$$\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{(x+6)^2 + 25}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} ((x+6)^2 + 25)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} ((x+2)^2 + 25)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} ((x+6)^2 + 25]$$

$$= \frac{d}{2} ((x+6)^2 + \frac{d}{2} (25)$$

$$= \frac{2(x+6) \cdot d}{2} (x+6) + \frac{d}{2} (x+6) + \frac{d}{2} (x+6)$$

$$= \frac{2(x+6) \cdot (x+6)}{2} + 25$$

$$= \frac{2(x+6) \cdot (x+6)}{2} + 25$$

$$= \frac{2(x+6) \cdot (x+6)}{2} + 25$$

$$= \frac{2(x+6)}{2} \cdot (x+6)^2 + 25$$

$$= \frac{x+6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^2 + 25}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{x+6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^2+25}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left[ x+6 \right] \cdot \sqrt{(x+6)^2+25} - (x+6) \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left[ (x+6)^2+25 \right]$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt{6}(x^2) + \frac{d}{dx})(x^2)}{(x+6)^2+25} - (x+6) \cdot \frac{1}{2} ((x+6)^2+25)^2 \cdot \frac{d}{2} \left[ (x+6)^2 + 25 \right]$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)(\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2+25)}{(x+6)(2(x+6) + \frac{1}{2}x^2)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)(x+6)^2}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)^2}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)^2}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$= \frac{(x+6)^2 + 25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{(x+6)^2}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$= \frac{25}{(x+6)^2+25} - \frac{25}{(x+6)^2+25}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} ((x-6)^2+121)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [(x-6)^2+121]^{\frac{1}{2}-1}, \frac{d}{dx} [(x-6)^2+121]$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} (x-6)^2 + \frac{d}{dx} (121)$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6) \cdot d}{dx} (x-6) + 0$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6) \cdot d}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6) \cdot (x-6)}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6) \cdot (x-6)}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6) \cdot (1-0)}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6)}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{2(x-6)}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$= \frac{x-6}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+121}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{x-6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^2+191}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{x-6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^2+191}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{x-6}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} - \frac{d}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} \right] = \frac{(x-6)\left(\frac{d}{dx}\left[x-6\right)^2+\frac{d}{dx}\left[(x-6)^2+191\right]}{2\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} = \frac{(x-6)\left(\frac{d}{dx}\left[x-6\right)^2+\frac{d}{dx}\left[x+6\right]+6\right)}{(x+6)^2+191} = \frac{(x-6)\left(\frac{d}{dx}\left[x-6\right)^2+\frac{d}{dx}\left[x+6\right]+6\right)}{(x+6)^2+191} = \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{(x+6)^2+191} = \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{(x+6)^2+191} = \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+191}} = \frac{(x-6)^2+191}{\sqrt{(x-6)^2+19$$

$$J = \sqrt{(x+6)^{2} + 25} + \sqrt{(x-6)^{2} + 121}$$

$$J' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\lambda}{dx} (\sqrt{(x+6)^{2} + 25}) + \frac{\lambda}{dx} (\sqrt{(x-6)^{2} + 121})$$

$$J' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^{2} + 25}} + \frac{\lambda-6}{\sqrt{(x-6)^{2} + 121}}$$
Equating  $J'$  to zero
$$\frac{x+6}{\sqrt{(x+6)^{2} + 25}} + \frac{x-6}{\sqrt{(x-6)^{2} + 121}} = 0$$

$$\sqrt{(x+6)^{2} + 25} = (x-6)^{2}$$

$$(x+6)^{2} + 121(x+6)^{2} = (x+6)^{2}(x-6)^{2} + 125(x-6)^{2}$$

$$121(x+6)^{2} = 25(x-6)^{2}$$

$$121x^{2} + 1452x + 4356 = 25x^{2} - 300x + 900$$

$$edlechng like terms$$

$$96x^{2} + 1752x + 3456 = 6$$

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$$96x^{2} + 1752x + 3456 = 6$$

$$edlechng like terms$$

$$y = -16, -2\cdot25$$
In order to determine the minimum of the roots, lets
$$x = -16, -2\cdot25$$
In order to determine the minimum of the roots, lets
$$y'' = \frac{25}{(x+6)^{2} + 25}^{3/2} + \frac{121}{(x-6)^{2} + 121}^{3/2}$$

$$y'' = \frac{25}{(x+6)^{2} + 25}^{3/2} + \frac{121}{(x-6)^{2} + 121}^{3/2}$$

$$4t = -16, y' = 0.02602; \text{ at } x = -2\cdot25, y'' = 0.1489$$
Hence,  $x = -16$  is the minimum value for  $Y$ .