1. Consider the recursion:

$$U_{i+1} = (U_{i-17} - U_{i-5}).$$

In the event that $U_i < 0$, set $U_i = U_i + 1$.

- (a) Use linear congruence generator to generate the first 17 values of U_i .
- (b) Then generate the values of U_{18} , U_{19} , ..., U_N for N=1000, 10000, and 100000 based on the recursion above.
- (c) For each N, plot histogram. What are your observations?
- (d) For each N, plot (U_i, U_{i+1}) . What are your observations?
- 2. Consider the exponential distribution with CDF

$$F(x) = 1 - e^{-x/\theta}, x \ge 0,$$

where $\theta > 0$.

- (a) Generate X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_N from the above distribution for N = 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000.
- (b) For each value of N, plot the empirical CDF (definition is given below) of these generated values, and the actual distribution function (using the above formula). Defn: Let x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_N be sample observations. Then the empirical CDF at $x \in \mathbb{R}$ is defined

$$F_N(x) = \frac{\#\{i : x_i \le x\}}{N}.$$

- (c) Provide the corresponding values of the sample mean and variance. Compare the values of mean and variance to see whether they converge to actual values.
- 3. Consider the Arcsin law with the distribution:

$$F(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \arcsin \sqrt{x}$$
, $0 \le x \le 1$.

- (a) Generate $X_1, X_2, ..., X_N$ from the above distribution for N = 10, 100, 1000, 10000, 100000.
- (b) For each value of N, plot the empirical CDF of these generated values, and the actual distribution function (using the above formula).
- (c) Provide the corresponding values of the sample mean and variance.
- 4. Using the algorithm to generate random variables from a discrete distribution, generate 100000 random numbers from a discrete uniform distribution on $\{1, 3, 5, \ldots, 9999\}$. Tabulate the frequency of each observed values.