# FUSION OF SUBJECTIVE OPINIONS THROUGH BEHAVIOR ESTIMATION

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October 2016

### Problem Statement

- Important almost all decision-making process.
- A decision-maker collects information
- Information sources may provide
  - unreliable
  - malicious
  - noisy

## Subjective Logic (SL) and Distribution

- Probabilistic logic
- Standard Logic: restriction
  - either true or false
- Expressed with degrees of uncertainty
- Directly compatible with binary logic
- Beta and Dirichlet distributions
- Defined on the interval [0, 1]

## Subjective Opinions

- Binomial opinions
- Beliefs about propositions with degrees of uncertainty
- A binomial opinion about binary proposition is  $\omega_x = (b_x, d_x, u_x, a_x, W)$ .
- a is a base rate, which is set to  $a_x = 0.5$
- W denotes non-informative prior weight, which is set to W=2
- ullet These components satisfy  $b_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X} + d_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X} + u_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X} = 1$  and  $b_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X}, d_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X}, u_{\!\scriptscriptstyle X} \epsilon \left[0,1
  ight]$

## Subjective Opinions

$$op(r,s) = (b,d,u) = \left(\frac{r}{r+s+2}, \frac{s}{r+s+2}, \frac{2}{r+s+2}\right)$$
 (1)

$$r = \frac{2 * b}{u},$$

$$s = \frac{2 * d}{u}$$
(2a)

$$s = \frac{2*d}{u} \tag{2b}$$

$$E_{x} = b_{x} + a_{x}u_{x} \tag{3}$$

## Behaviors of Information Sources

- Provide their opinions in the form of Dirichlet parameters
- A set of information sources including two unreliable sources : Bob and Carol
  - $\alpha^{Bob:x} = \langle 25, 175 \rangle$ , [0.12, 0.87, 0.01, 0.5, 0.5, 2]
  - $\alpha^{Carol:x} = \langle 38, 62 \rangle$ , [0.37, 0.61, 0.02, 0.5, 0.5, 2]
- A reliable source : John
  - $\alpha^{John:x} = \langle 195, 5 \rangle$ , [0.98, 0.01, 0.01, 0.5, 0.5, 2]

## **Modeling Information Sources**

- Adoption of specific behaviors with a certain probability while sharing their opinions.
- Let us consider binomial opinion  $\alpha^{s:x} = \langle \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \rangle$
- If the source
  - Honest:  $\varphi_{h(\alpha^{s:x})} = \langle \alpha_1, \alpha_2 \rangle$
  - Flip:  $\varphi_{f(\alpha^{s:x})} = \langle \alpha_2, \alpha_1 \rangle$
  - Random:  $\varphi_{r(\alpha^{s:x})} = \langle 1, 1 \rangle$

## Modeling Information Sources

- The behavior profile : maximum likelihood method
- Have opinions for **n** common propositions
- The likelihood function:

$$L\left(t^{s}|\alpha^{a:1},\alpha^{s:1},...,\alpha^{a:n},\alpha^{s:n}\right) = \prod_{x=1}^{n} \int_{p} \left(f\left(p|\alpha^{a:x}\right) \times \sum_{i=1}^{k} t_{i}^{s} \times f\left(p|m_{i}\left(\alpha^{s}\right)\right)\right) ds$$

$$(4)$$

- ullet Calculate the value of the behavior profile of information sources:  $t^s$
- Compute likelihood function: log likelihood method

## Fusion of Opinions

#### Estimating Source Behavior

• To find an elementary vector  $z^s$ 

$$L\left(\mathbf{z}^{1},\ldots,\mathbf{z}^{n}|\alpha^{1:y},\ldots,\alpha^{n:y},\mathbf{t}^{1},\ldots,\mathbf{t}^{n}\right)=\int_{\mathbf{p}}\prod_{s=1}^{n}\prod_{i=1}^{k}\left(t_{i}^{s}\times f\left(\mathbf{p}|m_{i}\left(\alpha^{s:y}\right)\right)\right)^{z_{i}^{s}}$$
(5)

- NP-complete
- Complexity O (k<sup>n</sup>): k is the number of behavior types and n is the number of information sources.

## Fusion of Opinions

#### Estimating Ground Truth

The likelihood function

$$L\left(\mathbf{p}|\alpha^{1:y},\ldots,\alpha^{n:y},\mathbf{z}^{1},\ldots,\mathbf{z}^{n}\right)=\prod_{s=1}^{n}\prod_{i=1}^{k}f\left(\mathbf{p}|m_{i}\left(\alpha^{s:y}\right)\right)^{z_{i}^{s}}$$
 (6)

 $f(\mathbf{p}|\alpha^+)$ : single Dirichlet distribution

$$\alpha^{+} = Wa^{y} + \sum_{s=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{k} z_{i}^{s} \times \left( m_{i} \left( \alpha^{s:y} \right) - Wa^{y} \right) \tag{7}$$

#### **Evaluation**

- Competent sources generate an opinion close to the ground truth
- The collected opinions are binomial

#### Simulated Behaviors

- Three types of behaviors; Honest, Flipping, and Random Competent
- Determine behavior probability vector
  - $p^s = (p_h^s, p_f^s, p_r^s)$
  - $p_h^s + p_f^s + p_r^s = 1$ .
  - $p_i^s = 1 2\phi$  and  $p_{ij}^s = \phi$  for any  $j \in \{h, f, r\} \setminus i$ 
    - $0 \le \phi < 1/3$ .
- Ratios of sources are fixed:  $R_h = 0.2, R_f = 0.3, R_r = 0.5$

#### **Evaluation**

### **Benchmarking Fusion Methods**

- Compare two fusion methods
  - Discounted Consensus (DC)
  - Behavioral Discounted Consensus (BDC)
- DC only trustworthy sources
- BDC other behaviors

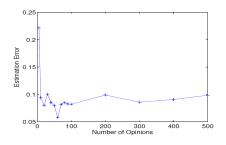
#### **Behavior Estimation Results**

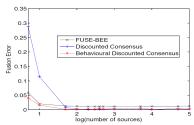
Compute the estimation error

error 
$$(t^s|p^s) = \sqrt{(t_h^s - p_h^s)^2 + (t_f^s - p_f^s)^2 + (t_r^s - p_r^s)^2}$$
 (8)

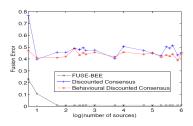
error 
$$(\omega_x|gt_x) = \sqrt{(b_x - gt_x)^2 + (d_x + gt_x - 1)^2 + (t_r^s - p_r^s)^2}$$
 (9)

## Simulation Results

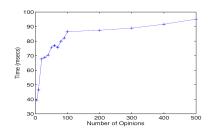


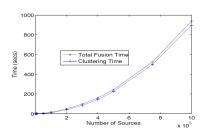


- Average behavior estimation error.
- Average fusion error when sources are consistent.
- **3** Average fusion error for  $\phi = 0.15$ .



## Simulation Results





- Average time used for behavior estimation.
- Average time for clustering and fusion.
- Average percentage error in estimating source behavior during fusion.

