



15 Impact Data Categories Checklist

The SDG Impact Standards ask you to set goals and analyze outcomes across the 5 dimensions of impact – WHAT, WHO, HOW MUCH, CONTRIBUTION, and RISK. To do that, the Standards and the Impact Management Project detail 15 data categories that help you consider information across all 5 dimensions.

Consider the 15 data categories a useful checklist, helping you think through the different kinds of data you may collect. In practice, few organizations decide to collect and manage data across ALL 15 categories. But whether you are starting from scratch or evaluating an impact management structure you already have in place, the categories can serve as a frame to determine what trade-offs you may need to make, and how you can strive to collect more complete data over time, to enable better decision-making.

WHAT



Outcome level

The level of outcome experienced by the Stakeholder when engaging with your enterprise. The outcome level measures some aspect of wellbeing that can be positive or negative, intended or unintended.



Outcome threshold

Level of outcome that is “good enough” according to societal goals or ecological limits. Outcome threshold defines the acceptable range for the outcome; performance outside the acceptable range is negative/unsustainable, performance within the acceptable range is positive/sustainable. Can be set locally, nationally or internationally, and should represent the affected Stakeholder’s perspective.



Importance of outcome to stakeholder

The Stakeholder’s view of whether the outcome they experience is important (relative to other outcomes). Where possible, the people experiencing the outcome provide this data, although third party research may also be considered. For the environment, scientific research provides this view.



SDG target

The specific SDG target(s) that the outcome relates to; an outcome may relate to more than one SDG target, or may relate to sustainable development outcomes other than SDG targets.

WHO



Stakeholder

Type of stakeholder experiencing the impact



Geographic boundary

Geography where the Stakeholder experiences the outcome



Outcome level at baseline

Level of outcome being experienced by a Stakeholder before engaging with, or otherwise being affected by, your intervention. Note that stakeholders experiencing an outcome level below threshold are considered “underserved.”



Stakeholder characteristics

Socio-demographic, behavioral, and ecosystem characteristics of the Stakeholders that enable segmentation.



HOW MUCH



Scale

represents the number of individuals experiencing the outcome



Depth

represents the degree of change experienced by the Stakeholder, between the outcome level at baseline and the outcome level after the intervention.



Duration

represents the time period over which a Stakeholder experiences an outcome.



CONTRIBUTION



**Depth
Counterfactual**

is the estimated degree of change that would have happened anyway – without the enterprise.



**Duration
counterfactual**

is the estimated time period for which the outcome would have lasted anyway – without the enterprise.



RISK



**Risk
Type**
















The type of risk that may undermine delivery of the expected impact



**Risk
Level**

Risk level is assessed by combining the likelihood of the risk occurring, and the severity of the consequence for stakeholders if it does

Checklist: Document the data categories you already collect, and what additional data you could add across categories. This template includes examples from a maternity clinic serving women in South Africa to illustrate each data category.

SDG Outcome:	Reduce infant mortality	
 Outcome level	2% infant mortality rate	
 Outcome threshold	1.2% infant mortality defined by SDG 3.2	
 Importance of outcome to stakeholder	Extremely important. Any infant mortality is considered too much for the family.	
 SDG target	SDG 3.2	
 Stakeholder	Prenatal and post-natal mothers and their infants	
 Geographic boundary	Rural areas in South Africa	
 Outcome level at baseline	4% infant mortality rate	
 Stakeholder characteristics	Women in rural South Africa, 14-40 years old, first time & repeat birthers, living below poverty line	
 Scale	2000 pregnant mothers per year and their infants	
 Depth	2% infant mortality compared to 4% at baseline before clinic opened	
 Duration	95% of infants who survive birth are still alive 5 years later	
 Depth counterfactual	Region has seen infant mortality decrease from 3% to 2.7% over the last 5 years	
 Duration counterfactual	On average, 95% of infants who survive birth are still alive 5 years later	
 Risk type	Execution risk if staff are not trained correctly/adequately, or there is staff turnover	
 Risk level	Medium likelihood of risk occurring, high consequences	

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 Depth	
 Duration	
 Depth counterfactual	
 Duration counterfactual	
 Risk type	
 Risk level	

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