

- Finite Difference Equations for all node types -

Assume: \rightarrow no internal heat gen

\hookrightarrow steady state

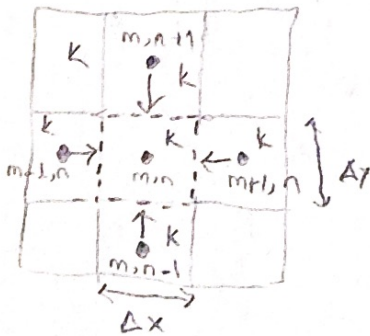
$\hookrightarrow \Delta x = \Delta y$ (grid sizes)

\hookrightarrow assume all q'' into center node

use energy balance in simplified

($E_{in} = 0$) form,

1) Interior Nodes \rightarrow Inner Interior / Outer Interior
 \rightarrow standard 5 point stencil



recall Fourier's Law of conduction $q_x = k A \frac{\Delta T}{L}$

$$q_{(m+1,n) \rightarrow (m,n)} = k (\Delta y \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x}$$

$$q_{(m-1,n) \rightarrow (m,n)} = k (\Delta y \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m-1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x}$$

$$q_{(m,n+1) \rightarrow (m,n)} = k (\Delta x \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y}$$

$$q_{(m,n-1) \rightarrow (m,n)} = k (\Delta x \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m,n-1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y}$$

and from i) energy balance, ii) $\Delta x = \Delta y$

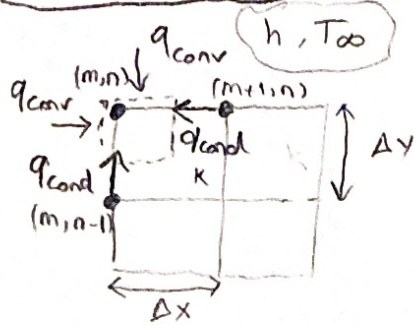
$$q_{in} = \sum_{i=1}^4 q_{i \rightarrow m,n} = 0 =$$

$$\frac{k(\Delta y \cdot 1)}{\Delta x} (T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n}) + \dots = 0 \quad \text{gives}$$

$$T_{m,n+1} + T_{m,n-1} + T_{m+1,n} + T_{m-1,n} - 4T_{m,n} = 0$$

Same for outer interior nodes ~~***~~

2) External Corner Nodes with Convection



$$\sum q_{in} = k \left(\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1 \right) \cdot \frac{T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n}}{\Delta x/2} + k \left(\frac{\Delta x}{2} \cdot 1 \right) \cdot \frac{T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n}}{\Delta y/2} + h(\Delta x \cdot 1) \cdot (T_{\infty} - T_{m,n}) + h(\Delta y \cdot 1) \cdot (T_{\infty} - T_{m,n}) = 0$$

in general: Conduction from two adjacent nodes + Convection from two exposed surfaces = 0

for $\Delta x = \Delta y$ gives

$$k(T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n}) + k(T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n}) + 2(h \Delta x (T_{\infty} - T_{m,n})) = 0 \rightarrow$$

$$k(T_{m+1,n} + T_{m,n+1}) + 2h \Delta x T_{\infty} + (-2k + 2h \Delta x) T_{m,n} = 0$$

$$\underbrace{(T_{m+1,n} + T_{m,n+1})}_{\text{adjacent nodes}} + 2 \frac{h \Delta x}{k} T_{\infty} - 2 \left(\frac{h \Delta x}{k} + 1 \right) T_{m,n} = 0$$

So in general form

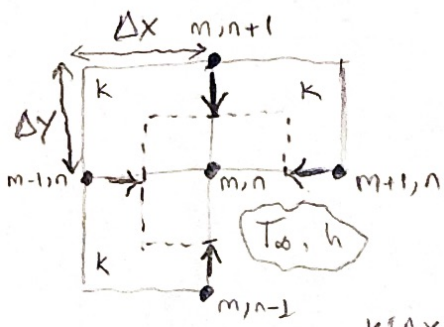
$$\rightarrow (T_{adj-1} + T_{adj-2}) + \frac{2h \Delta x}{k} T_{\infty} - 2 \left(\frac{h \Delta x}{k} + 1 \right) T_{m,n} = 0$$

which is applicable for all

- └ top left
- top right
- └ bottom left
- └ bottom right corners

external

3) Inner Corner Nodes with convection



$\sum q_{in} =$ Conduction from 2 interior adjacent nodes + Conduction from 2 adjacent surface nodes + Convection from fluid from 2 exposed surfaces $= 0$

$$\frac{k(\Delta x \cdot 1)(T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y} + \frac{k(\Delta y \cdot 1)(T_{m-1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x} + \frac{k(\Delta y/2 \cdot 1)(T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x} + \frac{k(\frac{\Delta x}{2} \cdot 1)(T_{m,n-1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y} + h(\frac{\Delta x}{2} \cdot 1)(T_{\infty} - T_{m,n}) + h(\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1)(T_{\infty} - T_{m,n}) = 0$$

$$k(T_{m,n+1} + T_{m-1,n}) - 2kT_{m,n} + \frac{k}{2}(T_{m+1,n} + T_{m,n-1}) - kT_{m,n} + h\Delta x T_{\infty} - h\Delta x T_{m,n} = 0 \rightarrow$$

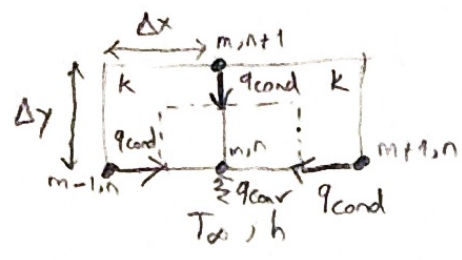
$$2(T_{m,n+1} + T_{m-1,n}) + (T_{m+1,n} + T_{m,n-1}) + \frac{h\Delta x T_{\infty}}{k} -$$

$$2\left(3 + \frac{h\Delta x}{k}\right)T_{m,n} = 0$$

in general form covering all possible 4 directions;

$$2(T_{inner,adj}^1 + T_{inner,adj}^2) + (T_{surf,adj}^1 + T_{surf,adj}^2) + \frac{h\Delta x T_{\infty}}{k} - 2\left(3 + \frac{h\Delta x}{k}\right)T_{m,n} = 0$$

4) Inner Surface Nodes with Convection



$\sum q_{in} =$ Conduction from interior node + 2 surface nodes + Convection from fluid from the exposed surface $= 0$

$$\frac{k(\Delta x \cdot 1)(T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y} + \frac{k(\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1)(T_{m-1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x} + \frac{k(\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1)(T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x} +$$

$$h(\Delta x \cdot 1)(T_{\infty} - T_{m,n}) = 0$$

$$k(T_{m,n+1}) + \frac{k}{2}(T_{m-1,n} + T_{m+1,n}) + h\Delta x T_{\infty} - (2k + h\Delta x)T_{m,n} = 0$$

$$2(T_{m,n+1}) + (T_{m-1,n} + T_{m+1,n}) + \frac{2h\Delta x T_{\infty}}{k} - 2(2 + \frac{h\Delta x}{k})T_{m,n} = 0$$

in general form covering all 4 directions;

$$2(T_{inner,adj}) + (T_{surf,adj}^1 + T_{surf,adj}^2) + \frac{2h\Delta x T_{\infty}}{k} - 2(2 + \frac{h\Delta x}{k})T_{m,n} = 0$$

where $h = h_{hot,air} = 90 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$

$T_{\infty} = T_{\infty, hot air} = 300^{\circ}\text{C}$

$k = k_{inner material} = 45 \text{ W/mK}$

5) Outer Surface Nodes with convection;

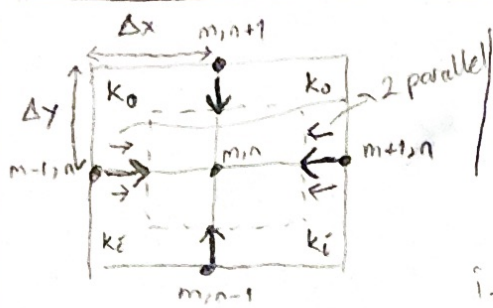
Same general form eq'n as (4) but with data:

$h = \begin{matrix} h_{cold air} = 25 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} \\ h_{inside air} = 4 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K} \end{matrix}, T_{\infty} = \begin{matrix} T_{\infty, cold air} = 4^{\circ}\text{C} \\ T_{\infty, inside air} = 24^{\circ}\text{C} \end{matrix}$

$k = k_{outer material} = 15 \text{ W/mK}$

6) Interface surface Nodes

5



if horizontal interface as depicted in the left

harmonic mean conduction in y-dir: $\frac{k_1 k_2}{k_1 + k_2}$

average conduction in x-dir: $\frac{k_1 + k_2}{2}$

if vertical interface

harmonic mean conduction in x-dir

average conduction in y-dir.

$$\sum q_{in} = k_0 (\Delta x \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y/2} + k_i (\Delta x \cdot 1) \frac{(T_{m,n-1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y/2} +$$

$$(k_0 (\Delta y/2 \cdot 1) + k_i (\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1)) (T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n}) + (k_0 (\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1) + k_i (\frac{\Delta y}{2} \cdot 1)) (T_{m-1,n} - T_{m,n})$$

simplification yields;

for horizontal interface;

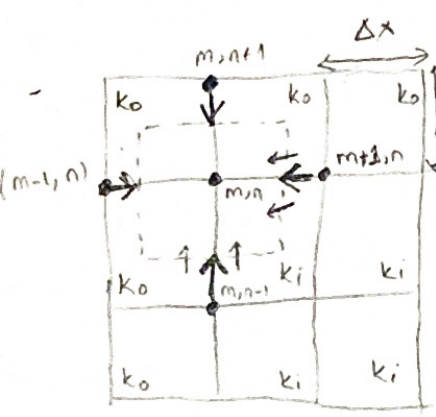
$$\underbrace{4k_0 k_i [T_{m,n+1} + T_{m,n-1}]}_{\text{homogenous nodes}} + \underbrace{(k_0 + k_i)^2 [T_{m-1,n} + T_{m+1,n}]}_{\text{interface nodes}} + [4k_i k_0 + 2(k_i + k_0)^2] T_{m,n} = 0$$

similarly for vertical interface

where $k_i = 45 \text{ W/mK}$

$k_0 = 15 \text{ W/mK}$

7) Interface Corner Nodes without convection



$\sum q_{in} =$ Conduction thru 2 homogeneous material sections + Conduction thru 2 interface materials (parallel flow) = 0

$$\frac{k_0 (\Delta x \cdot 1) (T_{m,n+1} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta y/2} + \frac{k_0 (\Delta y \cdot 1) (T_{m-1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x/2} +$$

$$\frac{(k_0 + k_i) (\frac{\Delta y \cdot 1}{2}) (T_{m+1,n} - T_{m,n})}{\Delta x/2} + \frac{(k_0 + k_i) (\frac{\Delta x \cdot 1}{2}) (T_{m,n-1} - T_{m,n})}{(\Delta y/2)} = 0$$

Where $k_i = 45 \text{ W/mK}$
 $k_0 = 15 \text{ W/mK}$