

1. Resistance (Problem 4.7 in GOS)

If the per-phase line loss in a 70-km long transmission line is not to exceed 65 kW while it is delivering 100A per phase, compute the required conductor diameter, if the resistivity of the conductor material is 1.72×10^{-8} ohm-meters.

2. Inductance & Reactance (Problem 4.12 in GOS)

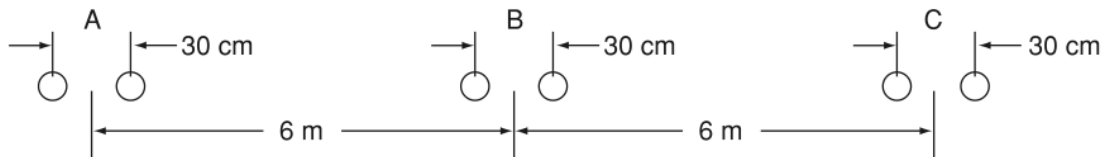
Find the inductance and inductive reactance per mile of a single-phase overhead transmission line operating at 60 Hz, given that the *Partridge* conductors have GMR = 0.0217 ft and are spaced at 30 ft.

3. Stranded Conductor

- Find the geometric mean radius (GMR) of a conductor composed of two immediately adjacent strands, each with radius r (like in Fig 4.30 for Problem 4.17 but only two strands).
- State briefly what the GMR means and why it should be greater or less than r .
- Suppose you separate the strands, turning your stranded into a bundled conductor. What happens to GMR as the distance is increased, and how does this affect the inductance?
- What can you say about the ratio of resistance to reactance (R/X) for the stranded vs. bundled conductor?

4. Transmission Line Reactance (Problem 4.23 in GOS)

The bundled conductors in the diagram have a radius of 0.74 cm. The line is completely transposed. Find the inductance per phase in mH/km and the inductive reactance per phase in ohms per mile at 60 Hz.

**5. ABCD Parameters**

A 25-km, 34.5-kV, 60-Hz three-phase line has a per-phase series impedance $z = 0.19 + j0.34$ ohms/km. The load at the receiving end absorbs 10 MVA at 33 kV.

Using the short line approximation, find:

- the ABCD parameters,
- the sending end voltage for a load power factor of 0.9 lagging,
- the sending-end voltage for a load power factor of 0.9 leading.
- Draw a phasor diagram to illustrate your results above and discuss the significance of the load power factor for voltage drop.

6. Long Line (based on Problem 5.14 in GOS)

A 500-km, 500-kV, 60-Hz line has [per-phase] series impedance $z = 0.03 + j0.35$ ohms/km and shunt admittance $y = j4.4 \times 10^{-6}$ S/km. Calculate

- the characteristic impedance Z_c
- the product of propagation constant and length
- the exact ABCD parameters for this line.
- Suppose you had made the medium-line approximation. How different would the ABCD parameters be?