

EEE 532 Activity 11 Ayan Deep Hazar

2. a) $W = V S^{-1} U^T y$

b) $W = V S^{-1} U^T y$ where

$$V = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} \gamma & 1 \\ \gamma & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} x+1 & x-1 & x-1 & x+1 \\ x-1 & x+1 & x+1 & x-1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 2x+2 \\ 2x-2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = U S V^T$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & x \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ x & -x \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1+x & 1-x \\ 1-x & 1+x \\ 1-x & 1+x \\ 1+x & 1-x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow Xw - y$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1+\gamma & 1-\gamma \\ 1-\gamma & 1+\gamma \\ 1-\gamma & 1+\gamma \\ 1+\gamma & 1-\gamma \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} 2\gamma+2 \\ 2\gamma-2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} (2(\gamma+1)^2 - 2(\gamma-1)^2) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ (2(\gamma+1)^2 - 2(\gamma-1)^2) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\gamma} \begin{bmatrix} 2(4\gamma) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2(4\gamma) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Thus, } \|Xw - y\|_2^2 = 0$$

$$\& \|w\|_2^2 = \left\| \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}\delta} \begin{bmatrix} 2\delta + 2 \\ 2\delta - 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2^2$$

$$\|w\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\delta} \left\| \begin{pmatrix} \delta + 1 \\ \delta - 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\|_2^2$$

$$\|w\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\delta} \left(\sqrt{(\delta + 1)^2 + (\delta - 1)^2} \right)^2$$

$$\|w\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\delta} (\delta^2 + 1 + \cancel{2\delta} + \delta^2 + 1 - \cancel{2\delta})$$

$$\|w\|_2^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\delta} (2\delta^2 + 2)$$

$$\lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \|w\|_2^2 = \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\delta} (2\delta^2 + 2) \rightarrow \infty$$

c) If $n=1$, by definition

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T \approx \frac{1}{\sigma_1} v_1 u_1^T$$

$$w = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y, y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sigma_1} v_1 u_1^T y$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\text{Thus } \|w\|_2^2 = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$X_1 = U_1 S_1 V_1^T$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus $\|y - xw\|_2^2$ gives us

$$\left\| \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2^2$$

$$= \left\| \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \\ 1 - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \right\|_2^2$$

$$= 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + 2\left(\frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$

$$= 2\left[1 + \frac{1}{32} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\right] + \frac{2}{32}$$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{16}$$

$$= 2 + \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$\|w\|_2^2$ is a constant value in (c) & depends on δ in (b).

Thus, we see $\|y - xw\|_2^2$ in both cases is different. When we use just $n=1$, we get a true value for $\|y - xw\|_2^2$.