

## Current Model:

### 0.1 Goal

Estimate a function of the form:

$$f(x, y, \text{command}, \text{world}) = \frac{1}{z(\lambda, \text{command}, \text{world})} \exp \left( \sum_{i=1}^c \lambda_i T_i(x, y, \text{command}, \text{world}) \right)$$

### 0.2 Naive Gaussian

#### Mean Estimation

For a given command and world, let *ref* be the reference from the command, *dir* be the direction of the command, from the set  $\{left, right, in\ front, behind\}$ , and *distance* be the distance specified. Then

$$\hat{x}, \hat{y} = \begin{cases} ref.center + \frac{ref.height}{2} + distance, & dir = behind \\ ref.center - \frac{ref.height}{2} - distance, & dir = in\ front \\ ref.center + \frac{ref.width}{2} + distance, & dir = right \\ ref.center - \frac{ref.width}{2} - distance, & dir = left \end{cases}$$

#### Covariance Estimation

Covariance in the direction of the command is estimated based on a linear fit of the distance of the command vs. the covariance of the data. Covariance in the orthogonal direction is fixed to an arbitrary constant.

$$\hat{\Sigma} = \begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & \max(0.43distance - 0.59, 0.5) \end{bmatrix}, & dir = behind, in\ front \\ \begin{bmatrix} \max(0.43distance - 0.59, 0.5) & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}, & dir = left, right \end{cases}$$

This outputs a multivariate normal pdf with parameters  $\mu = (\hat{x}, \hat{y}), \Sigma = \hat{\Sigma}$ .

### 0.3 Object Distance Estimation

This is a distribution that penalizes estimated locations that are closer to a different object in the world than they are to the reference object. It takes the form of an exponential distribution. The parameter was found via grid search.

$$p(x, y | command, world) = \frac{1}{2.7} e^{\frac{1}{2.7} (\| (x, y) - (x_{ref}, y_{ref}) \| - \min_{obj \in world} \| (x, y) - (x_{obj}, y_{obj}) \|)}$$

## 0.4 Wall Distance Estimation

This is a distribution that penalizes estimated locations that are closer to a wall than they are to the reference object. It takes the form of an exponential distribution. The parameter was found via grid search. Note: edges of tables count as walls.

$$p(x, y | \text{command}, \text{world}) = \frac{1}{1.2} e^{\frac{1}{1.2} (\|(x, y) - (x_{ref}, y_{ref})\| - \min_{walls} \|(x, y) - (x_{wall}, y_{wall})\|)}$$