





Ciclo de Requests

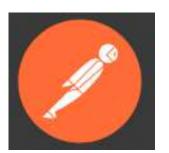
GET https://dummyjson.com/users/1 from rest_framework import serializers from .models import MockUser class MockUserSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer): class Meta: model = MockUser fields = ['id', 'username', 'email']













endpoint

urls

from django.urls import path, include from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter from .views import MockUserViewSet router = DefaultRouter() router.register(r'mock-users', MockUserViewSet) urlpatterns = [path('', include(router.urls)),



viewsets

class MockUserViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):

serializer_class = MockUserSerializer

queryset = MockUser.objects.all()



Serializers JSON=Django



modes



database



from django.db import models

```
class MockUser(models.Model):
    username = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    email = models.EmailField(unique=True)
    def __str__(self):
        return self.username
```









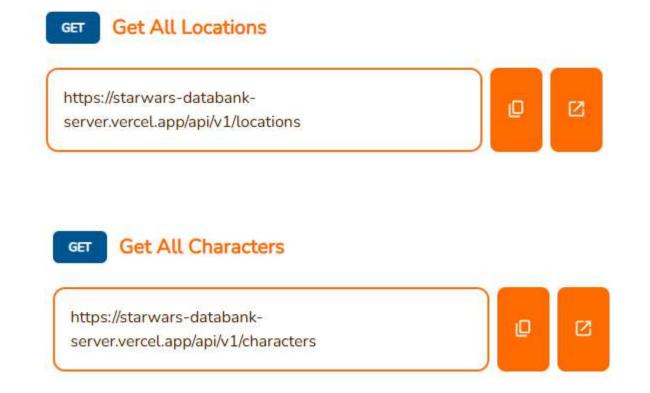
@fpftech.educacional

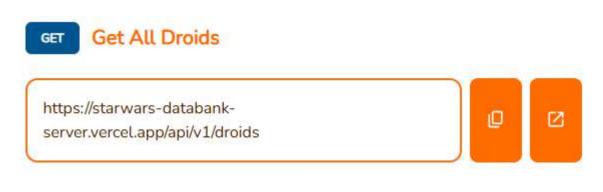




Star Wars Databank API

Endpoints









```
GET w https://starwars-databank-server.vercel.app/api/v1/droids
nment
                                               1 - {
     GET
                                             R 2 T
                                                     "info": {
                                                       "total": 60,
cates
                                                       "page": 1,
     POST
                                                       "limit": 10,
                                         REVIEW<sup>5</sup>
                                                       "next": "/api/v1/droids?page=2&limit=10",
     PUT
                                         /stanwa<sub>7</sub>
                                                       "prev": null
                                                     "data": [
     PATCH
                                         PARAMO -
                                                         " id": "640b304f916c6ff54731ed8a",
     DELETE
                                                         "name": "2-1B Droid",
                                                         "description": "2-1B droids were medical wonders, programmed to diagnose and treat
     OPTIONS
                                                   injuries and diseases that afflicted millions of species in the galaxy. 2-1B droids had
                                                   modular limbs that allowed them to use a range of surgical tools and other medical
                                         ne
                                                   instruments based on their patients' needs.".
     MEAD
                                                         "image": "https://lumiere-a.akamaihd.net/v1/images/2-1b-droid-main-
                                                   image 546a90ad.jpeg",
                                                         " v": 0
                                                         " id": "640b304f916c6ff54731ed8b",
                                                         "name": "Aqua Droid",
                                                         "description": "Manufactured by the Techno Union, these underwater fighting droids were
                                                  used by the Separatists during the Clone Wars to lay siege to aquatic planets like Kamino and
                                                   Mon Calamari. They were formidable opponents and effective at surprise attacks. Aqua droids
                                                   were more angular and stylized than standard battle droids, as well as excellent swimmers and
                                                  were equipped with retractable laser cannons.",
                                                         "image": "https://lumiere-a.akamaihd.net/v1/images/aqua-droid d9076338.jpeg",
                                                         " v": 0
```

Conectando postgres no django



Primeiramente necessita instalar a biblioteca psycopg2-binary

```
ipts> pip install psycopg2-binary
```

Modificar no settings.py a info da DATABASE:

```
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql_psycopg2',
        'NAME': 'database de vcs', # criar database antes
        'HOST': '127.0.0.1', # OU 'localhost'
        'PORT': '5432',
        'USER': 'postgres',
        'PASSWORD': 'senha de vcs' #escolhemos 'postgres'
}
```



```
from django.db import models
class ModelBase(models.Model):
  id = models.BigAutoField(
    db column='id',
    null=False,
    primary key=True
  created at = models.DateTimeField(
    db_column='dt_created',
    auto_now_add=True,
    null=True
```

```
modified_at = models.DateTimeField(
  db column='dt modified',
  auto_now=True,
  null=True
active = models.BooleanField(
  db column='cs active',
  null=False,
  default=True
class Meta:
  abstract = True
  managed = True
```

https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/

Feature	auto_now	auto_now_add
Update Timing	On every save	Only on initial creation
Use Case	Track last modification time	Track creation time
Field Type	DateField or DateTimeField	DateField or DateTimeField
Manual Override	No, always set to current time	No, always set to creation time
Default Value	Current date and time	Current date and time at creation
Editable in Admin	No	No
Overrides Previous Value	Yes, on every save	No, retains initial creation value
Common Field Names	updated_at, modified_at	created_at, date_created





```
class Client(ModelBase):
                                           rg = models.CharField(
                                             db_column= 'rg',
                                             max_lenght=12,
  name = models.CharField(
    db_column='description',
                                             null=False
    max lenght=70,
    null=False
                                            cpf = models.CharField(
                                             db_column='cpf',
                                             max_lenght=12,
  age = models.IntegerField(
    db_column='age',
                                             null=False
    null=False
```







```
class Product(ModelBase):
 description = models.TextField(
    db column='description',
    null=False
  quantity = models.IntegerField(
    db column='quantity',
    null=False,
    default=0
```

```
class Employee(ModelBase):
  name = models.CharField(
    db column='tx nome',
    max_length=70,
    null=False
  registration = models.CharField(
    db column='tx registro',
    max_length=15,
    null=False
```





```
class Sale(ModelBase):
```



```
product = models.ForeignKey(
  Product,
                                       employee = models.ForeignKey(
  db column='id_product',
                                         Employee,
  null=False,
                                         db column='id employee',
  on delete=models.DO NOTHING
                                         null=False,
                                         on delete=models.DO NOTHING
client = models.ForeignKey(
                                       nrf = models.CharField(
                                         db column='tx nrf',
  Client,
  db column='id client',
                                         max length=255,
                                         null=False
  null=False,
  on delete=models.DO NOTHING
```

Salvar no banco postgres



Django ORM (Object-Relational Mapping) é uma ferramenta que permite interagir com o banco de dados utilizando código Python ao invés de escrever SQL diretamente. Trabalha-se com objetos Python (modelos) em vez de tabelas e consultas SQL.

Django ORM (Object-Relational Mapping) é uma ferramenta que permite interagir com o banco de dados utilizando código Python ao invés de escrever SQL diretamente. Trabalha-se com objetos Python (modelos) em vez de tabelas e consultas SQL.

ects\djangoProject> python manage.py showmigrations

ts\djangoProject> python manage.py makemigrations

ts\djangoProject> python manage.py migrate





Salvar no banco postgres



```
Fig. and of a timpor continuous of approximation and a second of the sec
  File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap>", line 935, in _load_unlocked
  File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap_external>", line 1026, in exec_module
  File "<frozen importlib._bootstrap>", line 488, in _call_with_frames_removed
  File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\contrib\auth\models.py", line 5, in <module>
     from django.contrib.auth.base_user import AbstractBaseUser, BaseUserManager
   File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\contrib\auth\base_user.py", line 43, in <module>
      class AbstractBaseUser(models.Model):
      ...<123 lines>...
  File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\models\base.py", line 145, in __new__
      new_class.add_to_class("_meta", Options(meta, app_label))
      File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\models\base.py", line 373, in add_to_class
      value.contribute_to_class(cls, name)
   File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\models\options.py", line 238, in contribute_to_class
      self.db_table, connection.ops.max_name_length()
                               *****
   File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\utils\connection.py", line 15, in __getattr__
      return getattr(self._connections[self._alias], item)
                                File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\utils\connection.py", line 62, in __getitem__
      conn = self.create connection(alias)
  File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\utils.py", line 193, in create_connection
      backend = load_backend(db["ENGINE"])
  File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\utils.py", line 113, in load_backend
      return import_module("%s.base" % backend_name)
   File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\Lib\importlib\_init__.py", line 88, in import_module
      return _bootstrap._gcd_import(name[level:], package, level)
                  File "C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1\.venv\Lib\site-packages\django\db\backends\postgresql\base.py", line 29, in <module>
      raise ImproperlyConfigured("Error loading psycopg2 or psycopg module")
django.core.exceptions.ImproperlyConfigured: Error loading psycopg2 or psycopg module
```

Faltou instalar o psycopg2-binary







+ Create model Employee + Create model Product

+ Create model Sale

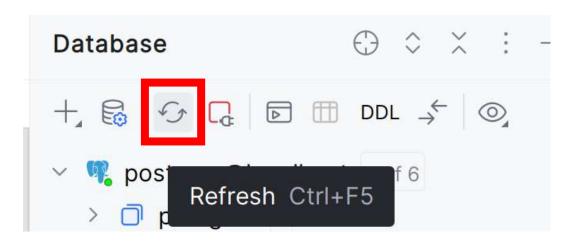


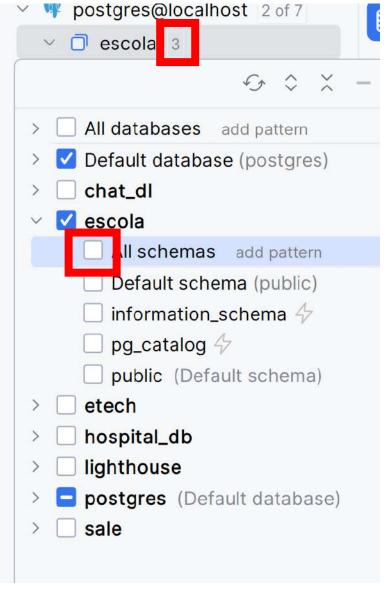
```
(.venv) PS C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1> python manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
 Apply all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, escola, sessions
Running migrations:
  Applying contenttypes.0001_initial... OK
  Applying auth.0001_initial... OK
  Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
 Applying admin.0002_logentry_remove_auto_add... OK
  Applying admin.0003_logentry_add_action_flag_choices... OK
  Applying contenttypes.0002_remove_content_type_name... OK
  Applying auth.0002_alter_permission_name_max_length... OK
  Applying auth.0003_alter_user_email_max_length... OK
  Applying auth.0004_alter_user_username_opts... OK
  Applying auth.0005_alter_user_last_login_null... OK
  Applying auth.0006_require_contenttypes_0002... OK
  Applying auth.0007_alter_validators_add_error_messages... OK
  Applying auth.0008_alter_user_username_max_length... OK
  Applying auth.0009_alter_user_last_name_max_length... OK
  Applying auth.0010_alter_group_name_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0011_update_proxy_permissions... OK
  Applying auth.0012_alter_user_first_name_max_length... OK
  Applying escola.0001_initial... OK
  Applying sessions.0001_initial... OK
```

```
[X] 0002_remove_conten
escola
[X] 0001_initial
```

Ver alterações no banco de dados postgres.







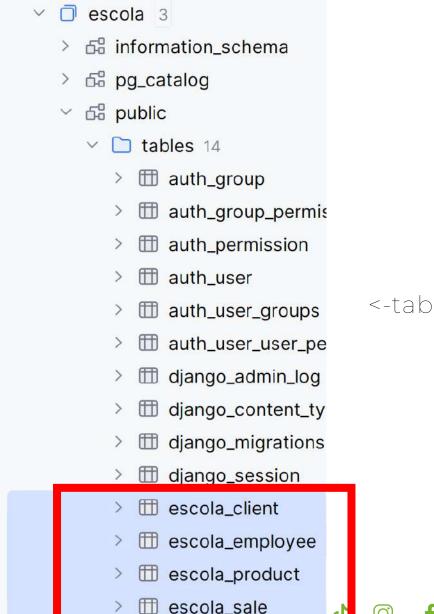




Ver alterações no banco de dados postgres.



Novas tabelas estão aqui (limpas ainda):



<-tabelas do django







Ver alterações no banco de dados postgres.

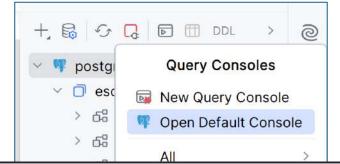


```
djangoProject1 C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProje
                                                                               import ...
   .venv library root
                                                                                                                                                                    <del>oool_romovo_doncon</del>
   djangoProject1
                                                                                                                                                          escola
                                                                                class Migration(migrations.Migration):
                                                                          8
                                                                                                                                                             [X] 0001_initial
       __init__.py
                                                                          9 6
                                                                                   initial = True
                                                                         18
       asgi.py
                                                                         11 6
                                                                                   dependencies = [
                                                                         12
       settings.py
                                                                         13
                                                                         14 6
                                                                                   operations = [
       urls.py
                                                                         15
                                                                                       migrations.CreateModel(
                                                                         16
                                                                                          name='Client',
       wsgi.py
                                                                         17
                                                                                          fields=[
                                                                         18
                                                                                              ('id', models.BigAutoField(db_column='id', primary_key=True, serialize=False)),
('created_at', models.DateTimeField(auto_now=True, db_column='dt_created', null=True)),
                                                                         20
                                                                                              ('modified_at', models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True, db_column='dt_modified', null=True)),
   21
                                                                                              ('active', models.BooleanField(db_column='cs_active', default=True)),
                                                                         22
                                                                                              ('name', models.CharField(db_column='tx_nome', max_length=70)),
           0001_initial.py
                                                                         23
                                                                                              ('age', models.IntegerField(db_column='nb_idade')),
                                                                                              ('rg', models.CharField(db_column='tx_rg', max_length=12)),
                                                                         24
           __init__.py
                                                                         25
                                                                                              ('cpf', models.CharField(db_column='tx_cpf', max_length=12)).
                                                                                          1,
                                                                         26
       __init__.pv
                                                                         27
                                                                                          options={
                                                                         28
                                                                                              'abstract': False.
       admin.pv
                                                                         29
                                                                                              'managed': True,
                                                                                          },
                                                                         30
       apps.py
                                                                         31
                                                                         32
                                                                                       migrations.CreateModel(
       models.py
                                                                         33
                                                                                          name='Employee',
                                                                         34
                                                                                          fields=[
       etests.pv
                                                                         35
                                                                                              ('id', models.BigAutoField(db_column='id', primary_key=True, serialize=False)),
                                                                                              ('created_at', models.DateTimeField(auto_now=True, db_column='dt_created', null=True)),
       views.pv
                                                                                              ('modified_at', models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True, db_column='dt_modified', null=True)),
                                                                         38
                                                                                              ('active', models.BooleanField(db_column='cs_active', default=True)),
   templates
                                                                                              ('name', models.CharField(db_column='tx_nome', max_length=70)),
                                                                         39
                                                                                              ('registration', models.CharField(db_column='tx_registro', max_length=15)),
                                                                         40
   ≡ db.sglite3
                                                                         41
                                                                         42
                                                                                          options={
   manage.py
                                                                         43
                                                                                              'abstract': False,
                                                                         44
                                                                                              'managed': True,
f External Libraries
                                                                         45
                                                                                          },
                                                                         46
```





Adicionando dados





_embre-se:

para rodar cada um, selecione e 'Ctrl + Enter'

```
console ×
descola.<schema> ∨ deconsole ∨
       INSERT INTO escola_client(tx_nome, nb_idade, tx_rg, tx
                                                                   escola
                                                                   postgres
       VALUES ('Fulano da Silva', 23, '123456-7', '123456789-
                                                                   Non-Introspected
 3
              ('Siclano da Silva', 41, '234567-8', '234567890
                                                                   chat_dl
                                                                   etech
       INSERT INTO escola_employee(tx_nome, tx_registro)
                                                                   hospital_db
       VALUES ('Beltrano dos Santos', '456789'),
                                                                   lighthouse
                                                                   cala
              ('Fulana Rosa', '345678');
                                                                   Set default search path
                                                                   (Enter)
       INSERT INTO escola_product(description, quantity)
       VALUES ('Aula de Ingles com material didático', 1),
10
              ('Material didático de Introdução a Física nível Ensino Superior',
```

Importante:

verifique se esses Ids existem antes de rodar -> esse. Se necessário, mude os ids.

'234567890-1'),

'345678901-2');



GET https://dummyjson.com/users/1 from rest_framework import serializers from .models import MockUser class MockUserSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer): class Meta: model = MockUser fields = ['id', 'username', 'email']

















viewsets

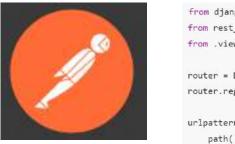


Serializers JSON=Django



models





request

```
from django.urls import path, include
from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter
from .views import MockUserViewSet
router = DefaultRouter()
router.register(r'mock-users', MockUserViewSet)
urlpatterns = [
    path('', include(router.urls)),
```

class MockUserViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet): queryset = MockUser.objects.all() serializer_class = MockUserSerializer

```
from django.db import models
class MockUser(models.Model):
    username = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    email = models.EmailField(unique=True)
    def __str__(self):
        return self.username
```











Framework DRF Configurando o Django REST Framework no projeto.



Framework REST



O Django Rest Framework é uma biblioteca do Django que facilita a criação de APIs RESTful. Ele é amplamente utilizado para o desenvolvimento de APIs na web, permitindo que desenvolvedores construam rapidamente Endpoints que seguem o padrão REST, de forma eficiente e organizada.

Serialização

Viewsets prontos para uso.

Interface browsable API

Bom padrões

Autenticação e Permissões

Paginação

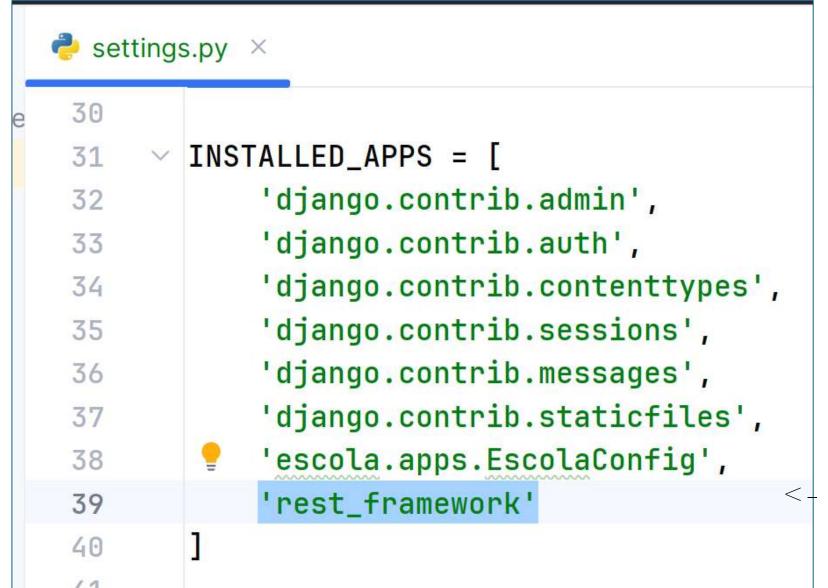
(.venv) PS C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmProjects\djangoProject1> pip install djangorestframework Collecting diangorestframework













<- Adicionar



Serializers

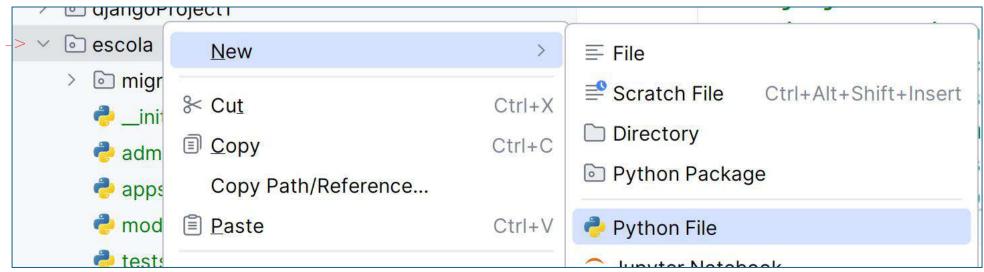
<u>normalizar</u> e realizar <u>validações</u> com DjangoRestFramework. <u>Código Python</u> ⇔ JSON

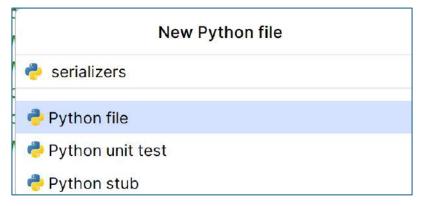


Oferece ferramentas para serializar dados, o que significa transformar objetos do banco de dados (modelos Django) em formatos como JSON ou XML, e vice-versa. Além disso serve para algumas validações.

) Criar arquivo serializers.py dentro da sua Aplicação:

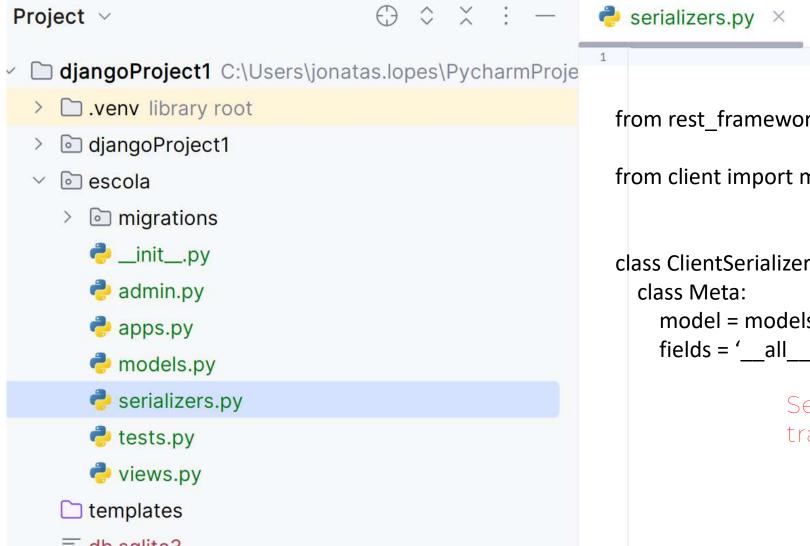
Botão direito aqui -> V 🗈 escola











from rest_framework import serializers

from client import models

class ClientSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):

model = models.Client fields = '__all__'

> Serializer do Client: traz todos os campos







djangoProject1 C:\Users\jonatas.lopes\PycharmPr .venv library root djangoProject1 escola migrations __init__.py admin.py apps.py models.py serializers.py etests.py views.py templates = db calita?

from rest_framework import serializers

from escola.models import Client, Product, Employee, Sale

class ClienteSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
 id = serializers.CharField(read_only=True)
 name = serializers.CharField(max_length=70)
 age = serializers.IntegerField(min_value=18, max_value=100)

class Meta:

model = models.Client fields = ['id', 'name', 'age', 'created_at']

Serializer do Client: validando campos id, name, age

Filtrando campos trazendo só alguns

```
class ClientSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
  age = serializers.IntegerField(min_value=18, max_value=100)
  class Meta:
    model = Client
   fields = ['id', 'name', 'age', 'rg', 'cpf']
class ProductSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
  class Meta:
    model = Product
    fields = ['id', 'description', 'quantity']
class EmployeeSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
  class Meta:
    model = Employee
    fields = ['id', 'name', 'registration']
```

```
class SaleSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):
 product = ProductSerializer(read_only=True)
 product id = serializers.PrimaryKeyRelatedField(queryset=Product.objects.all(),
source='product', write_only=True)
 client = ClientSerializer(read_only=True)
 client_id = serializers.PrimaryKeyRelatedField(queryset=Client.objects.all(),
source='client', write_only=True)
 employee = EmployeeSerializer(read_only=True)
 employee_id = serializers.PrimaryKeyRelatedField(queryset=Employee.objects.all(),
source='employee', write_only=True)
 class Meta:
   model = Sale
```

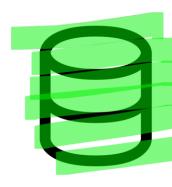
fields = ['id', 'product_id', 'product', 'client_id', 'client', 'employee_id', 'employee', 'nrf']

Ciclo de Requests

GET https://dummyjson.com/users/1 from rest_framework import serializers from .models import MockUser class MockUserSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer): class Meta: model = MockUser fields = ['id', 'username', 'email']



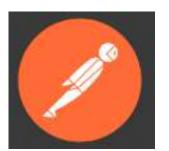




database









endpoint

urls

from django.urls import path, include from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter from .views import MockUserViewSet router = DefaultRouter() router.register(r'mock-users', MockUserViewSet) urlpatterns = [path('', include(router.urls)),



viewsets

class MockUserViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):

serializer_class = MockUserSerializer

queryset = MockUser.objects.all()



Serializers JSON=Django



modes





```
class MockUser(models.Model):
    username = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    email = models.EmailField(unique=True)
    def __str__(self):
        return self.username
```











Obrigadol













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