

# DATA STRUCTURE: LAB 14

F24-0767

Muhammad Ayaan Amir

## TASK#1:

```
#include<iostream>
#include<climits>
using namespace std;

class graph {
private:
    int **adj;
    int size;

public:
    graph(int n) {
        size = n;
        adj = new int*[size];
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            adj[i] = new int[size];
            for (int j = 0; j < size; j++)
                adj[i][j] = 0;
        }
    }

    void insert(int u, int v, int weight) {
        adj[u][v] = weight;
        adj[v][u] = weight;
    }

    void display() {
        cout << "\n----- GRAPH ----- \n";
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            cout << i << " : ";
            for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
                if (adj[i][j] != 0)
                    cout << "(" << j << " , w=" << adj[i][j] << ")";
            }
            cout << endl;
        }
    }
}
```

```

void prim() {
    int parent[100];
    int key[100];
    bool visited[100];

    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        parent[i] = -1;
        key[i] = INT_MAX;
        visited[i] = false;
    }

    key[0] = 0; // start with node 0

    for (int c = 0; c < size - 1; c++) {

        // ----- Find Minimum Key Vertex -----
        int u = -1;
        int minVal = INT_MAX;

        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            if (!visited[i] && key[i] < minVal) {
                minVal = key[i];
                u = i;
            }
        }

        visited[u] = true;

        // ----- Update Adjacent Vertices -----
        for (int v = 0; v < size; v++) {
            if (adj[u][v] != 0 && !visited[v] && adj[u][v] < key[v]) {
                key[v] = adj[u][v];
                parent[v] = u;
            }
        }
    }

    // ----- PRINT MST -----
    cout << "\n-- Minimum Spanning Tree (Prim's Algorithm) ---\n";
    int totalCost = 0;

    for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
        cout << parent[i] << " -- " << i << "   (weight = " <<
adj[i][parent[i]] << ")\n";
        totalCost += adj[i][parent[i]];
    }

    cout << "\nTotal Minimum Cost = " << totalCost << endl;
}
};

int main() {
    graph g(5);

    g.insert(0, 1, 5);

```

```

g.insert(0, 3, 5);

g.insert(4, 3, 4);
g.insert(3, 2, 3);
g.insert(2, 4, 23);
g.insert(1, 4, 87);
g.insert(3, 4, 2);

g.display();

g.prim();
system("pause");
return 0;
}
    if (adj[u][v] != 0 && !visited[v] && adj[u][v] < key[v]) {
        key[v] = adj[u][v];
    }
}

----- GRAPH -----
0 : (1 , w=5) (3 , w=5)
1 : (0 , w=5) (4 , w=87)
// --
2 : (3 , w=3) (4 , w=23)
cout
int t
3 : (0 , w=5) (2 , w=3) (4 , w=2)
4 : (1 , w=87) (2 , w=23) (3 , w=2)

for (
--- Minimum Spanning Tree (Prim's Algorithm) ---
t0 -- 1   (weight = 5)
t3 -- 2   (weight = 3)
t0 -- 3   (weight = 5)
t3 -- 4   (weight = 2)
cout

Total Minimum Cost = 15
Press any key to continue . . .

in() {
aph g(5
insert(
insert(
insert(
insert(
insert(

```

## TASK#2:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;

// ----- NODE CLASS -----
class Node {
public:
    int v;           // neighbor vertex
    int w;           // weight
    Node* next;

```

```

Node(int vertex, int weight) {
    v = vertex;
    w = weight;
    next = nullptr;
}
};

// ----- GRAPH CLASS -----
class Graph {
private:
    int size;
    Node* adj[100]; // adjacency list

public:
    Graph(int n) {
        size = n;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            adj[i] = nullptr;
    }

    // Add edge u -- v with weight w (undirected)
    void addEdge(int u, int v, int w) {
        Node* temp1 = new Node(v, w);
        temp1->next = adj[u];
        adj[u] = temp1;

        Node* temp2 = new Node(u, w);
        temp2->next = adj[v];
        adj[v] = temp2;
    }

    // Display adjacency list
    void display() {
        cout << "\n----- GRAPH (Adjacency List) -----\";
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            cout << i << " -> ";
            Node* temp = adj[i];
            while (temp != nullptr) {
                cout << "(" << temp->v << ", w=" << temp->w << ")";
                temp = temp->next;
            }
            cout << endl;
        }
    }
}

// ----- DIJKSTRA'S ALGORITHM -----
void dijkstra(int src) {
    int dist[100];
    bool visited[100];

    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        dist[i] = INT_MAX;
        visited[i] = false;
    }

    dist[src] = 0;
}

```

```

        for (int count = 0; count < size - 1; count++) {

            // ---- Pick minimum distance unvisited vertex ----
            int u = -1;
            int minVal = INT_MAX;

            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
                if (!visited[i] && dist[i] < minVal) {
                    minVal = dist[i];
                    u = i;
                }
            }

            visited[u] = true;

            // ---- Relax all neighbors of u ----
            Node* temp = adj[u];
            while (temp != nullptr) {
                int v = temp->v;
                int w = temp->w;

                if (!visited[v] && dist[u] + w < dist[v]) {
                    dist[v] = dist[u] + w;
                }

                temp = temp->next;
            }
        }

        // ---- Print result ----
        cout << "\nShortest distances from source " << src << ":\n";
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            cout << "Vertex " << i << " -> " << dist[i] << endl;
        }
    }
};

// ----- MAIN FUNCTION -----
int main() {

    Graph g(5);

    // Given Example
    g.addEdge(0, 1, 4);
    g.addEdge(0, 2, 8);

    g.addEdge(1, 4, 6);
    g.addEdge(1, 2, 3);

    g.addEdge(2, 3, 2);
    g.addEdge(3, 4, 10);

    g.display();

    g.dijkstra(0);
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}

```

```
}
```

```
c:\users\temp.nucfd.006\documents\visual studio 2015\Projects\lab14\Debug\lab14.exe

----- GRAPH (Adjacency List) -----
0 -> (2, w=8) (1, w=4)
1 -> (2, w=3) (4, w=6) (0, w=4)
2 -> (3, w=2) (1, w=3) (0, w=8)
3 -> (4, w=10) (2, w=2)
4 -> (3, w=10) (1, w=6)

Shortest distances from source 0:
Vertex 0 -> 0
Vertex 1 -> 4
Vertex 2 -> 7
Vertex 3 -> 9
Vertex 4 -> 10
Press any key to continue . . .
```

## TASK#3:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Node {
public:
    int v;          // neighbor vertex
    Node* next;    // pointer to next node

    Node(int x) {
        v = x;
        next = nullptr;
    }
};

class Graph {
private:
    int size;
    Node** adj;   // adjacency list array

public:
    Graph(int n) {
        size = n;
        adj = new Node*[size];

        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            adj[i] = nullptr; // start with empty list
    }
}
```

```

}

void addEdge(int u, int v) {
    // add v in u's list
    Node* n1 = new Node(v);
    n1->next = adj[u];
    adj[u] = n1;

    // add u in v's list
    Node* n2 = new Node(u);
    n2->next = adj[v];
    adj[v] = n2;
}

// Check if edge u - v exists
bool isConnected(int u, int v) {
    Node* temp = adj[u];
    while (temp != nullptr) {
        if (temp->v == v)
            return true;
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    return false;
}

// Check if the given list of nodes forms a clique
bool is_clique(int nodes[], int n) {
    // Check all pairs
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            int a = nodes[i];
            int b = nodes[j];

            // If ANY pair is not connected → NOT a clique
            if (!isConnected(a, b))
                return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}

// Display adjacency list (for testing)
void display() {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        cout << i << ":" ;
        Node* temp = adj[i];
        while (temp != nullptr) {
            cout << temp->v << " ";
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
}
};

int main() {
    Graph g(5);

```

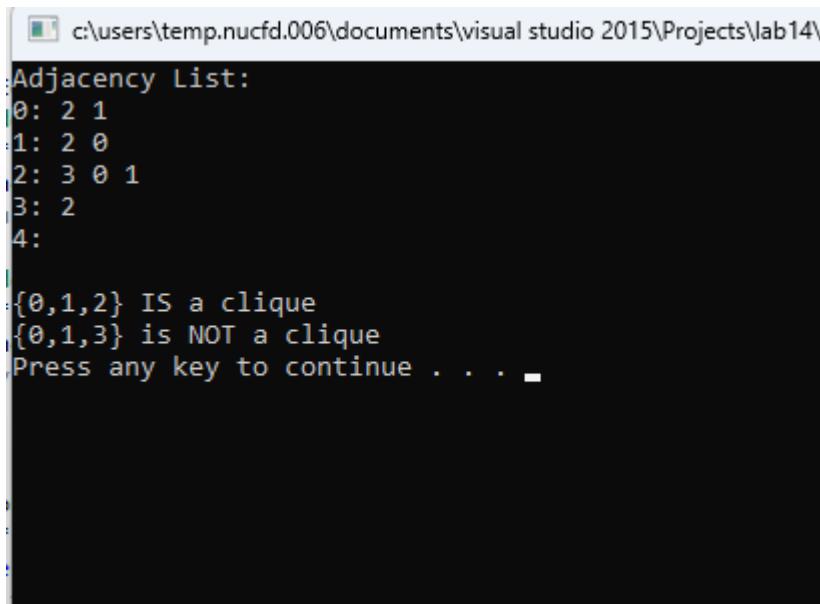
```
g.addEdge(0, 1);
g.addEdge(1, 2);
g.addEdge(0, 2);
g.addEdge(2, 3);

cout << "Adjacency List:\n";
g.display();

int group1[] = { 0, 1, 2 };
int group2[] = { 0, 1, 3 };

if (g.is_clique(group1, 3))
    cout << "\n{0,1,2} IS a clique\n";
else
    cout << "\n{0,1,2} is NOT a clique\n";

if (g.is_clique(group2, 3))
    cout << "{0,1,3} IS a clique\n";
else
    cout << "{0,1,3} is NOT a clique\n";
system("pause");
return 0;
}
```



```
c:\users\temp.nucfd.006\documents\visual studio 2015\Projects\lab14\
Adjacency List:
0: 2 1
1: 2 0
2: 3 0 1
3: 2
4:

{0,1,2} IS a clique
{0,1,3} is NOT a clique
Press any key to continue . . .
```