

Configuring Standalone Linear Power Path Chargers

Sharafadeen Raheem

ABSTRACT

In this application report, proper configuration of standalone power path linear chargers will be discussed as well as the different mode these chargers have. Power Path chargers have an advantage over Non Power Path chargers due to the extra FET between the SYS rail and the BAT pin. This gives priority to the System which allows for system startup with a depleted battery and proper battery termination.

Contents 2 3 6 7 References 5 **List of Figures** 2

Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.



Introduction www.ti.com

1 Introduction

The BQ2407X family of devices is a popular Power Path standalone linear charger used in applications that require 1.5A or less charging current. Since these devices are standalone, most of the important parameters like input current limit, charge current and charge timers can be configured using external resistors. The family also has different options depending on the application.

2 Configuring 1.2A Fast Charge

To configure the BQ2407x, a few calculations will need to be done to get the resistors that would be used to program the desired values. Parameters that need to be programmed include the input current limit R_{ILIM} , the fast charge current R_{ISET} , the fast charge timer R_{TMR} , and in some devices like the BQ24074 where the termination current can be programmed, R_{ITERM} . Since the termination current depends on the fast charge current in the BQ24074, R_{ITERM} should be changed when R_{ISET} is changed to have the same termination current.

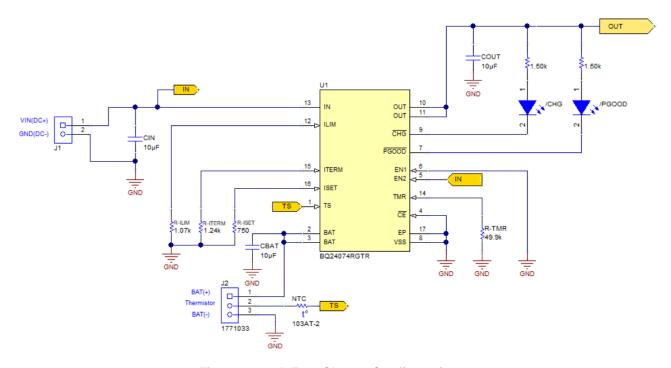


Figure 1. 1.2A Fast Charge Configuration

- ILIM set to 1.5A with R_{ILIM} = KILIM / ILIM = 1610 / 1.5A = 1.07k Ω
- ICHG set to 1.2A with R $_{\text{ISET}}$ = KISET / ICHG = 890 / 1.2 = 750Ω
- ITERM set to 0.05A with $R_{ITERM} = (ITERM * RISET) / KITERM = (0.05 * 750) / 0.03 = 1.25k\Omega$
- Charge timer set to **6.65 hours**; $R_{TMR} = (Time * 3600)/(10 * K_{TMR}) = (6.65 * 3600)/(10 * 48) = 49.9k\Omega$
- EN2 set High and EN1 set Low to set input current through ILIM
- KILIM, KISET, KITERM and K_{TMR} are obtained from the data sheet



3 Configuring USB100 and USB500 Mode

To set the device in USB500 mode, the EN1 pin should be pulled high and the EN2 pin should be pulled low as shown in Figure 2. In this mode, the ILIM setting is ignored with the input current and the charge current limited to 500 mA. In USB100 mode, the input current limit is set to 100 mA. To set the device in USB100 mode, set both EN1 and EN2 low. In USB mode, the input voltage is monitored with the input current being dynamically reduced when the input voltage drops below the VIN-DPM threshold to prevent the input voltage from crashing below the threshold voltage. ITERM can be set with a resistor or left floating to set the termination current to the default of 10% ICHARGE.

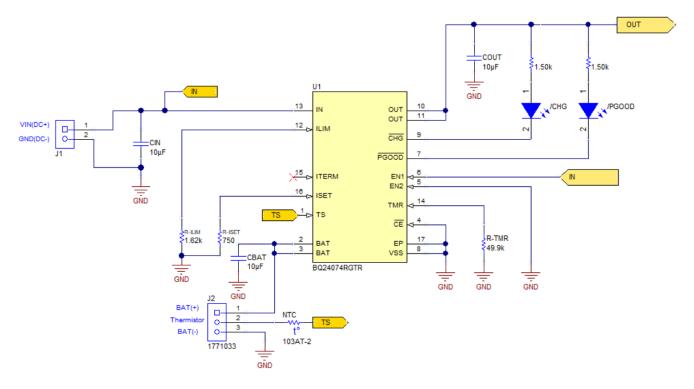


Figure 2. USB500 Mode

4 BQ2407x Optional Functions

The BQ2407x family of devices have optional features on pin 15 of each device. These functions on pin 15 of the device allows the devices to be used in a variety of applications.

Part Number	Optional Function	Use
BQ24072	TD	Charge termination can be disabled by pulling the TD pin high. Charge termination is enabled when TD is connected to VSS. Note the TD is internally pulled down with a 285 k Ω resistor
BQ24073		
BQ24074	ITERM	The ITERM pin can be used to adjust the charge termination current by connecting a 0Ω to 15 k Ω resistor. If ITERM is left unconnected, the termination current is set to 10% of the fast charge current.
BQ24075	SYSOFF	The FET between BAT and the Output can be turned off
BQ24076		by setting SYSOFF high. Setting SYSOFF low put the device in normal operation. SYSOFF is internally pulled
BQ24078		up to BAT.
BQ24079		



5 Common R_{ILIM} and R_{ISET} Values for BQ2407x

Input Current Limit	R _{ILIM}	Fast Charge Current	R _{ISET}
-	-	100 mA	8.87kΩ
200 mA	7.68kΩ	200 mA	4.42kΩ
300 mA	5.11kΩ	300 mA	2.94kΩ
400 mA	3.83kΩ	400 mA	2.21kΩ
500 mA	3.24kΩ	500 mA	1.78kΩ
600 mA	2.67kΩ	600 mA	1.47kΩ
700 mA	2.32kΩ	700 mA	1.27kΩ
800 mA	2kΩ	800 mA	1.1kΩ
900 mA	1.78kΩ	900 mA	976Ω
1000 mA	1.62kΩ	1000 mA	887Ω
1100 mA	1.47kΩ	1100 mA	806Ω
1200 mA	1.33kΩ	1200 mA	750Ω
1300 mA	1.24kΩ	1300 mA	681Ω
1400 mA	1.15kΩ	1400 mA	634Ω
1500 mA	1.07kΩ	1500 mA	590Ω

6 Common R_{ILIM} and R_{ISET} Values for BQ2423x

Input Limit Current	R _{ILIM}	Fast Charge Current	R _{ISET}
-	-	100 mA	8.66k
200 mA	7.68k	200 mA	4.32k
300 mA	5.11k	300 mA	2.87k
400 mA	3.83k	400 mA	2.15k
500 mA	3.09k	500 mA	1.74k

7 Frequently Asked Questions

Q: Why is my device not charging?

A: Things that could prevent the charger from charging the battery include /CE pin not being low, the TS voltage not being between 0.3 V and 2.1 V, having the load current as high as the input current limit can cause the device to go into supplement mode.

Q: My charging current is lower than expected

A: Ensure the device is not in thermal regulation which will reduce the charge current. Remove the load on the OUT pin to reduce the power dissipated in the IC. Measure the IN and OUT voltage to ensure the device is not in VIN-DPM or DPPM mode respectively. The charge current will be reduced if either of these modes are active. For more details on VIN-DPM and DPPM, see *Dynamic Power Path Management and Dynamic Power Management*.

Q: Why does my output shutoff when more than 3A from OUT on the BQ2407x?

A: The device has OUT short detection which turns off the FET between BAT and OUT when the short circuit is asserted. This happens when VBAT - VOUT > Vo(Ssc2), which is typically 250 mV. The voltage drop across the FET is due to the RDSON which is typically 50 m Ω .

Q: Can I reduce my NTC Hot trip point from 50°C to 45°C

A: Using external resistors and equation 8 in the BQ2407x Standalone 1-Cell 1.5-A Linear Battery Charger with PowerPath Data Sheet, the range can be expanded but not reduced on the BQ2407x devices. The BQ2407xT offers this flexibility.



www.ti.com References

Q: When is DPPM and VIN-DPM available?

A: VIN-DPM is only available when in either USB-100 or USB-500 mode with the input voltage input being monitored. DPPM is always available with the OUT voltage being monitored. If the input or charge current is being reduced in ILIM mode, this will be due to DPPM mode so the OUT voltage should be checked.

Q: What happens if i set my charge current higher than my input current limit?

A: The battery will be charge at the rate of the input current limit as long as there is no load on OUT.

Q: Why do i see 0V on TS pin with a resistor on TS?

A: Check to make sure there is no short on the pin. After that, check to make sure you have the BQ2407x and BQ2407xT.

Q: What is the difference between the BQ2407x and BQ2407xT family of devices?

A: The BQ2407x devices have a current based NTC monitoring while the BQ2407xT has a voltage based NTC monitoring that requires a pullup to a voltage source.

Q: Does the BQ2407x family have BUVLO?

A: The devices don't have BUVLO. Protection will need to be added to prevent over-discharge of the battery.

Q: Should I be worried about current leaking from BAT or OUT to the IN pin?

A: There are 2 back to back FETs on the input with backgate control to prevent against this.

8 References

- Texas Instruments: Dynamic Power Path Management and Dynamic Power Management
- Texas Instruments: BQ2407x Standalone 1-Cell 1.5-A Linear Battery Charger with PowerPath Data Sheet



Revision History www.ti.com

Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original (March 2019) to A Revision		Page	
•	Updates were made in Section 7	4	1

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

Tl's products are provided subject to Tl's Terms of Sale (www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such Tl products. Tl's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter Tl's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for Tl products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated