

What is Systems Manager

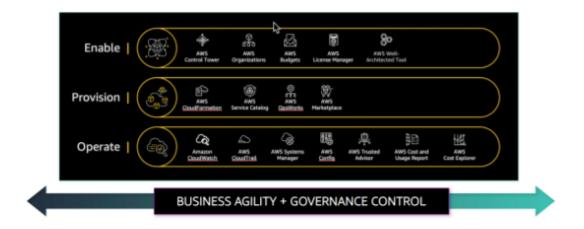
- A set of fully managed AWS services and capabilities
- Automated configuration and ongoing management of systems at scale
- Acceleration of your cloud journey
- Flexible, easy-to-use, automation-focused approach

Key Benefits to AWS Systems Manager

- 1. Hybrid
- 2. Cross-platform support
- 3. Scalable
- 4. AWS optimized
- 5. No complex licensing models

What problems does it solve

- Traditional IT toolsets are not designed or built for cloud scale.
- Deploying and maintaining multiple management products is a significant operational overhead.
- 3. Licensing adds costs and complexity.



AWS Management and Governance Services

- Run Command
- State Manager
- Inventory
- Patch Manager
- Maintenance Window
- Automation

- Parameter Store
- Session Manager
- OpsCenter
- Explorer
- Change Calendar
- Distributor

Systems Manager capabilities

Systems Manager building blocks

- Simple Systems Manager (SSM) agent on Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2)
- Documents

Prerequisites

- Access control
 - Privileges to manage the service
 - Instance profile role
- SSM agent
- Connectivity to the Systems Manager service

SSM Agent

SSM agent is preinstalled, by default, on the following Amazon Machine Images (AMIs):

- Windows Server 2003–2012 R2 AMIs published in November 2016 or later
- Windows Server 2016 and 2019
- Amazon Linux
- Amazon Linux 2
- Ubuntu Server 16.04
- Ubuntu Server 18.04

Systems Manager Service Connectivity

- Internet connectivity
- Amazon Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC) endpoints

Managed Instance Registrations

- Register new Amazon EC2 instances at launch
- Register existing, long-running instances
- Register on-premises servers to Systems Manager

AWS Systems Manager Quick Setup

- AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) instance profile roles for Systems Manager
- · A scheduled, biweekly update of SSM agent
- A scheduled collection of inventory metadata every 30 minutes
- · A daily scan of your instances to identify missing patches
- A one-time installation and configuration of the Amazon CloudWatch agent
- · A scheduled, monthly update of the CloudWatch agent

AWS Systems Manager: Run Command

- Remotely and securely run configuration actions at scale
 - Hybrid
 - · No inbound network ports
 - · Access control = authorization
 - Auditable
- · Accessible via:
 - · AWS Management Console
 - · AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI)
 - · Any of the AWS software development kits (SDKs)



What is Run Command?

How does run command work?

- Managed instance
- Document
- Command invocation



Run Command Use Cases

- · Monitoring your systems
- · Joining instances to a domain
- · On-demand patching
- · Deploying code to instances
- · Process management
- · Run bootstrap scripts on applications
- · User and account management
- · Countless other use cases



AWS Systems Manager: State Manager

What is state manager

Secure and scalable configuration management service



State manager use cases

- · Enabling or disabling a service
- Ensuring desired state is continuously applied, such as closing ports on a firewall
- · Collecting inventory
- Running scripts on Windows or Linux managed instances throughout their lifecycle
- · Running antivirus scans
- · Countless other use cases



Example: Maintain Compliance with Ansible Playbooks

+ Maintain compliance by running ansible playbooks that define and enforce the desired state

AWS Systems Manager: Patch Manager

- Simplify operating system and application patching process
- · Select patches to deploy
 - · Whitelist or blacklist specific patches
- · Specify timing to roll out
- · Control instance reboots
- · Report patching compliance
- Schedule automatic rollout with Maintenance Windows



Patch Manager Benefits

- Hybrid
- · Operating system and application patching
- Supports for Windows Server, Ubuntu Server, Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL), SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES), CentOS, Amazon Linux, and Amazon Linux 2
- · Scan, or scan and install, missing patches
- No additional cost for patching Amazon EC2 instances
- No additional cost for OS patching of on-premises resources**

** Limits may appl

How does patch manager work?

- · Managed instance prerequisites
 - · SSM agent installed
 - · Permissions granted via IAM
 - · Connectivity with Systems Manager endpoints
 - · Patch Group tags added
- · Configure patch baselines
 - · Define approval rules
 - · Whitelist/blacklist specific patches
 - · Associate Patch Group tags
- · Create a Maintenance Window
- · Review patch compliance



AWS Systems Manager: Maintenance Windows

What is Maintenance Window?

- · Capability to schedule tasks
 - · Patching an OS
 - · Updating drivers
 - Installing software
 - Creating AMIs



How does Maintenance Window work?

- · Define a schedule
- · Specify the duration
- · Register a set of targets
- Register a set of tasks, including:
 - Run Command
 - Automation
 - · Lambda function
 - Step Functions

AWS Systems Manager: Parameter Store

What is Parameter Store?

- · Provides secure and hierarchical storage for:
 - · Configuration data
 - Secrets data
- · You can store:
 - · Passwords, license codes, database strings, etc.
- Can be stored encrypted or in plaintext; can be accessed programmatically, from the AWS Console, or AWS CLI
- · Highly scalable, available, and durable
- Auditable
- · Native integration with IAM



AWS Systems Manager: inventory

What is AWS Systems Manager Inventory?

- · Collect instance details and OS details
 - · Applications installed
 - · Network configuration
 - Updates installed
 - · Monitor file paths
 - · Monitor Windows services and roles
 - · Monitor Windows registry keys
 - · Billing information
 - Custom inventory
- Aggregate data using Resource Data Sync
- · Integrates with AWS Config



How does inventory work?

- · Managed instance prerequisites:
 - SSM agent installed
 - · Granted permissions via IAM
 - · Connectivity with Systems Manager endpoints
- Setup inventory
 - · Define targets
 - Specify schedule
 - · Define type of data to gather
- · Create Resource Data Sync
- · Enable AWS Config recording



AWS Systems Manager: Automation

What AWS Systems Manager Automation?

- Platform to orchestrate operational playbooks
- · Manage any AWS resource across accounts/Regions
- · Orchestrate dynamic playbooks
- Standardize and share playbooks across organization
- · Safe at-scale operations
- · Integrates with AWS Config, AWS Service Catalog, and others

Automation Benefits

- · Auditable service
- · Native IAM integration
- · Enhanced operations security
- · Ability to share best practices via automation playbooks
- · Enhanced integration
 - Ability to call and run AWS API actions, such as creating an AWS CloudFormation stack
 - · Ability to run a script (PowerShell, Python)
 - · AWS Service Catalog self-service actions like reboot RDS
- · Automation at scale

Automation common use cases

- · Automating the creation of golden AMIs
- Handling one-click configuration tasks, such as configuring Amazon S3 buckets
- Performing routine maintenance tasks, such as patching AutoScaling groups
- · Automatically remediating resources through AWS Config
- · Stopping Amazon EC2 instances with approvals
- Taking backups of resources, such as DynamoDB or RDS

How does Automation work?

- · Assumes current user context by default
- · Option to specify service role
- Leverage AWS playbooks
- · Create custom Automation documents
 - · Define actions to perform
 - · Provide dynamic parameters
 - · Conditionally branch based on step results
 - · Configure approvals as part of workflow
- · Run the Automation playbook
 - · Multi-account and multi-Region
 - · Register as a Maintenance Window task
 - · Automatic remediation with AWS Config

AWS Systems Manager: Distributor

What is distributor

- · Securely store and distribute software packages
 - · Software agents
 - Applications
 - Drivers
- Simplify and scale distribution
 - · Central repository with version control
 - · Share with other AWS accounts
 - · Control access to packages using IAM
- · Install on demand or on a schedule
- · Install automatically on new instances

How does Distributor work?

- · Managed Instance prerequisites:
 - SSM agent installed
 - · Granted permissions via IAM
 - · Connectivity with Systems Manager endpoints
- · Create a package
 - · Specify Amazon S3 bucket to store package
 - · Provide software files (rpm, MSI, or deb)
 - · Specify platform, version, and architecture
 - · Validate install/uninstall/update scripts
- · Install package
 - · One time using Run Command
 - · Scheduled install with State Manager associations

AWS Systems Manager: Explorer

What is AWS Systems Manager Explorer?

- · View operations data across AWS accounts/Regions
- · Gain insight into operations issues
 - · Sort by category
 - · Monitor issue trends over time
- · Provides summary of Amazon EC2 instances
 - · Amazon Machine Image (AMI) used to launch
 - · Patch compliance state
- · Integrates with AWS Organizations
- · Create customized reports

How does Explorer work?

- · Aggregated and customizable view of OpsData
- · Configure OpsCenter rules
- Configure OpsData sources
 - Systems Manager patch compliance
 - · Amazon EC2 metadata via AWS Config
 - · OpsCenter OpsItems
- · Synchronize OpsData in AWS Organizations
- · Export OpsData to Amazon S3

AWS Systems Manager: Change Calendar

What is AWS Systems Manager Change Calendar?

- Create calendars
 - · Open or closed by default
- Define important business events
 - · Prevent potentially disruptive actions
 - · Whitelist or blacklist specific times or days
- · Share calendars across AWS accounts

How does change calendar work?

- Create calendar
- · Add scheduled events
- · Query calendar state using Automation
 - · If open, continue
 - · If closed, block actions
- Include approval-based override actions

Thank you!