn = w.Pn + (1 - w).EMAn-1 EMAn = EMAn-1 + w.(Pn - EMAn-1) EMAn = w.Pn + w.(1 - w).Pn-1 + w.(1 - w)^2.Pn-2 + ... + w.(1 - w)^(n-1).P1 + w.(1 - w)^n.EMA0 where w = 2 / (n + 1) and EMA0 = mean(oldest period) or EMAn = w.EMAn-1 + (1 - w).Pn where w = 1 - 2 / (n + 1) and Pn is the most recent price and EMA0 = mean(oldest period)

EMA type 1 The above formulas with EMA0 = P1 (oldest price)

EMA type 2 EMA =  $(Pn + w.Pn-1 + w^2.Pn-2 + w^3.Pn-3 + ...) / K$  where  $K = 1 + w + w^2 + ... = 1 / (1 - w)$  and Pn is the most recent price and W = 2 / (N + 1)

http://www.financialwebring.org/gummy-stuff/MA-stuff.htm http://goo.gl/MlgHQu http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices) ema\_type can be 0, 1 or 2

Output: emas ndarray

Tests:

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> import tai
>>> prices = np.array([22.27, 22.19, 22.08, 22.17, 22.18, 22.13, 22.23,
... 22.43, 22.24, 22.29, 22.15, 22.39, 22.38, 22.61, 23.36, 24.05, 23.75,
... 23.83, 23.95, 23.63, 23.82, 23.87, 23.65, 23.19, 23.10, 23.33, 22.68,
... 23.10, 22.40, 22.17])
>>> period = 10
>>> print (tai.ema (prices, period))
[ 22.221
             22.20809091 22.24116529 22.26640796 22.32887924
 22.51635574 22.79520015 22.96880013 23.12538192
                                                 23.27531248
 23.33980112 23.42711001 23.50763546 23.53351992
                                                 23.47106176
 23.40359598 23.39021489 23.26108491 23.23179675 23.08056097
 22.915004431
>>> print(tai.ema(prices, period, ema_type=1))
[ 22.27
        22.25545455 22.22355372 22.21381668 22.20766819
 22.1935467 22.20017457 22.24196102 22.24160447 22.25040366
 22.23214845 22.26084873 22.2825126 22.34205576 22.52713653
 22.8040208 22.97601702 23.13128665 23.28014362 23.34375387
 23.43034408 23.51028152 23.53568488 23.47283308 23.40504525
 23.39140066 23.26205508 23.23259052 23.08121043 22.9155358 ]
>>> print(tai.ema(prices, period, ema_type=2))
23.21585701 23.89833692 23.77696963 23.82035739
                                                 23.9264279
 23.68389526 23.79525297 23.85640891 23.68752817
                                                 23.28045894
 23.13280996 23.29414649 22.79166223 23.04393782 22.51707883
 22.233104481
```

#### tai.ma\_env (prices, period, percent, ma\_type=0)

Moving Average Envelopes are percentage-based envelopes set above and below a moving average. They can be used as a trend following indicator. The envelopes can also be used to identify overbought and oversold levels when the trend is relatively flat.

Upper Envelope: MA + (MA x percent) Lower Envelope: MA - (MA x percent)

http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://goo.gl/JH4mcq

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices) percent float > 0.00 and < 1.00 ma\_type 0=EMA type 0, 1=EMA type 1, 2=EMA type 2, 3=WMA, 4=SMA

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Output: ma\_envs ndarray with upper, middle, lower bands, range and %B

Test:

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> import tai
>>> prices = np.array([86.16, 89.09, 88.78, 90.32, 89.07, 91.15, 89.44,
... 89.18, 86.93, 87.68, 86.96, 89.43, 89.32, 88.72, 87.45, 87.26, 89.50,
... 87.90, 89.13, 90.70, 92.90, 92.98, 91.80, 92.66, 92.68, 92.30, 92.77,
... 92.54, 92.95, 93.20, 91.07, 89.83, 89.74, 90.40, 90.74, 88.02, 88.09,
... 88.84, 90.78, 90.54, 91.39, 90.65])
>>> period = 20
>>> print (tai.ma_env(prices, period, 0.1, 4))
                                           17.7417
                                                         0.356355371
[[ 97.57935
              88.7085 79.83765
[ 97.95005
               89.0455
                             80.14095
                                           17.8091
                                                         0.50249872]
   98.164
               89.24
                             80.316
                                           17.848
                                                         0.4742268 ]
                            80.4519
   98.3301
               89.391
                                           17.8782
                                                         0.55196273]
                             80.5572
   98.4588
                89.508
                                           17.9016
                                                         0.47553291]
                            80.71965
   98.65735
                89.6885
                                           17.9377
                                                         0.581476441
   98.7206
                89.746
                             80.7714
                                           17.9492
                                                         0.482951891
                            80.92125
   98.90375
                89.9125
                                           17.9825
                                                         0.459265951
 Γ
                            81.07245
   99.08855
                90.0805
                                           18.0161
                                                         0.325128631
 [ 99.41965
                90.3815
                             81.34335
                                           18.0763
                                                         0.35055017]
[ 99.72325
                90.6575
                             81.59175
                                           18.1315
                                                         0.29607313]
   99.9493
                90.863
                             81.7767
                                           18.1726
                                                         0.421145021
 Γ
[ 99.9713
                90.883
                             81.7947
                                           18.1766
                                                         0.41401032]
99.9944
                             81.8136
                                           18.1808
                90.904
                                                         0.379873271
[ 100.0868
                90.988
                             81.8892
                                           18.1976
                                                         0.305578761
[ 100.26775
                91.1525
                             82.03725
                                           18.2305
                                                         0.28648419]
 [ 100.30955
                91.1905
                             82.07145
                                           18.2381
                                                         0.407309421
 [ 100.232
                 91.12
                             82.008
                                           18.224
                                                         0.32330992]
 [ 100.2837
                 91.167
                             82.0503
                                           18.2334
                                                         0.38828194]
                91.2495
                             82.12455
                                           18.2499
 [ 100.37445
                                                         0.469890251
 [ 100.36565
                 91.2415
                             82.11735
                                           18.2483
                                                         0.590885181
 [ 100.2826
                 91.166
                              82.0494
                                           18.2332
                                                         0.599488841
                              81.94455
 [ 100.15445
                 91.0495
                                           18.2099
                                                         0.54121385]]
```

#### tai.roc(prices, period=21)

The Rate-of-Change (ROC) indicator, a.k.a. Momentum, is a pure momentum oscillator that measures the percent change in price from one period to the next. The plot forms an oscillator that fluctuates above and below the zero line as the Rate-of-Change moves from positive to negative. ROC signals include centerline crossovers, divergences and overbought-oversold readings. Identifying overbought or oversold extremes comes natural to the Rate-of-Change oscillator. It can be used to measure the ROC of any data series, such as price or another indicator. Also known as PROC when used with price.

```
ROC = [(Close - Close n periods ago) / (Close n periods ago)] * 100
```

http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://goo.gl/cpSWXg

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices) (optional and defaults to 21)

Output: rocs ndarray

Test:

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> import tai
>>> prices = np.array([11045.27, 11167.32, 11008.61, 11151.83, 10926.77,
... 10868.12, 10520.32, 10380.43, 10785.14, 10748.26, 10896.91, 10782.95,
... 10620.16, 10625.83, 10510.95, 10444.37, 10068.01, 10193.39, 10066.57,
... 10043.75])
```

```
>>> print(tai.roc(prices, period=12))
[-3.84879682 -4.84888048 -4.52064339 -6.34389154 -7.85923013 -6.20834146
-4.31308173 -3.24341092]
```

#### tai.rsi(prices, period=14)

The Relative Strength Index (RSI) is a momentum oscillator. It oscillates between 0 and 100. It is considered overbought/oversold when it's over 70/below 30. Some traders use 80/20 to be on the safe side. RSI becomes more accurate as the calculation period (min\_periods) increases. This can be lowered to increase sensitivity or raised to decrease sensitivity. 10-day RSI is more likely to reach overbought or oversold levels than 20-day RSI. The look-back parameters also depend on a security's volatility.

Like many momentum oscillators, overbought and oversold readings for RSI work best when prices move sideways within a range.

You can also look for divergence with price. If the price has new highs/lows, and the RSI hasn't, expect a reversal. Signals can also be generated by looking for failure swings and centerline crossovers.

RSI can also be used to identify the general trend.

The RSI was developed by J. Welles Wilder and was first introduced in his article in the June, 1978 issue of Commodities magazine, now known as Futures magazine. It is detailed in his book New Concepts In Technical Trading Systems.

http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://goo.gl/WlwNiW

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices) (optional and defaults to 14)

Output: rsis ndarray

Test:

#### tai.sma (prices, period)

Simple Moving Average (SMA) are used to smooth the data in an array to help eliminate noise and identify trends. In SMA, each value in the time period carries equal weight.

They do not predict price direction, but can be used to identify the direction of the trend or define potential support and resistance levels.

SMA = (P1 + P2 + ... + Pn) / K where K = n and Pn is the most recent price

http://www.financialwebring.org/gummy-stuff/MA-stuff.htm http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://goo.gl/MlgHQu

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices)

Output: smas ndarray

Test:

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#### tai.wma(prices, period)

Weighted Moving Average (WMA) is a type of moving average that assigns a higher weighting to recent price data

WMA = (P1 + 2 P2 + 3 P3 + ... + n Pn) / K where K = (1+2+...+n) = n(n+1)/2 and Pn is the most recent price after the 1st WMA we can use another formula WMAn = WMAn-1 + w.(Pn - SMA(prices, n-1)) where w = 2 / (n+1)

http://www.csidata.com/?page\_id=797 http://www.financialwebring.org/gummy-stuff/MA-stuff.htm http://www.investopedia.com/terms/l/linearlyweightedmovingaverage.asp http://fxtrade.oanda.com/learn/forex-indicators/weighted-moving-average

**Input:** prices ndarray period int > 1 and < len(prices)

**Output:** wmas ndarray

Test:

```
>>> import numpy as np
>>> import tai
>>> prices = np.array([77, 79, 79, 81, 83, 49, 55])
>>> print(tai.wma(prices, period=5))
[ 80.73333333    70.466666667   64.066666667]
```

## **FIVE**

## **CHANGELOG**

#### 0.0.45 2015-05-12

Forgot to rebuild. :(

#### 0.0.44 2015-05-12

Changed .travis.yml to allow pypy to build with a special version of numpy.

#### 0.0.43 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.42 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.41 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.40 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.39 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.38 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.37 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

### 0.0.36 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.35 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.34 2015-05-12

Corrected error in .travis.yml.

#### 0.0.33 2015-05-12

Corrected error in appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.32 2015-05-12

Corrected errors in .travis.yml and appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.31 2015-05-12

Changed .travis.yml to allow pypy and pypy3 builds to fail.
Changed .travis.yml to test numpy for pypy.
Commented Py3 x64 build in appveyor.yml due to problems with numpy.
Corrected some URLs and used URL shortener.
Corrected some imports in doctests.
SimplifiedO PYTHONPATH insert in test files.
Removed py2exe from requirements-dev.txt.

#### 0.0.30 2015-05-09

Corrected appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.29 2015-05-09

Corrected appveyor.yml.

Commented pypy and pypy3 builds in .travis.yml until numpy
build problem is resolved.

#### 0.0.28 2015-05-09

Corrected appreyor.yml.
Updated to Py 2.7.9 and Py 3.4.3 in appreyor.yml.

#### 0.0.27 2015-05-09

Added pypy and pyp3 to .travis.yml.

Added test results to shippable.yml and appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.26 2015-05-09

Added notifications to appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.25 2015-05-09

Corrected appveyor.yml.

#### 0.0.24 2015-05-09

Corrected Travis, Shippable and Appveyor files.

#### 0.0.23 2015-05-09

Updated Travis and Shippable files.

Added appreyor config.

#### $0.0.22\ 2015 - 05 - 05$

Updated Travis and Shippable files.

#### 0.0.21 2015-05-05

Updated Travis and Shippable files.

#### 0.0.20 2015-05-05

Updated Travis and Shippable files.

#### 0.0.19 2015-05-05

Corrected requirements-dev.txt.

#### 0.0.18 2015-05-03

Removed images from the 1st line of README.rst because it was messing the PyPI description.

#### 0.0.17 2015-05-03

Added build system.

Changed name from technical\_indicators to tai.

#### 0.0.16 2014-06-03

Changed both yml files to include Py3.4.

#### 0.0.15 2014-06-02

Changed both yml files to become as similar as possible.

#### 0.0.14 2014-06-02

Added end user documentation to .gitignore.

Added option PROJ\_TYPE to build.bat to distinguish between modules and applications.

Added pythonhosted.org files to MANIFEST.in.

Changed \_\_init\_\_.py to use glob to select py2exe and cxf data files.

Added options to py2exe config in setup.py.

Fill some Docstrings.

#### 0.0.13 2014-05-31

Remarked bdist\_egg, bdist\_wininst, cxf and py2exe builds from build.bat.

#### 0.0.12 2014-05-31

Added zip\_safe to setup.py.

#### 0.0.11 2014-05-31

Added PyPI documentation in dir pythonhosted.org (redirects to ReadTheDocs).

Changed doc\index.rst to include README.rst.

Updated build.bat.

#### 0.0.10 2014-05-31

Corrected classifiers in \_\_init\_\_.py. Added ReadTheDocs doc. Added prep\_rst2pdf.py and prep\_rst2pdf.py to help build.bat. Changed build.bat.

#### 0.0.9 2014-05-30

Added py\_app\_ver.py and changed build.bat.

#### 0.0.8 2014-05-30

Corrected yml and \_\_init\_\_.py because numpy is not installing in Py3

#### 0.0.7 2014-05-30

Corrected test and yml files

#### 0.0.6 2014-05-29

Added Shippable CI

#### 0.0.5 2014-05-29

Added doctests, packaging, build automation, sphinx doc, travis. Changed license and versioning.

#### 0.0.4 2013-07-03

Added ROC and MA envelopes

#### 0.0.3 2013-06-30

Added WMA and more EMA types.

#### 0.0.2 2013-06-18

Added Bollinger bandwidth and %B Created a GitHub repository

#### 0.0.1 2013-06-05

Includes RSI, SMA, EMA and BB

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