

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

PhD Qualifier Examination, Paper I

Total time: 3 Hours

March 08, 2011

Maximum Marks: 120

Answer ALL the parts

Part A: Discrete Mathematics

Answer ALL questions

A.1 Prove by induction that there are at most 2^h leaves in a binary tree of height h . (6)

A.2 For a given set A , consider the relation

$$R = \{(x, y) \mid x \in \mathcal{P}(A), y \in \mathcal{P}(A) \text{ and } x \subseteq y\},$$

where $\mathcal{P}(A)$ denotes the power set of the set A . Show that R is a partial order relation. (6)

A.3 (a) How many numbers between 1 and 10,000 are not divisible by 6, nor by 9, nor by 14? (6)

(b) There are ten pairs of shoes in a closet. If eight shoes are chosen at random, what is the probability that no complete pair of shoes is chosen? (7)

A.4 (a) Let n lines be drawn on the plane so that no two lines are parallel and no three lines meet at a single point. Find a recurrence relation for the number of infinite regions created by the given lines, and solve the recurrence. (8)

(b) How many solutions are there to the equation

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 17,$$

where x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 are non-negative integers? (7)

Part B: Algorithms

Answer ALL questions

B.1 A sorted array A with n elements is cyclically right-shifted by k positions. For example, the sorted array 3, 9, 11, 12, 17 cyclically right-shifted by 2 positions is the array 12, 17, 3, 9, 11. You are given the right-shifted array A (and n), but not k . Design an algorithm to find out the maximum element of A in $O(\log n)$ time. (12)

B.2 You are given an unsorted array $A = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$ of n elements and a target sum T . Your task is to locate two elements a_i, a_j in A (with $i \neq j$) such that $a_i + a_j$ is as large as possible, but no larger than T . Consider the following $O(n)$ -time greedy algorithm to solve this problem.

Initialize $i = 1, j = 2$, and $S = a_1 + a_2$.
For $k = 3, 4, \dots, n$, repeat the following two steps:
 If $a_i + a_k \leq T$ and $a_i + a_k > S$, then assign $j := k$, and $S := a_i + a_k$.
 If $a_j + a_k \leq T$ and $a_j + a_k > S$, then assign $i := k$, and $S := a_j + a_k$.
If $S > T$, return *failure*, else return (a_i, a_j) .

Prove or disprove: The above greedy algorithm always outputs the pair (a_i, a_j) with the maximum possible sum $a_i + a_j \leq T$. (10)

B.3 You are given a directed acyclic graph $G = (V, E)$ and two vertices $u, v \in V$. Design an $O(|E|)$ -time algorithm to compute the number of paths from u to v . (12)

B.4 (a) Let P_1, P_2 be computational problems. What is meant by the statement: “ P_1 is polynomial-time reducible to P_2 ”? (3)

(b) Given an algorithm A to solve a computational problem P , when can it be said that A is a time-optimal algorithm for P ? (3)

Part C: Formal Languages and Automata Theory

Answer ANY FOUR questions

C.1 (a) Find a string of *minimum* length in $\{a, b\}^*$ not in the language corresponding to the regular expression $(a^* + b^*)(a^* + b^*)(a^* + b^*)$. (3)

(b) Give a regular grammar for the language

$$L = \{w \mid w \in \{0, 1\}^* \text{ and } w \text{ does not contain the substring } 000\}. \quad (7)$$

C.2 Give a DFA for recognizing all strings over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ with at most one pair of consecutive 0's and at most one pair of consecutive 1's. (10)

C.3 Show that the language $L = \{0^m 1^n 0^m \mid m, n \geq 0\}$ is not regular. (10)

C.4 (a) Give a CFG G over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ such that

$$L(G) = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid n_a(x) > n_b(x)\},$$

where $n_a(x)$ denotes the number of a 's in x , and $n_b(x)$ denotes the number of b 's in x . (6)

(b) Given that “if L_1, L_2 are CFLs, then $L_1 \cup L_2$ is a CFL”, give a CFG for the language

$$\{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(x) \neq n_b(x)\}. \quad (4)$$

C.5 (a) Describe a PDA (an automaton with one pushdown store) for accepting (both even- and odd-length) palindromes. Briefly explain its working by giving the steps of computation—it is NOT necessary to give the state transition diagram. (7)

(b) Define undecidable languages. Give an example of an undecidable language—there is NO need to justify the undecidability of the language in your example. (3)