

# Linguistic Understanding of Complaints and Praises in User Reviews

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## Introduction & Goals

- Traditional sentiment analysis does not account for *informativeness* of opinion texts.
- For many real-world applications such as *social listening*, *brand monitoring* and *e-commerce platforms*, the opinions that really matter are opinions describing why something is good or bad.
- Our goal:** Understand linguistic properties of *complaints* and *praises* - an informative subset of the negative and positive categories.
  - Study performed in the context of user reviews
  - We investigate several properties: (1) length property; (2) noun and adjective usage; (3) past tense usage (4) negation usage; (5) intensifier usage and (6) causal links.
  - We contrast the properties of complaint and praise sentences with negative only or positive only sentences.

## Methods

- We defined 4 main categories:
  - NegativeOnly** – Negative sentence but not a complaint

**Example:** “This is not a good company, stay away!”
  - Complaint** – Describes why something is bad

**Example:** “This company takes your payment but on the day of the scheduled job, they don’t appear.”
  - PositiveOnly** – Positive sentence without much information

**Example:** “I really love that restaurant, its awesome”
  - Praise** – Describes why something is good

**Example:** “This restaurant has delicious tacos and the ambience is amazing!”
- For each category: manually gathered 500 review sentences from various review sources.
- Analyzed various properties of the sentences in each category

## Results

### Sentence Length Analysis

- Average # words in praise sentences: **15.54**
- Average # words in complaint sentences: **15.75**
- Average # words in positive only sentences: **10.33**
- Average # words in negative only sentences: **10.25**
- Bottom line:** praise sentences and complaints more verbose than positive only or negative only sentences.

### Noun and Adjective Usage

Nouns	Avg. Per Sentence	Adjective	Avg. Per Sentences
NegativeOnly	1.87	NegativeOnly	0.972
Complaint	3.36	Complaint	1.500
PositiveOnly	2.16	PositiveOnly	1.164
Praise	3.56	Praise	2.086

#### Bottom line for nouns:

- NegativeOnly** and **PositiveOnly** categories - 1 noun per sentence
- Complaint** and **Praise** categories - 3 nouns or more per sentence.

#### Bottom line for adjectives:

- Most **praise** sentences use **2 or more adjectives**; most **complaint** sentences use a **single adjective**
- Reason1:** In a praise sentence, user’s tend to compliment more than one aspect of a topic within a single sentence.

**Example:** “This is a really lightweight machine and it is easy to assemble”.
- Reason2:** With complaints, users tend to elaborate why a single aspect of a topic is bad.

**Example:** ““This machine was really hard to put together, the screws don’t fit so I sent it back”.

## Past Tense Analysis

Avg. Past Tense per Sentence	NegativeOnly	Complaint	PositiveOnly	Praise
	0.63	<b>1.26</b>	0.55	0.68

#### Bottom line:

- On average, every complaint sentence uses at least 1 past tense.
- Reason:** Within a complaint, a user is often explaining away why something was bad and what their actions were in response to the situation, which is usually something in the past.

## Intensifier Usage

% Sentences containing intensifiers	NegativeOnly	Complaint	PositiveOnly	Praise
	13.40%	16.80%	14.80%	<b>20.60%</b>

#### Bottom line:

- Intensifiers are mostly used in praise sentences
- Reason1:** Praise sentences tend to couple multiple positive aspects into a single sentence

**Example:** “This is a really light phone and super easy to use!”
- Reason2:** Users tend to over emphasize positive points and state negative points more in a matter of fact fashion

## Causal Transitions (because, since, as, therefore..)

% Sentences containing causal transitions	NegativeOnly	Complaint	PositiveOnly	Praise
	16.40%	<b>28.20%</b>	16.60%	23.80%

#### Bottom line:

- There is a much stronger relationship between **causal transitions** and the **complaints** category
- Reason:** Complaints tend to have more explicit description on what caused something to be bad or reaction in response to something negative.