

## CS/ECE/ME532 Period 18 Activity

*Estimated time: 15 mins for P1, 20 mins for P2, 15 mins for P3, 20 mins for P4*

1. A breast cancer gene database has approximately 8000 genes from 100 subjects. The label  $y_i$  is the disease state of the  $i$ th subject (+1 if no cancer, -1 if breast cancer). Suppose we build a linear classifier that combines the 8000 genes, say  $\mathbf{g}_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, 100$  to predict whether a subject has cancer  $\hat{y}_i = \text{sign}\{\mathbf{g}_i^T \mathbf{w}\}$ . Note that here  $\mathbf{g}_i$  and  $\mathbf{w}$  are 8000-by-1 vectors. You recall from the previous period that the least-squares problem for finding classifier weights has no unique solution.

Your hypothesis is that a relatively small number of the 8000 genes are predictive of the cancer state. Identify a regularization strategy consistent with this hypothesis and justify your choice.

2. Consider the least-squares problem  $\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2$  where  $\mathbf{y} = 4$  and  $\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
  - a) Does this problem have a unique solution? Why or why not?
  - b) Sketch the contours of the cost function  $f(\mathbf{w}) = \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2$  in the  $w_1 - w_2$  plane.
  - c) Now consider the LASSO  $\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{w}\|_1$  subject to  $\|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2 < 1$ . Find the solution using the following steps
    - i. Repeat your sketch from part b).
    - ii. Add a sketch of  $\|\mathbf{w}\|_1 = c$
    - iii. Find the  $\mathbf{w}$  that satisfies  $\|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2 = 1$  with the minimum possible value of  $\|\mathbf{w}\|_1$ .
  - d) Use your insight from the previous part to sketch the set of solutions to the problem  $\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2 + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}\|_1$  for  $0 < \lambda < \infty$ .

3. The script provided has a function that will compute a specified number of iterations of the proximal gradient descent algorithm for solving the  $\ell_1$ -regularized least-squares problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2 + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}\|_1$$

The script will get you started displaying the path taken by the weights in the proximal gradient descent iteration superimposed on a contour plot of the squared error surface for the cost function defined in problem 2. part b) starting from  $\mathbf{w}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . The script assumes  $\lambda = 4$  and  $\tau = 1/4$ .

Include the plots you generate below with your submission.

- a) How many iterations does it take for the algorithm to converge to the solution? What is the converged value for  $\mathbf{w}$ ?
  - b) Change to  $\lambda = 2$ . How many iterations does it take for the algorithm to converge to the solution? What is the converged value for  $\mathbf{w}$ ?
  - c) Explain what happens to the weights in the regularization step.
4. Use the proximal gradient algorithm to solve  $\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\mathbf{w}\|_2^2 + 4\|\mathbf{w}\|_1$  for the parameters defined in problem 2.
- a) What is the maximum value for the step size in the negative gradient direction,  $\tau$ ?
  - b) Suppose  $\tau = 0.1$  and you start at  $\mathbf{w}^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Calculate the first two complete iterations of the proximal gradient algorithm and depict  $\mathbf{w}^{(0)}, \mathbf{z}^{(1)}, \mathbf{w}^{(1)}, \mathbf{z}^{(2)}$  and  $\mathbf{w}^{(2)}$  on a sketch of the cost function identical to the one you created in problem 2.b).