

CS/ECE/ME 532

Activity 16

- Unit 3+4 Quiz – Thursday in class
 - 60 minutes
 - Units 3+4 (including ridge regression)
 - no interaction with anyone besides instructors
 - must sit at your table, **video must be on**
- Unit 3+4 Integrative Summary assignment due Thursday evening

- Today – Unit 5 (iterative methods)

Iterative Methods

loss function

*Regularizer
(L2 gives solutions with small 2 norm)*

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y}\|^2 + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}\|_2^2$$

$$\mathbf{w}^* = (\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} + \lambda \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{y}$$

closed form solution

*Some other regularizer
(maybe only a few non zero entries)*

*What if we want some other regularizer?
Or different loss function all together?*

$$\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y}\|^2 + \lambda r(\mathbf{w})$$

*No closed form solution.
Optimization.*

Problem 1 today – see video lecture 2.8, minute 14

- do it by hand (double check with starter script)
- Find \mathbf{w}_{LS} first (using SVD) -- bottom of bowl

$\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} \mathbf{w} = c$ define an ellipse
with $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{U} \mathbf{\Sigma} \mathbf{V}^T$
then columns of \mathbf{V} define axis

Gradient Descent

- main idea: use the gradient to head downhill

goal: $\min_{\mathbf{w}} f(\mathbf{w})$

for $k = 1 \dots$

$$\mathbf{w}^{(k+1)} = \mathbf{w}^{(k)} - \tau \nabla f(\mathbf{w})$$

step size

goal: $\min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\mathbf{X}\mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y}\|_2^2$

for $k = 1 \dots$

$$\mathbf{w}^{(k+1)} = \mathbf{w}^{(k)} - \tau (2\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} \mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{y})$$

$$0 < \tau < \frac{1}{\|\mathbf{A}\|_{op}^2}$$

