

Assignment_1

2024-02-04

dataset source: <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/benroshan/factors-affecting-campus-placement/data>

Importing the dataset

This R code is using the `readr` package to read a CSV file named "Placement_Data_Full_Class.csv" and it stores the data in a variable called `dataset`.

```
library(readr)
dataset<- read_csv("C:/Users/Abhinav Reddy/Desktop/FML/Placement_Data_Full_Class.csv")

## Rows: 215 Columns: 15
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (8): gender, ssc_b, hsc_b, hsc_s, degree_t, workex, specialisation, status
## dbl (7): sl_no, ssc_p, hsc_p, degree_p, etest_p, mba_p, salary
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

Descriptive statistics:

Displaying descriptive statistics for quantitative variables

This R code summarizes and prints descriptive statistics for a specified quantitative variables in a dataset.

```
quantitative_var<-c("sl_no","ssc_p","hsc_p","degree_p","etest_p","mba_p","salary")
quantitative_summary<- summary(dataset[quantitative_var])
print(quantitative_summary)
```

```
##      sl_no      ssc_p      hsc_p      degree_p      etest_p
## Min.   : 1.0   Min.   :40.89   Min.   :37.00   Min.   :50.00   Min.   :50.0
## 1st Qu.:54.5   1st Qu.:60.60   1st Qu.:60.90   1st Qu.:61.00   1st Qu.:60.0
## Median :108.0   Median :67.00   Median :65.00   Median :66.00   Median :71.0
## Mean   :108.0   Mean   :67.30   Mean   :66.33   Mean   :66.37   Mean   :72.1
## 3rd Qu.:161.5   3rd Qu.:75.70   3rd Qu.:73.00   3rd Qu.:72.00   3rd Qu.:83.5
## Max.   :215.0   Max.   :89.40   Max.   :97.70   Max.   :91.00   Max.   :98.0
##
##      mba_p      salary
## Min.   :51.21   Min.   :200000
## 1st Qu.:57.95   1st Qu.:240000
## Median :62.00   Median :265000
## Mean   :62.28   Mean   :288655
## 3rd Qu.:66.25   3rd Qu.:300000
## Max.   :77.89   Max.   :940000
## NA's    :67
```

Displaying descriptive statistics for categorical variables

This R code shows the frequency distribution of each category within the variables listed in categorical_var.

```
categorical_var <- c("gender", "ssc_b", "hsc_b", "degree_t", "workex", "specialisation")
categorical_summary <- table(dataset[categorical_var])
print(head(categorical_summary))
```

```
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      8      2
##      M     17      1
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      4      5
##      M      3     14
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Others, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      1      0
##      M      0      1
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Others, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      0
##      M      0      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      1
##      M      0      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      1
##      M      2      9
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
```

```

##      F      3      1
##      M      8      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      2      5
##      M      7      6
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Others, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      0
##      M      0      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Others, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      1
##      M      0      1
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      0
##      M      4      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&Fin
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      3
##      M      3      7
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      6      0
##      M      7      1
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      6      7
##      M      6     13
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Others, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##

```

```

##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          2      0
##      M          1      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Others, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          0      1
##      M          0      1
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          7      0
##      M          2      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = No, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          0      3
##      M          2      7
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          1      0
##      M          3      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Comm&Mgmt, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          0      3
##      M          2      4
##
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Others, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          1      0
##      M          1      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Others, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##          ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F          0      0
##      M          0      0
##

```

```
## , , hsc_b = Central, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      0      0
##      M      5      0
##
## , , hsc_b = Others, degree_t = Sci&Tech, workex = Yes, specialisation = Mkt&HR
##
##      ssc_b
## gender Central Others
##      F      1      1
##      M      1      0
```

Transformation of a variable

This R code is transforming the salary variable by taking the logarithm and creating a new variable `log_transformed_salary`.

```
dataset$log_transformed_salary <- log(dataset$salary)
head(dataset)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 16
##   sl_no gender ssc_p ssc_b   hsc_p hsc_b   hsc_s degree_p degree_t workex etest_p
##   <dbl> <chr>  <dbl> <chr>   <dbl> <chr>   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>
## 1     1  M      67  Others    91  Others Comm~     58  Sci&Tech No      55
## 2     2  M     79.3 Central  78.3 Others Scie~     77.5 Sci&Tech Yes    86.5
## 3     3  M      65  Central  68  Centr~ Arts     64  Comm&Mg~ No     75
## 4     4  M      56  Central  52  Centr~ Scie~     52  Sci&Tech No     66
## 5     5  M     85.8 Central  73.6 Centr~ Comm~     73.3 Comm&Mg~ No    96.8
## 6     6  M      55  Others   49.8 Others Scie~     67.2 Sci&Tech Yes    55
## # i 5 more variables: specialisation <chr>, mba_p <dbl>, status <chr>,
## #   salary <dbl>, log_transformed_salary <dbl>
```

This R code is transforming the `mba_p` variable by taking the square root and creating a new variable `sqrt_transformed_mba_p`.

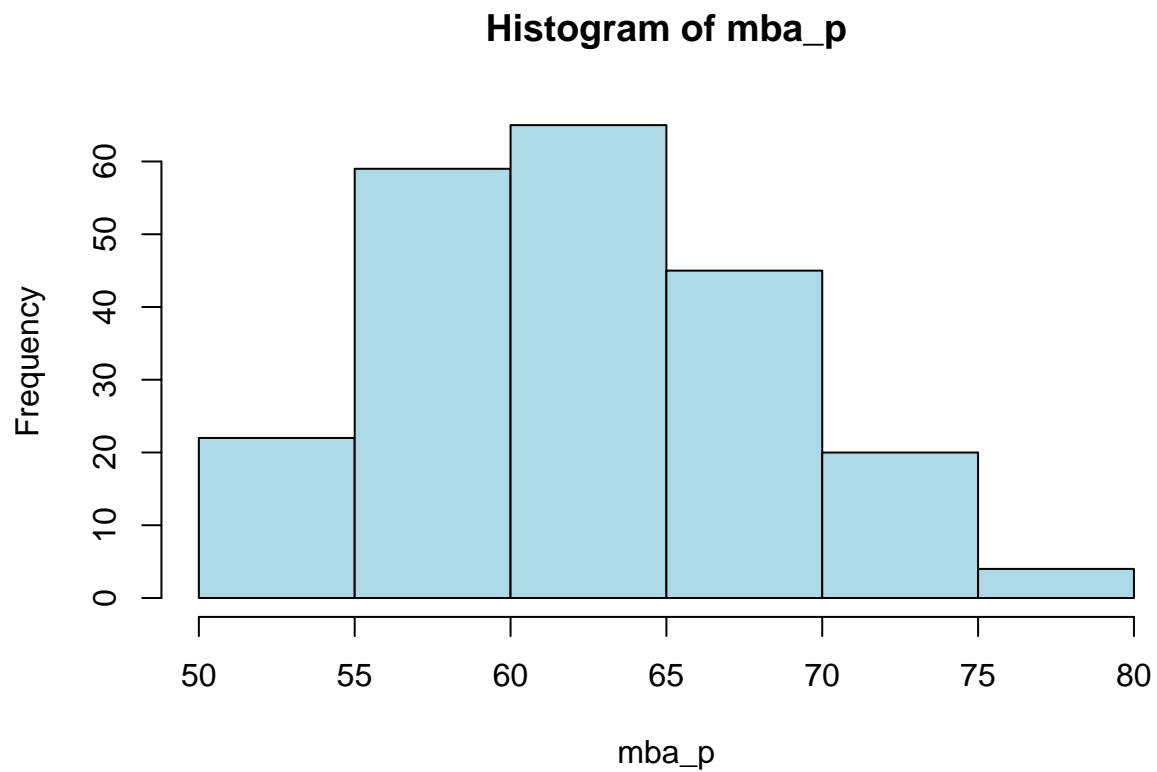
```
dataset$sqrt_transformed_mba_p <- sqrt(dataset$mba_p)
head(dataset)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 17
##   sl_no gender ssc_p ssc_b   hsc_p hsc_b   hsc_s degree_p degree_t workex etest_p
##   <dbl> <chr>  <dbl> <chr>   <dbl> <chr>   <chr>    <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>
## 1     1  M      67  Others    91  Others Comm~     58  Sci&Tech No      55
## 2     2  M     79.3 Central  78.3 Others Scie~     77.5 Sci&Tech Yes    86.5
## 3     3  M      65  Central  68  Centr~ Arts     64  Comm&Mg~ No     75
## 4     4  M      56  Central  52  Centr~ Scie~     52  Sci&Tech No     66
## 5     5  M     85.8 Central  73.6 Centr~ Comm~     73.3 Comm&Mg~ No    96.8
## 6     6  M      55  Others   49.8 Others Scie~     67.2 Sci&Tech Yes    55
## # i 6 more variables: specialisation <chr>, mba_p <dbl>, status <chr>,
## #   salary <dbl>, log_transformed_salary <dbl>, sqrt_transformed_mba_p <dbl>
```

Plotting a quantitative variable

This R code generates a histogram for the `mba_p` variable in the dataset.

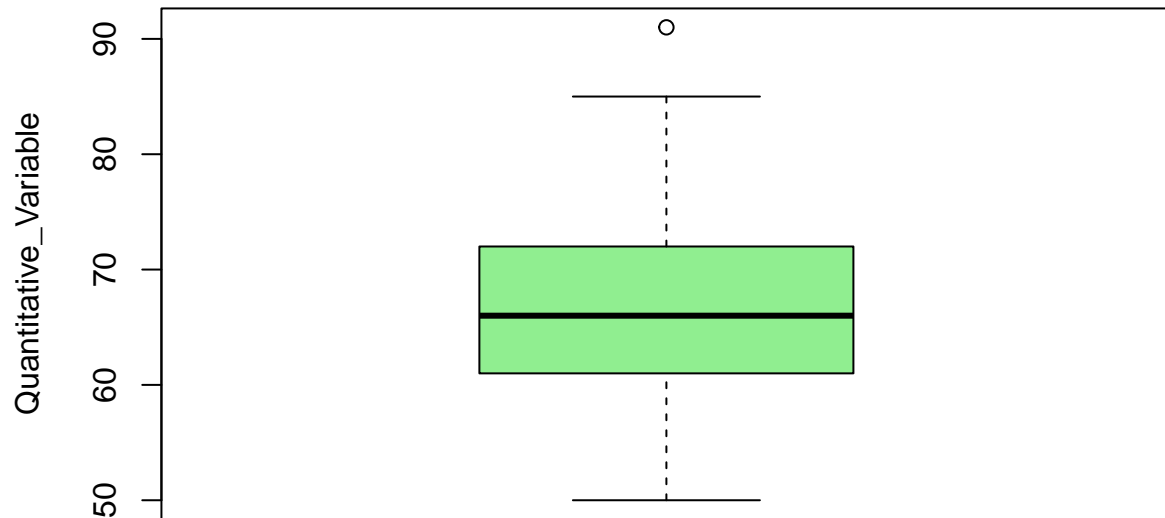
```
quantitative_var1 <- "mba_p"
hist(dataset[[quantitative_var1]],
      main = "Histogram of mba_p",
      xlab = quantitative_var1,
      col = "lightblue")
```



This R code generates a boxplot for the degree_p variable in the dataset.

```
boxplot(dataset$degree_p,
        main = "Box Plot of a degree_p",
        ylab = "Quantitative_Variable",
        col = "lightgreen", border = "black")
```

Box Plot of a degree_p

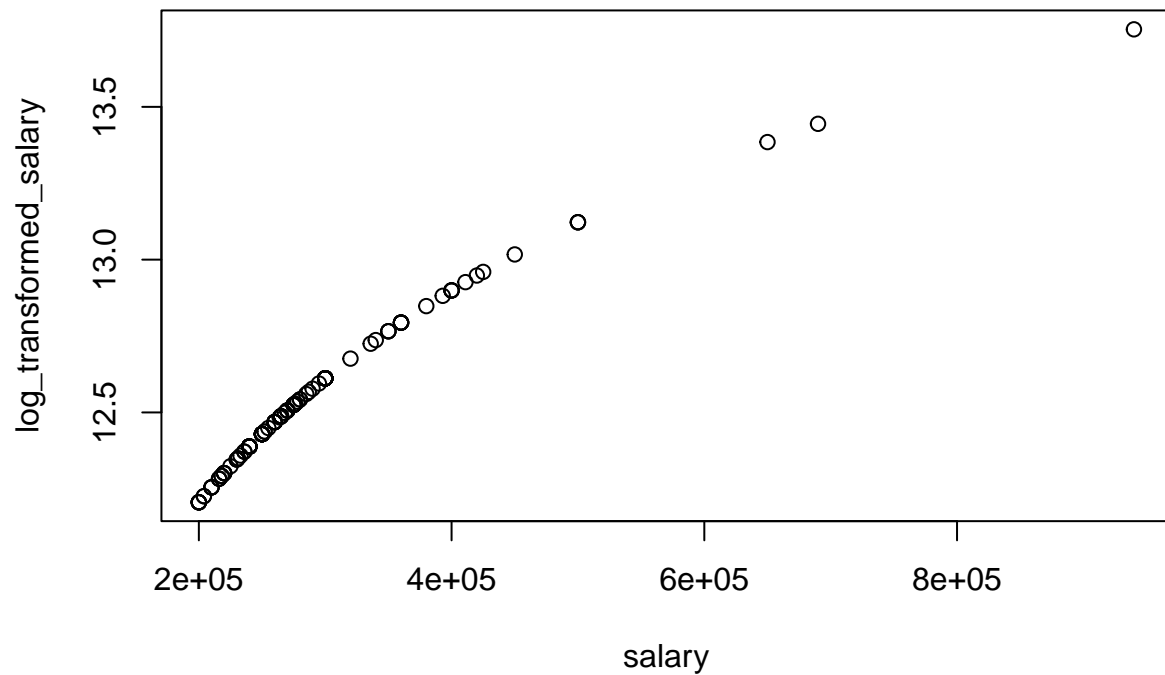


Plotting a Scatterplot

This scatter plot shows the relationship between salary variable and log_transformed_salary variable.

```
plot(x = dataset$'salary', y = dataset$log_transformed_salary,  
     xlab = "salary", ylab = "log_transformed_salary",  
     main = "Scatterplot of Salary vs Transformed Salary")
```

Scatterplot of Salary vs Transformed Salary



This scatter plot shows the relationship between of ssc_p variable and degree_p variable

```
plot(x = dataset$ssc_p, y = dataset$degree_p,  
     xlab = "SSC_Percentage", ylab = "Degree_Percentage",  
     main = "Scatter Plot of SSC Percentage vs Degree Percentage")
```


Scatter Plot of SSC Percentage vs Degree Percentage

