

Mana

Ethereum client in Elixir

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Acknowledgements



Ethereum

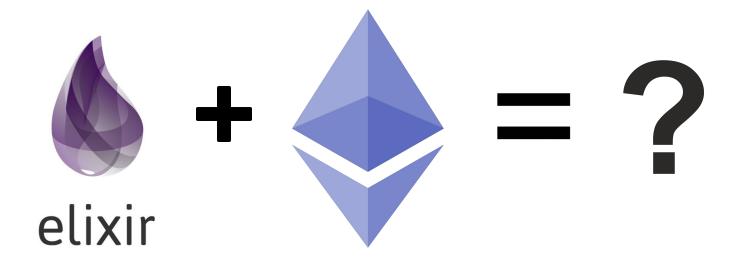


Ethereum clients

- Parity (Rust)
- Geth (Go)
- Pyethereum (Python)

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Is Elixir suitable for Ethereum?



Consensus algorithms

- Proof of Work
- Proof of Stake
- Proof of Authority

Proof of Work

- hard, useless problem
- a lot of computational power
- a significant amount of energy

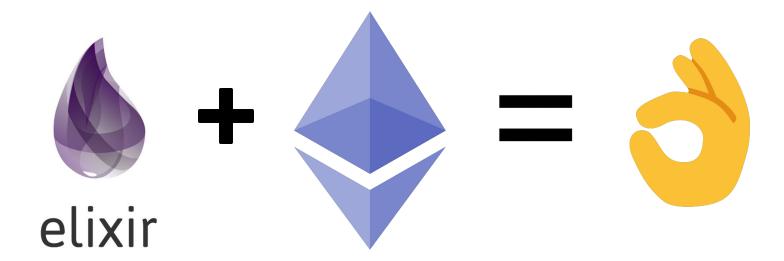
Proof of Stake

- depends on a validator's economic stake
- number of tokens you own matter
- small numbers of people own the majority of stakes

Proof of Authority

- modification of Proof of Stake
- identity as a stake
- verified personal identities

Is Elixir suitable for Ethereum?



Mana





Project structure

- ExRLP
- MerklePatriciaTree
- EVM
- Blockchain
- ExWire

EXRLP

- Ethereum's homebrew binary encoding
- simplicity of implementation
- guaranteed absolute byte-perfect consistency

ExRLP - recursive length prefix

```
iex> [[[]], []] |> ExRLP.Encode.encode
defprotocol ExRLP.Encode do
                                                 <<195, 193, 192, 192>>
 def encode(value, options \\ [])
end
                                                 iex> [42, "eth"] |> ExRLP.Encode.encode
                                                  <<197, 42, 131, 101, 116, 104>>
defimpl ExRLP.Encode, for: BitString do
                                                 iex> [42, ["sun", "moon", 5]] |> ExRLP.Encode.encode
                                                  <<204, 42, 202, 131, 115, 117, 110, 132, 109, 111, 111, 110, 5>>
end
defimpl ExRLP.Encode, for: Integer do
end
defimpl ExRLP.Encode, for: List do
end
```

EXRLP

https://www.badykov.com/elixir/2018/05/06/rlp/

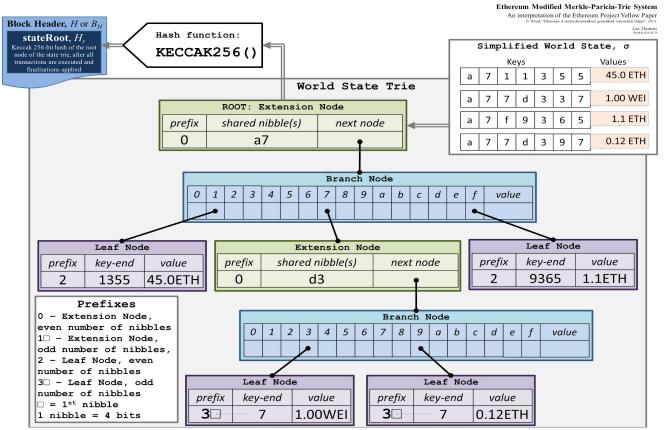
https://github.com/exthereum/ex_rlp



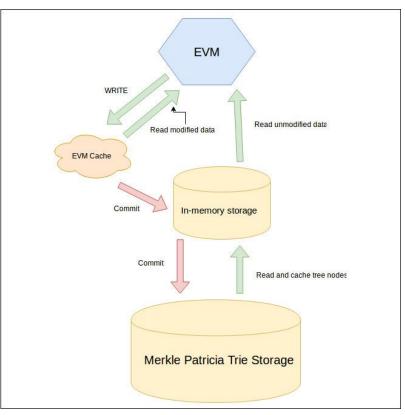
Merkle Patricia Tree (Trie)

- cryptographically authenticated data structure
- Key-value storage
- O(log(n)) efficiency for inserts, lookups and deletes

Merkle Patricia Tree (Trie)



Storage overview

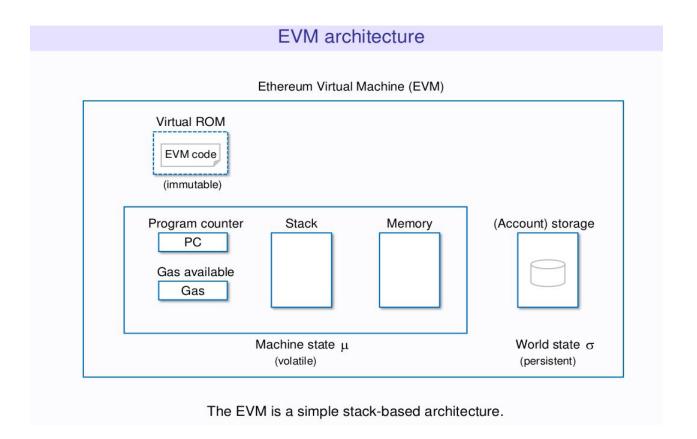


Storage in Ethereum

https://www.badykov.com/ethereum/2018/11/10/storage-in-ethereum/



- internal state and computation
- executes machine code compiled from Solidity, LLL etc
- stack machine, the stack has a maximum size of 1024



```
iex> code = <<96, 1, 96, 0, 1, 96, 0, 85>>
iex> code |> EVM.MachineCode.decompile
[:push1, 1, :push1, 0, :add, :push1, 0, :sstore]
```

```
iex> EVM.run(code)
stack:
operation: push1
stack:
[1]
operation: push1
stack:
[1, 0]
operation: add
stack:
[1]
operation: push1
stack:
[1, 0]
operation: sstore
stack:
```

https://www.badykov.com/elixir/2018/04/29/evm-basics/



Blockchain

- (1) Validate (or, if mining, determine) ommers;
- (2) validate (or, if mining, determine) transactions;
- (3) apply rewards;
- (4) verify (or, if mining, compute a valid) state and block nonce

Blockchain

```
errors = []
|> check_state_root_validity(child_block, block)
|> check_ommers_hash_validity(child_block, block)
|> check_transactions_root_validity(child_block, block)
|> check_gas_used(child_block, block)
|> check_receipts_root_validity(child_block, block)
|> check_logs_bloom(child_block, block)
```

Blockchain hardfork configuration

- Upgrades in Ethereum
- Way to introduce new changes to the chain

Blockchain hardfork configuration

```
defmodule EVM.Configuration do
 @moduledoc """
 Behaviour for hardfork configurations.
 @type t :: struct()
#EIP2
 @callback contract_creation_cost(t) :: integer()
# EIP150
 @callback extcodesize_cost(t) :: integer()
```

Blockchain hardfork configuration

https://www.badykov.com/ethereum/2018/12/29/elixir-behaviours-for-blockchain-har dfork-configuration/



ExWire

- RLPx
- DevP2P
- Eth Wire

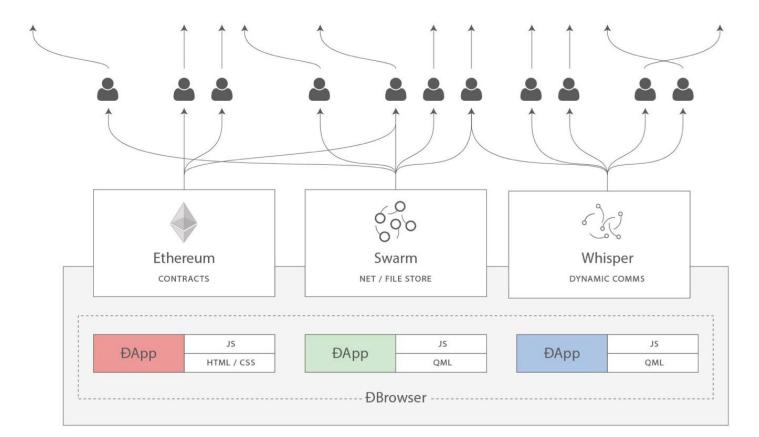
RLPx

- Node Discovery and Network Formation
- Encrypted handshake
- Encrypted transport
- Peer Reputation

DevP2P

- Hello
- Disconnect
- Ping
- Pong

Web3 protocols



Current state

- Passing all common tests
- Working p2p layer
- Working warp sync

Future directions

- JSON-RPC API
- Optimization
- Different consensus algorithms

Advantages of Elixir

- Concise syntax
- Concurrent execution
- Well-documented code

Things to improve for dev community

- Tests are not documented
- Backward compatability
- DevP2P documentation

More Libraries

- Ethereumex



- Ex_abi



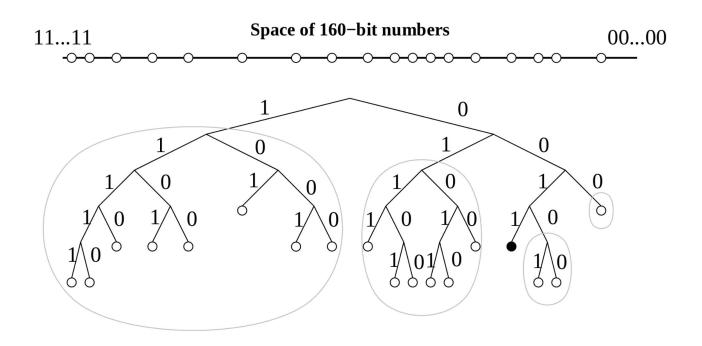
- BN



Who are using our projects

- OmiseGO
- Consensys
- AgileAlpha

Node Discovery. Kademlia



Node Discovery. Storage

- Nodes
- K-buckets
- Routing Table

Node Discovery. Protocol

- Ping
- Pong
- FindNeighbours
- Neighbours

- bucket size (k) = 16
- concurrenct (alpha) = 3
- number of buckets = 256

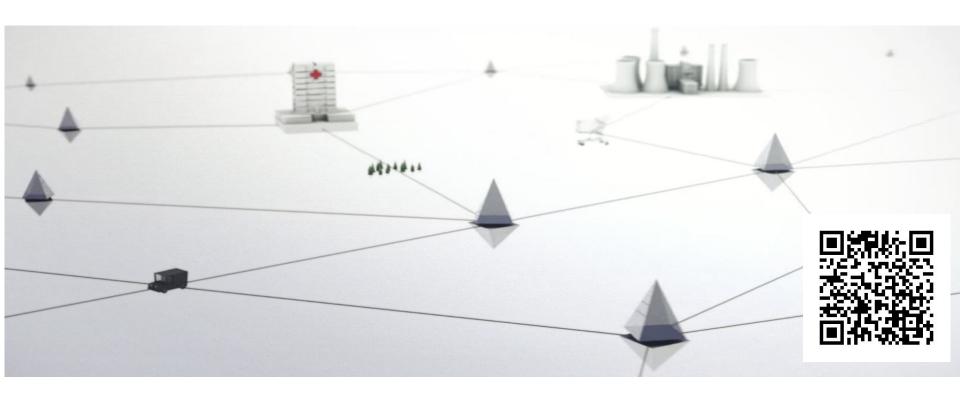
- ExWire.Network sends and receives messages.
- ExWire.Kademlia.Server encapsulates Kademlia algorithm's state.

```
def init(params) do
 {udp module, udp process name} = discovery param(params, :network adapter)
 kademlia name = discovery param(params, :kademlia process name)
 port = discovery param(params, :port)
 bootnodes = (params[:nodes] || nodes()) |> Enum.map(&Node.new/1)
 children = [
  {KademliaServer,
    name: kademlia name,
    current node: current node(),
    network client name: udp process name,
    nodes: bootnodes
  {udp module,
    name: udp process name,
    network module: {Network, [kademlia process name: kademlia name]},
    port: port
 Supervisor.init(children, strategy: :rest_for_one)
end
```

```
@spec refresh node(t(), Node.t(), Keyword.t()) :: {atom, t()}
 def refresh node(bucket = % MODULE {}, node, options \\ [time: :actual]) do
  cond do
   member?(bucket, node) -> {:reinsert node, node, reinsert node(bucket, node,
options)}
   full?(bucket) -> {:full bucket, last(bucket), bucket}
   true -> {:insert node, node, insert node(bucket, node, options)}
  end
 end
```

```
@spec start(RoutingTable.t(), [Node.t()]) :: RoutingTable.t()
def start(table, bootnodes \\ []) do
 table = add bootnodes(table, bootnodes)
 this round nodes = RoutingTable.discovery nodes(table)
 Enum.each(this_round_nodes, fn node ->
  find neighbours(table, node)
 end)
  table
   discovery_nodes: table.discovery_nodes ++
       this round nodes,
    discovery_round: table.discovery_round + 1
end
```

```
@spec add bootnodes(RoutingTable.t(), [Node.t()]) :: RoutingTable.t()
 defp add bootnodes(table, nodes) do
  Enum.reduce(nodes, table, fn node, acc ->
   RoutingTable.refresh node(acc, node)
  end)
 end
 @spec find neighbours(RoutingTable.t(), Node.t()) :: :ok
 defp find neighbours(table, node) do
  find neighbours = FindNeighbours.new(table.current node.public key)
  Network.send(find neighbours, table.network client name, node.endpoint)
 end
```



About me

Github: https://github.com/ayrat555

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Thanks!

https://github.com/poanetwork/mana

