

YET ANOTHER TALK ABOUT YARA

FERNANDA BILLORDO ZINI & AYELEN TORELLO

BLUESPACE EDITION

```
le Winnti_malware_Nsiproxy {
```

meta:

```
description = "Detects a Winnt  
author = "Florian Roth"  
date = "2015-10-10"  
score = 75  
hash1 = "9001572983d5b1f997872  
hash2 = "cf1e006694b33f27d7c74  
hash3 = "326e2cabddb641777d489  
hash4 = "aff7c7478fe33c57954b6  
hash5 = "ba7cccd027fd2c826bbe8f
```

strings :

```
$x1 = "\\Driver\\nsiproxy" fullword  
$a1 = "\\Device\\StreamPortal"  
$a2 = "\\Device\\PNTFILTER" fullword  
$s1 = "Cookie: SN=" fullword a  
$s2 = "\\BaseNamedObjects\\_tr"  
$s3 = "Winqual.sys" fullword w  
$s4 = "\\Registry\\Machine\\SY"  
$s5 = "http://www.wasabii.com.
```

condition:

`uint16(0) == 0x5a4d` and `$x1` are

SOBRE NOSOTRAS



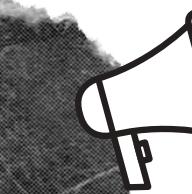
Fernanda Billordo Zini

Consultora y desarrolladora en el área
de Cyber Threat Intelligence en Deloitte.



Ayelen Torello

Senior Security Researcher en el área de
Cyber Threat Intelligence en Deloitte



¿QUÉ ES YARA?



Definición

YARA es una herramienta que tiene como objetivo ayudar a los investigadores de malware a identificar y clasificar muestras de archivos maliciosos. Con YARA puedes crear descripciones de familias de malware basados en textos o patrones del binario y así descubrir nuevas muestras.

- Es gratis y Open-Source
- Tiene un gran soporte tanto de la comunidad como de la industria
- Desarrollado por  VirusTotal

ESCRIBIENDO REGLAS DE YARA



ESTRUCTURA DE UNA REGLA DE YARA

```
rule <rule_name> {  
    meta:  
        description= "Sample YARA rule"  
  
    strings:  
        $a = "example"  
        $b = "example2"  
  
    condition:  
        ($a or $b)  
}
```

EJEMPLO DE UNA REGLA DE YARA

```
rule silent_banker : banker {  
    meta:  
        description = "This is just an example"  
        threat_level = 3  
        in_the_wild = true  
    strings:  
        $a = {6A 40 68 00 30 00 00 6A 14 8D 91}  
        $b = {8D 4D B0 2B C1 83 C0 27 99 6A 4E 59 F7 F9}  
        $c = "UVODFRYSIHLNWPEJXQZAKCBGMT"  
    condition:  
        ($a or $b)  
}
```

¡¡ETIQUETAS!!

CÓMO REALMENTE SE VENENANOS

```
rule MAL_Emotet_Jan20_1 {  
    meta:  
        description = "Detects Emotet malware"  
        author = "Florian Roth"  
        reference = "https://app.any.run/tasks/5e81638e-df2e-  
                    4a5b-9e45-b07c38d53929/"  
        date = "2020-01-29"  
        hash1 =  
            "e7c22ccdb1103ee6bd15c528270f56913bb2f47345b360802  
            b74084563f1b73d"  
        strings:  
            $op0 = { 74 60 8d 34 18 eb 54 03 c3 50 ff 15 18 08 41 00 }  
            $op1 = { 03 fe 66 39 07 0f 85 2a ff ff ff 8b 4d f0 6a 20 }  
            $op2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }  
        condition:  
            uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize <= 200KB and (  
                pe.imphash() == "009889c73bd2e55113bf6dfa5f395e0d"  
                or 1 of them )  
}
```

```
rule MAL_Emotet_Jan20_1 {  
    meta:  
        description = "Detects Emotet malware"  
        author = "Florian Roth"  
        reference = "https://app.any.run/tasks/5e81638e-df2e-  
4a5b-9e45-b07c38d53929/"  
        date = "2020-01-29"  
        hash1 =  
            "e7c22ccdb1103ee6bd15c528270f56913bb2f47345b360802  
            b74084563f1b73d"  
    strings:  
        $op0 = { 74 60 8d 34 18 eb 54 03 c3 50 ff 15 18 08 41 00 }  
        $op1 = { 03 fe 66 39 07 0f 85 2a ff ff ff 8b 4d f0 6a 20 }  
        $op2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }  
    condition:  
        uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize <= 200KB and (  
            pe.imphash() == "009889c73bd2e55113bf6dfa5f395e0d"  
            or 1 of them      )  
}
```

Información y contexto sobre la regla de YARA

Patrones interesantes para buscar

Condiciones para encontrar muestras

TIPOS DE STRINGS

Strings hexadecimales

```
$hex1 = {E2 34 ?? C? [4-6] B4}
```

```
$hex2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }
```

TIPOS DE STRINGS

Strings hexadecimales

```
$hex1 = {E2 34 ?? C? [4-6] B4}  
$hex2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }
```

Wildcards

Representados con ?
Un ? reemplaza un caracter hexadecimal

Jumps

Para longitudes desconocidas. Sintaxis: [x-y]
[4-6] -> secuencia arbitraria desde 4 a 6 bytes

Alternatives

Para proporcionar una alternativa diferente
\$hex_string = { F4 23 (62 B4 | 56) 45 }

TIPOS DE STRINGS

Strings hexadecimales

```
$hex1 = {E2 34 ?? C? [4-6] B4}  
$hex2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }
```

Strings de textos

```
$text = "Texto de ejemplo"
```

TIPOS DE STRINGS

Strings hexadecimales

```
$hex1 = {E2 34 ?? C? [4-6] B4}  
$hex2 = { 8b 7d fc 0f 85 49 ff ff ff 85 db 0f 84 d1 }
```

Strings de textos

```
$text = "Texto de ejemplo"
```

Expresiones regulares

```
$rel = /md5: [0-9a-fA-F]{32}/
```

ESCRIBIENDO REGLAS DE YARA



KEYWORDS

- fullword
- ascii
- wide
- nocase
- xor
- base64
- base64wide

\$full = "This program cannot" **fullword**
\$ascii= "BlueSpace" **wide ascii**
\$wide = "BlueSpace" **wide**
\$text = "bluespace" **nocase**
\$xor = "This program cannot" **xor**
\$b64 = "This program cannot" **base64**
\$b64wide= "BlueSpace" **base64wide**

ESCRIBIENDO REGLAS DE YARA



KEYWORDS

- fullword Busca sólo **fullwords**, no substrings.
- ascii Busca por strings del tipo **ASCII** (default).
- wide Busca por strings del tipo **Unicode**.
- nocase No distinguir entre mayúsculas y minúsculas.
- xor Strings con un XOR de un solo byte.
- base64 Strings que han sido codificados en **base64**.
- base64wide Igual que **base64** pero convertido en **wide**.

HERRAMIENTAS E IMPLEMENTACIONES



YARGEN

YarGen es una herramienta que se utiliza para generar reglas de YARA de forma automatizada. Permite generar reglas a partir de un archivo malicioso.

- Incluye una gran base de datos de strings y opcodes que también aparecen de forma recurrente en archivos no maliciosos.

<https://github.com/Neo23x0/yarGen>

```
#####
# Yara Rule Generator
# by Florian Roth
# July 2015
# Version 0.14.0
#####
```

```
#####
# Reading goodware strings from database 'good'
# (This could take some time and uses up to 2GB)
# Initializing Bayes Filter ...
# Training filter with good strings from ...
# Processing malware files ...
# Processing: /Volumes/Work/MAL/Hacking/...
# Generating statistical data ...
# Generating Super Rules ... (a lot)
# ERROR while generating general conditions
# Generating simple rules ...
# Applying intelligent filters to strings ...
# Filtering string set for /Volumes/Work/MAL/Hacking/...
# Generating super rules ...
# Generated 6 SIMPLE rules.
# Generated 0 SUPER rules.
# All rules written to yargen_rules.yar
metheus:yarGen neo$ 
```

Herramientas e implementaciones

Job ID:	21300
Status	Finished
Owner	klara
Start time	2018-02-22 20:17:29
Finish time	2018-02-22 20:17:45
Execution time	8 second(s)
Matched files	0
Rules	<pre>rule silent_banker : banker { meta: description = "This is just an example" threat_level = 3 in_the_wild = true strings: \$a = {6A 40 68 00 30 00 00 6A 14 8D 91} \$b = {8D 4D B0 2B C1 83 C0 27 99 6A 4E 59 F7 F9} \$c = "UVODFRYSIHLNWPEJXQZAKCBGMT" condition: \$a or \$b or \$c }</pre>
Fileset scan	/sas
Matched MD5s	N/A
Results	### Yara found no matches! ###

KLARA

KLara es un sistema distribuido desarrollado en Python que permite escanear una o más reglas de YARA en colecciones de muestras. También se pueden obtener notificaciones vía email o en su interfaz web cuando los resultados del escaneo estén listos.

<https://github.com/KasperskyLab/klara>

YAYA

YET ANOTHER YARA AUTOMATON

- Manejo de conjuntos de reglas OpenSource
- Ignora las reglas problemáticas
- Permite agregar tus propias reglas
- Corre escaneos

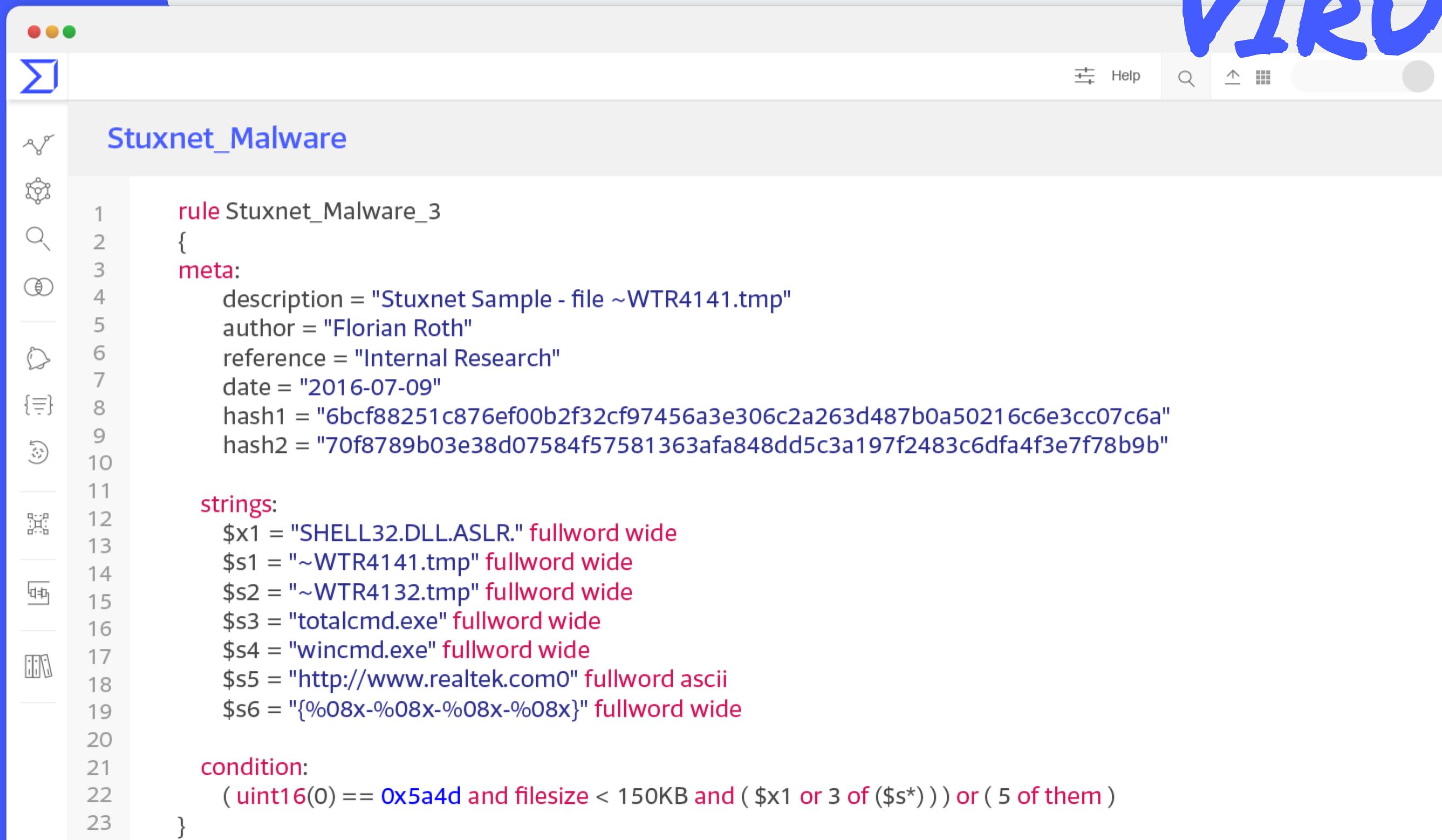
<https://github.com/cooperq/yaya>

```
cooperq@lucyparsons:~$ yaya
YAYA - Yet Another Yara Automaton
Usage:
yaya [-h] <command> <path>
      -h      print this help screen
Commands:
      update - update rulesets
      edit   - ban or remove rulesets
      add    - add a custom ruleset, located at <path>
      scan   - perform a yara scan on the directory at <path>
```

```
cooperq@lucyparsons:~$ yaya edit
```

Enabled ID	Name	Description
enabled 1	AlienVault Labs Rules	- Collection of tools, signatures, and ru
enabled 2	bamfdetect rules	- Custom rules from Brian Wallace used fo
enabled 3	BinaryAlert YARA Rules	- A couple dozen rules written and releas
enabled 4	Burp YARA Rules	- Collection of YARA rules intended to be
enabled 5	BinSequencer	- Find a common pattern of bytes within a
disabled 6	Brian Carter Rules	- Collection of personal rules written by
enabled 7	CAPE Rules	- Rules from various authors bundled with
enabled 8	CDI Rules	- Collection of YARA rules released by [C
enabled 9	Citizen Lab Malware Signatures	- YARA signatures developed by Citizen La
enabled 10	ConventionEngine Rules	- A collection of Yara rules looking for
enabled 11	Deadbits Rules	- A collection of YARA rules made public
enabled 12	Didier Stevens Rules	- Collection of rules from Didier Stevens
enabled 13	ESET IOCs	- Collection of YARA and Snort rules from
enabled 14	Fidelis Rules	- You can find a half dozen YARA rules in
enabled 15	Florian Roth Rules	- Florian Roth's signature base is a freq
enabled 16	Franke Boldewin Rules	- A collection of YARA Rules from [@r3c0n
enabled 17	FSF Rules	- Mostly filetype detection rules, from t
enabled 18	GoDaddy ProcFilter Rules	- A couple dozen rules written and releas
enabled 19	h3x2b Rules	- Collection of signatures from h3x2b whi

VIRUSTOTAL



The screenshot shows a code editor window with a tab titled "Stuxnet_Malware". The code is a Snort rule named "rule Stuxnet_Malware_3". It includes meta-information such as description, author, reference, date, and two hash values. The "strings" section defines six strings (\$x1 to \$s6) with specific patterns. The "condition" section specifies a uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 150KB, with a requirement for either \$x1 or three of the strings (\$s*) or all five of them.

```
rule Stuxnet_Malware_3
{
meta:
    description = "Stuxnet Sample - file ~WTR4141.tmp"
    author = "Florian Roth"
    reference = "Internal Research"
    date = "2016-07-09"
    hash1 = "6bcf88251c876ef00b2f32cf97456a3e306c2a263d487b0a50216c6e3cc07c6a"
    hash2 = "70f8789b03e38d07584f57581363afa848dd5c3a197f2483c6dfa4f3e7f78b9b"

strings:
$ x1 = "SHELL32.DLL.ASLR." fullword wide
$ s1 = "~WTR4141.tmp" fullword wide
$ s2 = "~WTR4132.tmp" fullword wide
$ s3 = "totalcmd.exe" fullword wide
$ s4 = "wincmd.exe" fullword wide
$ s5 = "http://www.realtek.com0" fullword ascii
$ s6 = "%{08x-%08x-%08x-%08x}" fullword wide

condition:
( uint16(0) == 0x5a4d and filesize < 150KB and ( $x1 or 3 of ($s*) ) ) or ( 5 of them )
}
```

Agregá tu conjunto de reglas en VirusTotal y recibí notificaciones cuando alguna de tus reglas haya sido activada por algún archivo al ser subido a la plataforma.

DEMO TIME



RECURSOS



DOCUMENTACIÓN

YARA Official documentation = <https://yara.readthedocs.io/>

CONJUNTO DE REGLAS

YaraRules Project – Official Repo = <https://github.com/Yara-Rules/rules>

Florian Roth YARA Rules = <https://github.com/Neo23x0/signature-base>

ReversingLabs YARA Rules = <https://github.com/reversinglabs/reversinglabs-yara-rules>

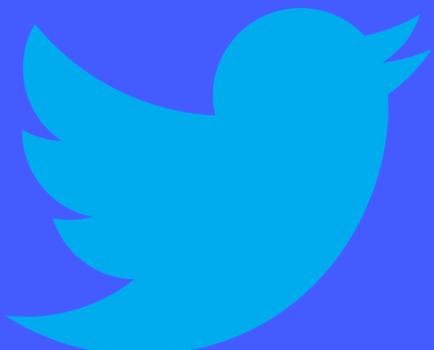
McAfee YARA Rules = <https://github.com/advanced-threat-research/Yara-Rules>

CitizenLab YARA Rules = <https://github.com/citizenlab/malware-signatures>

Y muchos mas ...

GRACIAS

¡Sigamos en contacto!
Seguinos en Twitter



Fernanda Billordo Zini

@Cyb3rR4v3n



Ayelen Torello

@Cyb3rhuskys

