## SQL3-EX01:

```
| SELECT department_id, Untitled-1 ●

1 SELECT department_id,
2 | LISTAGG(first_name || ' ' || last_name, '; ') MITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY first_name, last_name) AS employee_names
3 FROM employees
4 GROUP BY department_id;
5 |
                                                           SELECT department_id, Untitled-1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ០៩៩៩៩៨⊲
<u>a</u>
       ∨ CONNECTIONS
          > 囲 DST$ERROR_TABLE
> 囲 DST$TRIGGER_TABLE
            > III DUAL
H<sub>3</sub>
           > III ECOL$
> III EDITION$
> III EDITIONING_TYPES$
> III EMPLOYEES
> III ENC$
              ⊞ EPG$_AUTH
⊞ ERROR$
            > III EV$
> III EVCOL$
        V SQL SNIPPETS
          > Aggregate Functions
         > Analytic Functions
          > Conversion Functions
          > Date/Time Functions
          > Numeric Functions

    Optimizer Hints
    PL/SQL Programming Techniques

          > Predictive Analytics
> Pseudocolumns
         > Flashback
> SQL Developer Tips
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```

## SQL3-EX02:

```
... TWITH SalaryTotals AS ( Untitled-1 •
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ⊳ B 65 18 G U
         SQL DEVELOPER
        V CONNECTIONS
                                                                             SELECT
employee_id,
job_id,
hire_date,
salary,
SIMIsalary) OVER (PARTITION BY job_id ORDER BY hire_date ROWS BETWEEN 1 PRECEDING AND 1 FOLLOWING) AS salary_total
FROM employees
          → Fables

| > ■ DIR$VICTIM_POLICY
| > ■ DST$AFFECTED_TABLES
            > III DST$ERROR_TABLE
> III DST$TRIGGER_TABLE
            > III DUAL
> III DUC$
                                                                select
memployee_id,
job_id,
job_id,
id hire_date,
salary,
salary_total
FROM SalaryTotals
momber By hire_date;
lb
₽
            > III ECOL$
          > 囲 EDITIONING_TYPES$
> 囲 EMPLOYEES ひ
E.
            > III ENC$
> III EPG$_AUTH
> III ERROR$
            > III EV$
          SQL SNIPPETS
         > Aggregate Functions
> Analytic Functions
> Character Functions
          > Date/Time Functions
          > Numeric Functions
          > PL/SQL Programming Techniques
          > Pseudocolumns
         > Flashback> SQL Developer Tips
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```

# SQL3-EX03:

```
Search
SQL DEVI-
                                           ... 🖯 WITH RankedSalaries AS ( Untitled-1 •
                                                                                                                                                                                           ០៩៩៩៩៤០
      ∨ 🖏 Oracle 19c CDB
                                                              SELECT
employee_id,
department_id,
salary,
ROW.AUMMERE() OVER (PARTITION BY department_id ORDER BY salary DESC) AS rn
FROM employees
         ン 日面 Tables

| > 田 DIR$VICTIM_POLICY

| > 田 DST$AFFECTED_TABLES
          > 囲 DST$ERROR_TABLE
> 囲 DST$TRIGGER_TABLE
          > III DUAL
                                                          employee_id,
department_id,
salary
FROM RankedSalaries
<del>L</del>
          > III ECOL$
        B
         > III EV$
> III EVCOL$
       SQL SNIPPETS
       > Aggregate Functions
> Analytic Functions
        > Character Functions
       > Conversion Functions
> Date Formats
       > Date/Time Functions
       > Numeric Functions
      > PL/SQL Programming Techniques
        > Pseudocolumns
       > Flashback
> SQL Developer Tips
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                                                                                                                                                Ln 16, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF PL/SQL % Ö Oracle 19c CDB
```

#### SQL3-EX04:

```
SQL DE-
                                                       ... 🖯 WITH HireYearRank AS ( Untitled-1 •
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        > 3 6 9 6 O
                                                                    1 WITH HireYearRank AS (
         ∨ 🕏 Oracle 19c CDB
                                                                             SELECT
employee_id,
hire_date,
EXTRACT(YEAR FROM hire_date) AS hire_year,
ROM.NAMMERE() OVER (PARTITION BY EXTRACT(YEAR FROM hire_date) ORDER BY hire_date) AS hire_order
FROM employees
           → 日 Tables

| > 田 DIR$VICTIM_POLICY
| > 田 DST$AFFECTED_TABLES
             > III DST$ERROR_TABLE
> III DST$TRIGGER_TABLE
             > III DUAL
                                                                        SELECT
employee_id,
hire_date,
hire_year,
hire_order
FROM HireYearRank
ORDER BY hire_year, hire_order;
H<sub>3</sub>
             > III ECOL$
> Ⅲ EDITIONING_TYPES$
> Ⅲ EMPLOYEES

ひ
             > Ⅲ ENC$
> Ⅲ EPG$_AUTH
> Ⅲ ERROR$
            > III EV$
> III EVCOL$
        V SQL SNIPPETS
          > Aggregate Functions
         Aggregate FunctionsAnalytic FunctionsCharacter Functions
          > Date/Time Functions
          > Numeric Functions
        > PL/SQL Programming Techniques
> Predictive Analytics
          > Pseudocolumns
         > Flashback
> SQL Developer Tips
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                                                                                                                                                                                    Ln 16, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF PL/SQL % Ö Oracle 19c CDB
```

## SQL3-EX05:

