

CS/ECE/ME 532

Period 24

Last day of class

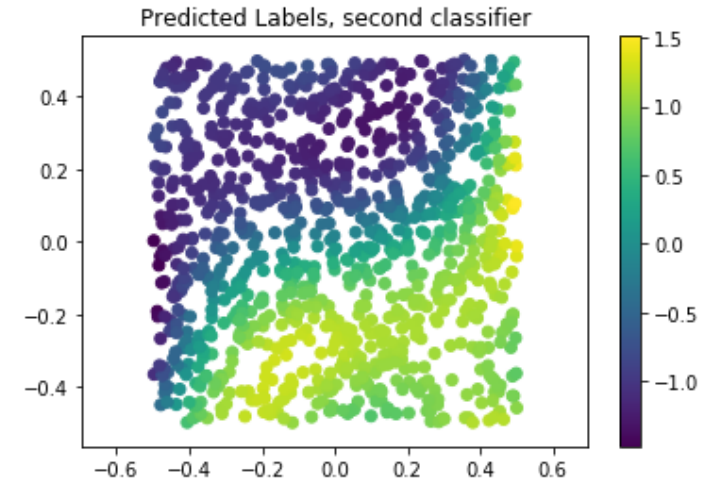
- Finish kernel methods

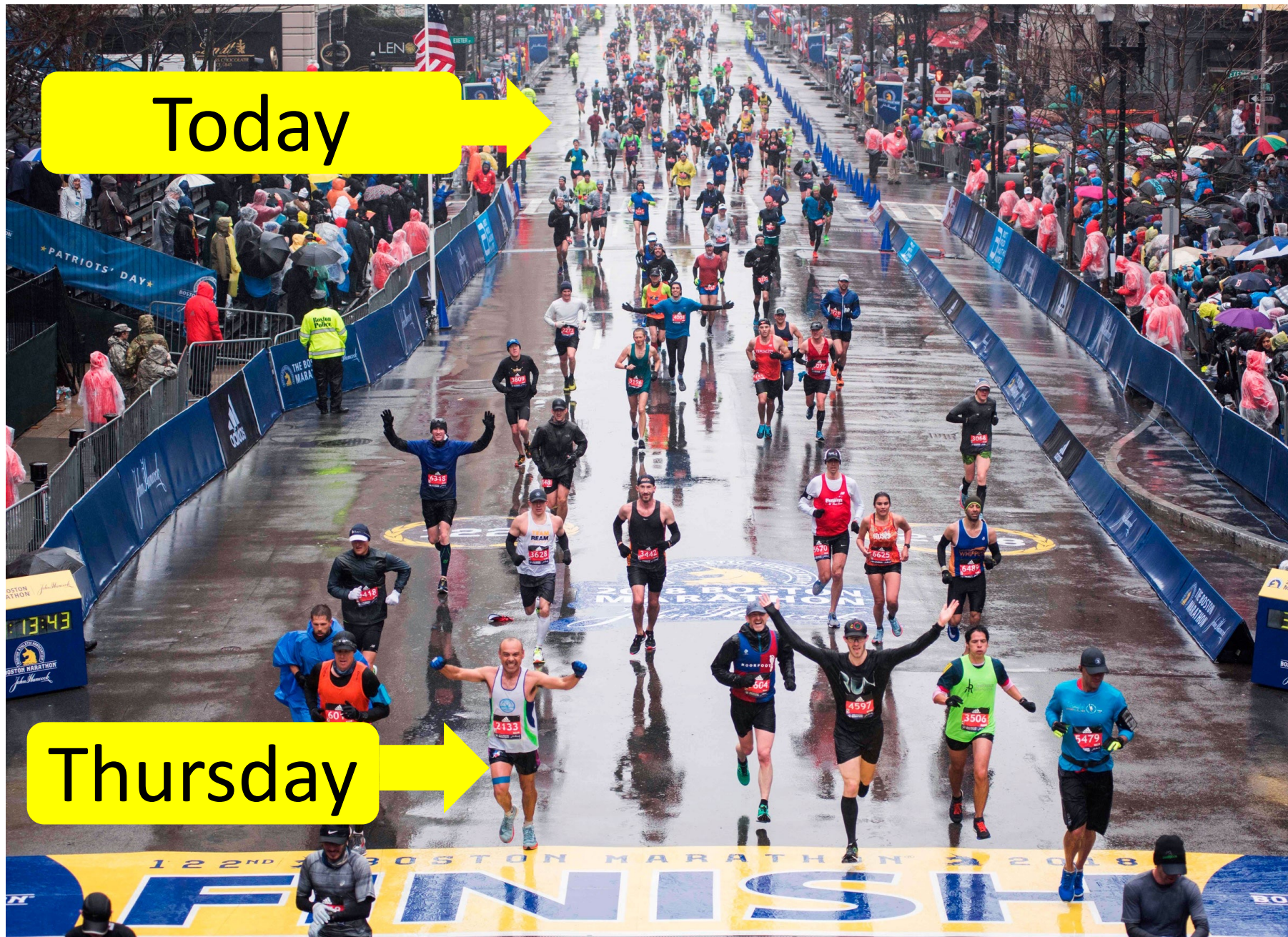
Remaining ...

- Homework 9 due Wednesday night
- Unit 6 Quiz Thursday in class
- Unit 6 Integrative Summary
- Course Integrative Summary

Applications of Kernel methods

- *Classification using Kernel Methods*





Today

Thursday

Kernels for classification



[Kimeldorf, Wahba 1970]

Classification, after feature map:

$$\hat{y} = \text{sign}(\phi(\mathbf{x})^T \mathbf{w}) \quad (1)$$

\mathbf{w} depends on $\mathbf{x}_1, y_1, \mathbf{x}_2, y_2, \dots$

<https://www.uwalumni.com/news/assigned-reading-grace-wahba/>

Representer Theorem: (1) and (2) are the same, when ...

$$\mathbf{w}^* = \arg \min_{\mathbf{w}} \|\Phi \mathbf{w} - \mathbf{y}\| + \lambda \|\mathbf{w}\|^2$$

$$\mathbf{w}^* = (\Phi^T \Phi + \lambda \mathbf{I})^{-1} \Phi^T \mathbf{y}$$

and

$$\boldsymbol{\alpha} = (K + \lambda \mathbf{I})^{-1} \mathbf{y}$$

where K has ℓ, m entry $K(\mathbf{x}_\ell, \mathbf{x}_m)$

Kernel methods – re-write above as:

$$\hat{y} = \text{sign} \left(\sum_i \alpha_i K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}_i) \right) \quad (2)$$

weighted sum of similarities between feature vector and each training point

Example of kernel classification

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

How do we predict class of \mathbf{x} ?

$$K(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}_i) = \exp \left(-\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_i\|^2 \right)$$

$$\hat{y} = \text{sign} \left(\sum_i \alpha_i \exp \left(-\left\| \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 \\ 0.1 \end{bmatrix} - \mathbf{x}_i \right\|^2 \right) \right)$$

