# XWorm Malware Technical Analysis Report

XWorm is a type of Remote Access Trojan (RAT) distributed as malware-as-a-service (MaaS). It was first observed in July 2022. The malware collects hardware information such as GPU, CPU, and RAM from the infected system and transfers this data to a command-and-control (C2) server. It turns the system into a bot to conduct Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks and monitors user activity.

The source and targets of XWorm vary depending on the attack's purpose and the actors' motivations. It targets banking and finance sectors for financial gain and attacks government institutions for espionage. Attacks are conducted both locally and globally, often using servers or botnets in various countries, with most originating from Russia, China, and North Korea.

XWorm infiltrates systems through phishing attacks as a multi-stage threat. Once installed, it employs various techniques to conceal itself and maintain persistence. It moves using PowerShell commands to bypass defense mechanisms, collects system and user data, exfiltrates this information, and turns infected devices into remotely controlled bots for DDoS attacks and other malicious activities.

Below are the findings from the XWorm malware analysis conducted in the laboratory.

## **Execution**

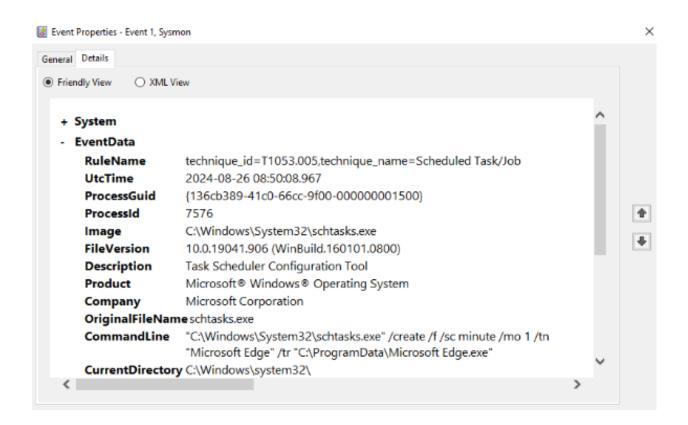
XWorm creates a payload file named "Microsoft Edge.exe" on the infected system. This file contains malicious code and serves as a self-replicated copy to avoid detection.

## **Persistence**

XWorm achieves persistence by creating a scheduled task on the infected system. If it has administrative privileges, a task is created that runs every minute with the highest privileges (/RL HIGHEST).

```
| Compact | Comp
```

This task can be dynamically observed with Sysmon.



The malware adds itself to the "Run" registry key in Windows, ensuring automatic startup each time the system boots. A .lnk shortcut file is created in the startup folder, ensuring automatic execution upon every user login.

PowerShell is used to conceal the malware from the user, and ExecutionPolicy Bypass is employed to lift command execution restrictions, enabling the execution of malicious commands. The malware excludes itself from Windows Defender scans to avoid detection.

## **Discovery**

XWorm collects detailed system information such as processor count, username, machine name, and hardware details. It also gathers information about the user's last activity and active session duration, preventing sleep mode to ensure uninterrupted malicious operations.

```
// Token: 0x060000C2 RID: 194 RVA: 0x00005428 File Offset: 0x00003628
public static string get_pc_info()
{
    string result;
    try
    {
        result = malicious_part.md5_hashing(string.Concat(new object[])
        {
            Environment.ProcessorCount,
            Environment.UserName,
            Environment.MachineName,
            Environment.OSVersion,
            new DriveInfo(Path.GetPathRoot(Environment.SystemDirectory)).TotalSize
        }));
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        result = "Err HWID";
    }
    return result;
}
```

The "avicap32.dll" library is used to create a video capture window and retrieve driver information. The malware checks for a connected camera and retrieves video feed from the camera if available.

#### **Command and Control**

XWorm establishes a connection with a C2 server to download and execute malicious commands. The C2 server is located in Russia.

The malware collects username, operating system details, USB, CPU, GPU, and RAM information from the infected system. This data is sent to a Telegram channel using a bot. The Telegram server is located in the United Kingdom. The collected data is used to turn the infected systems into bots for DDoS attacks.

XWorm turns infected systems into bots for DDoS attacks. It receives instructions from a centralized command server and executes malicious operations via a

backdoor. Infected systems are used for downloading files, executing commands, controlling the system, and performing other malicious activities.

```
public static void botnet(byte[] byte_0)

{

ty

string[] rray = Strings.colit(malicious_part.byte_to_string(malicious_part.ams_decryption(byte_0)), rcdlP28muXxfBwX3ufwocAtSCKBUh59TpsFfzAljtrEEcz3Rhbt7mki.string_1, -1, Compart string_it = array[0];

if (Operators.compareString(left, "pong", false) == 0)

{

if (Operators.compareString(left, "pong" + rcdl+22mwCrfsxXufwocAtSCkBUh59TpsFfzAljtrEEcz3Rhbt7mki.string_1 + Conversions.ToString(is_admin.growOQsk798U8AkDPvNo4x8jwGlV9qofNyzVoChul));

is_admin.drata_sem("pong" + rcdl+22mwCrfsxXufwocAtSCkBUh59TpsFfzAljtrEEcz3Rhbt7mki.string_1 + Conversions.ToString(is_admin.growOckpryVoChul));

is_admin.drata_sem("pong" + rcdl+22mwCrfsxXufwocAtSckBuh59TpsFfzAljtrEEcz3Rhbt7mki.string_1 + Conversions.ToString(is_amyCrfsxXufwocAtSckBuh59TpsFfzAljtrEEcz3Rhbt7mki.string_1 + Conversions.ToString(is_amyCrfsxXufwocAtSckBu
```

#### Conclusion

XWorm's primary attack vector is phishing emails containing malicious documents. These documents contain macros that execute PowerShell scripts to install the malware on the system, ensuring persistence.

XWorm V5.6 is a highly dangerous malware that employs advanced persistence and evasion techniques to maintain its malicious activities on infected systems. It bypasses defense mechanisms using PowerShell commands, disables security software like Windows Defender, and exfiltrates system and user data to C2 servers. The infected systems are then converted into bots for use in DDoS attacks. Detecting and neutralizing such malware has become a critical priority for security operations centers.

## **MITRE ATT&CK Matrix**

Execution	Persistence	Defense Evasion	Discovery	Command and Control
Windows Management Instrumentation - T1047	Boot or Logon Autostart Execution - T1547	Modify Registery - T1112	System Information Discovery - T1082	Ingress Tool Transfer - T1105
Scheduled Task/Job - T1053	Scheduled Task/Job - T1053	Obfuscated Files or Information - T1027	Query Registry - T1012	
	PowerShell - T1059			

## loC

#### SHA256:

XClient.exe:

8ca7c43f383d3214f469a18fcc30436f472f9bd3d9b6134aea5d61a523665659

#### **Domain Information**

- pastebin.com
- pastebin.com/raw/zs3YKzJ3
- qsjksd-22439.portmap.host
- api.telegram.org/bot
- MyApplication.org

#### IP Addresses

- 192.161.193.99
- 149.154.167.220

#### **Dropper Files**

• C:\Users\admin\Downloads\buidl.exe

 C:\Users\user\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup\Microsoft Edge.lnk

#### Deobfuscator

```
using System;
using System.Ling;
using System.Security.Cryptography;
using System.Text;
using dnlib.DotNet;
using dnlib.DotNet.Emit;
namespace ConsoleApp1
{
    internal class Deobfuscator
        // Decrypts the given obfuscated string using a prede
fined key and Rijndael (AES) algorithm
        public static string DecryptString(string encryptedSt
ring, string key)
        {
            using (RijndaelManaged rijndaelManaged = new Rijn
daelManaged())
            using (MD5CryptoServiceProvider md5CryptoServiceP
rovider = new MD5CryptoServiceProvider())
            {
                // Hash the static key with MD5 to create the
decryption key
                byte[] keyArray = new byte[32];
                byte[] hashArray = md5CryptoServiceProvider.C
omputeHash(Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(key));
                //Copy the first 16 bytes into the first half
of the key array
                Array.Copy(hashArray, 0, keyArray, 0, 16);
```

```
// Copy the first 16 bytes again into the sec
ond half
                Array.Copy(hashArray, 0, keyArray, 15, 16);
                // Set the Rijndael key and mode to ECB
                rijndaelManaged.Key = keyArray;
                rijndaelManaged.Mode = CipherMode.ECB;
                // Create a decryptor with the given key
                ICryptoTransform decryptor = rijndaelManaged.
CreateDecryptor();
                // Convert the Base64 encrypted string into b
ytes and decrypt it
                byte[] encryptedBytes = Convert.FromBase64Str
ing(encryptedString);
                byte[] decryptedBytes = decryptor.TransformFi
nalBlock(encryptedBytes, 0, encryptedBytes.Length);
                return Encoding.UTF8.GetString(decryptedByte
s);
            }
        }
        // Extracts the value of a specific field from the gi
ven module
        static string GetFieldValue(ModuleDefMD module, strin
g fieldName)
        {
            foreach (TypeDef type in module.Types)
            {
                foreach (MethodDef method in type.Methods)
                {
                    if (!method.HasBody) continue; // Skip me
thods without body
                    for (int i = 0; i < method.Body.Instructi</pre>
```

```
ons.Count; i++)
                    {
                        // Find the Stsfld opcode (sets a sta
tic field) and check the field name
                        if (method.Body.Instructions[i].OpCod
e == OpCodes.Stsfld &&
                            method.Body.Instructions[i].Opera
nd.ToString() == fieldName)
                             // Return the previous operand wh
ich holds the value being assigned to the field
                             return method.Body.Instructions[i
- 1].Operand.ToString();
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
            return string. Empty;
        }
        // Decrypting and replacing obfuscated strings
        static void ReplaceEncryptedStrings(ModuleDefMD modul
e, string key)
        {
            // Loop through all types in the module
            foreach (TypeDef type in module.Types)
            {
                if (!type.HasMethods) continue; // Skip types
without methods
                // Loop through all methods of the type
                foreach (MethodDef method in type.Methods)
                {
                    if (!method.HasBody) continue;
                    for (int i = 0; i < method.Body.Instructi</pre>
ons.Count; i++)
```

```
{
                        if (method.Body.Instructions[i].OpCod
e == OpCodes.Call)
                        {
                            string functionName = method.Bod
y.Instructions[i].Operand.ToString();
                            // Look for the obfuscated decryp
tion function
                            if (functionName.Contains("Sf3ygL
wXizFpQcdEafah6RmRmvi94yTN3n3UpcJF") ||
                                functionName.Contains("rcGLP2
8muXxfBxK3uFwoeAtSCKBUh59TpsFfzA1jtrEEczzNWbt7mki"))
                            {
                                // Get the encrypted string f
rom the previous instruction
                                string fieldValue = method.Bo
dy.Instructions[i - 1].Operand.ToString();
                                Console.WriteLine(fieldValu
e);
                                // Decrypt the value and repl
ace the instruction with the decrypted string
                                string decryptedString = Decr
yptString(GetFieldValue(module, fieldValue), key);
                                method.Body.Instructions[i -
1].OpCode = OpCodes.Nop; // Clear the original instruction
                                method.Body.Instructions[i].0
pCode = OpCodes.Ldstr; // Load the decrypted string instead
                                method.Body.Instructions[i].0
perand = decryptedString;
                            }
                        }
                    }
```

```
}
        }
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            string filePath = @"C:\Users\aycagl\Desktop\buid
1.exe";
            string key = "NOBNPIHTRtK9oiyP";
            ModuleDefMD module = ModuleDefMD.Load(filePath);
            ReplaceEncryptedStrings(module, key);
            // Write the deobfuscated code to a new file
            module.Write(@"C:\Users\aycagl\Desktop\clean.ex
e");
            Console.WriteLine("Deobfuscation completed.");
            Console.ReadKey();
        }
   }
}
```

#### **YARA Rules**

```
rule Suspicious_Persistence_Indicators
{
    meta:
        description = "Detects suspicious persistence mechani
sms via registry, shortcuts, and scripts"
        author = "aycagl - Ayca Gul"
        date = "2024-08-15"
        reference = "XWorm V5.6"

strings:
```

```
$scheduled = "schtasks.exe" fullword wide
        $task highest = "/create /f /RL HIGHEST /sc minute /m
o 1 /tn \"" fullword wide
        $task basic = "/create /f /sc minute /mo 1 /tn \"" fu
llword wide
        $registry_run = "SOFTWARE\\Microsoft\\Windows\\Curren
tVersion\\Run" fullword wide
        $wscript shell = "WScript.Shell" fullword wide
        $create_shortcut = "CreateShortcut" fullword wide
        $target_path = "TargetPath" fullword wide
        $working directory = "WorkingDirectory" fullword wide
    condition:
        6 of them
}
rule XWorm Indicators
{
    meta:
        description = "Detects the XWorm malware's send_infos
method that sends system information via a Telegram bot"
        author = "aycagl - Ayca Gul"
        date = "2024-08-15"
        reference = "XWorm V5.6"
    strings:
        $xworm version = "XWorm V" fullword wide
        $new client = "New Clinet :" fullword wide
        $username = "UserName :" fullword wide
        $os fullname = "OSFullName :" fullword wide
        $usb = "USB :" fullword wide
        $cpu = "CPU :" fullword wide
        $qpu = "GPU :" fullword wide
        $ram = "RAM :" fullword wide
        $group = "Groub :" fullword wide
        $telegram api = "https://api.telegram.org/bot" fullwo
```

```
rd wide
        $send_message = "/sendMessage?chat_id=" fullword wide
        $webclient_function = {00735600000A0C08026F5700000A0A
DE2D}
    condition:
        6 of them
}
rule Malware_Information_Queries {
    meta:
        description = "Detects malware performing system info
rmation queries and persistence setup."
        author = "aycagl - Ayca Gul"
        date = "2024-08-15"
        reference = "XWorm V5.6"
    strings:
        $query_antivirus = "\\root\\SecurityCenter2" fullword
wide
        $query_antivirus_product = "Select * from AntivirusPr
oduct" fullword wide
        $query_display_name = "displayName" fullword wide
        $query_video_controller = "SELECT * FROM Win32_VideoC
ontroller" fullword wide
        $query_processor = "Win32_Processor.deviceid" fullwor
d wide
    condition:
        4 of them
}
rule Malware_Command_Detection {
    meta:
        description = "Detects specific malware command and f
unction strings"
```

```
author = "aycagl - Ayca Gul"
    date = "2024-08-15"
    reference = "XWorm V5.6"
strings:
   $s1 = "pong" fullword wide
    $s2 = "CLOSE" fullword wide
    $s3 = "uninstall" fullword wide
    $s4 = "update" fullword wide
    $s5 = "Urlopen" fullword wide
    $s6 = "Urlhide" fullword wide
    $s7 = "PCShutdown" fullword wide
    $s8 = "shutdown.exe /f /s /t 0" fullword wide
    $s9 = "PCRestart" fullword wide
    $s10 = "shutdown.exe /f /r /t 0" fullword wide
    $s11 = "PCLogoff" fullword wide
    $s12 = "shutdown.exe -L" fullword wide
    $s13 = "RunShell" fullword wide
    $s14 = "StartDDos" fullword wide
    $s15 = "StopDDos" fullword wide
    $s16 = "StartReport" fullword wide
    $s17 = "StopReport" fullword wide
    $s18 = "Xchat" fullword wide
    $s19 = "Hosts" fullword wide
    $s20 = "\\drivers\\etc\\hosts" fullword wide
    $s21 = "Shosts" fullword wide
   $s22 = "HostsMSG" fullword wide
    $s23 = "Modified successfully!" fullword wide
    $s24 = "HostsErr" fullword wide
    $s25 = "DDos" fullword wide
    $s26 = "plugin" fullword wide
    $s27 = "sendPlugin" fullword wide
   $s28 = "savePlugin" fullword wide
    $s29 = "RemovePlugins" fullword wide
    $s30 = "Plugins Removed!" fullword wide
    $s31 = "OfflineGet" fullword wide
```

```
$s32 = "OfflineKeylogger Not Enabled" fullword wide
$s33 = "Plugin" fullword wide
$s34 = "Invoke" fullword wide
$s35 = "RunRecovery" fullword wide
$s36 = "Recovery" fullword wide

condition:
    15 of ($s*)
}
```