

trie树

人员

王毅博、阮文璋、褚锦轩、王承周、许睿谦、董昱含 到课

上周作业检查

上周作业链接: <https://cppoj.kids123code.com/contest/1210>

#	用户名	姓名	编程分	时间	A	B	C	D
1	dongyuhuan	董昱含	400	17638	100	100	100	100
2	wangchengzhou	王承周	300	14978	100	100	100	
3	ruanwenzhang	阮文璋	300	16249	100	100	100	
4	chujinxuan	褚锦轩	300	16661	100	100	100	
5	wangyibo	王毅博	200	6549	100	100		
6	xuruiqian	许睿谦	200	8408	100	100	0	

本周作业

<https://cppoj.kids123code.com/contest/1342> (课上讲了 A ~ C 题, 课后作业是 D 题)

课堂表现

今天课上讲了 trie 树这个知识点, 这个知识点比较抽象, 同学们课下要好好复习一下。

课堂内容

Family and Insurance (上周作业)

输入时, 先把结果存到 f 数组中

f[i]: 在第 i 个人上最多往后传多少代

最后做一遍 dfs 搜索, 记录哪些点会被保险即可

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int maxn = 3e5 + 5;
vector<int> vec[maxn];
int f[maxn], res = 0;

void dfs(int u, int cnt) {
    if (cnt == 0) return;
    if (f[u] != -1) return;
    f[u] = cnt;
    for (int v : vec[u]) {
        dfs(v, cnt - 1);
    }
}
```

```

cnt = max(cnt, f[u]);
if (cnt) ++res;
for (int i : vec[u]) dfs(i, max(0,cnt-1));
}

int main()
{
    int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; ++i) {
        int x; cin >> x; vec[x].push_back(i);
    }
    while (m -- ) { int a, b; cin >> a >> b; f[a] = max(f[a], b+1); }

    dfs(1, 0);

    cout << res << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

【模板】字典树

trie 树模板题

`tr[i][j]`: 编号为 i 的点的 j 号孩子的编号是多少

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int N = 3e6 + 5, M = 62;
int tr[N][M], cnt[N], idx = 0;

int get_int(char x) {
    if (islower(x)) return x-'a';
    if (isupper(x)) return x-'A'+26;
    return x-'0'+52;
}

void tr_insert(string s) {
    int p = 0;
    for (char i : s) {
        int u = get_int(i);
        if (!tr[p][u]) tr[p][u] = ++idx;
        p = tr[p][u];
        ++cnt[p];
    }
}

int tr_query(string s) {
    int p = 0;
    for (char i : s) {

```

```

int u = get_int(i);
if (!tr[p][u]) return 0;
p = tr[p][u];
}
return cnt[p];
}

void solve() {
    int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
    while (n -- ) {
        string s; cin >> s; tr_insert(s);
    }

    while (m -- ) {
        string s; cin >> s;
        cout << tr_query(s) << "\n";
    }

    for (int i = 0; i <= idx; ++i) {
        cnt[i] = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < M; ++j) tr[i][j] = 0;
    }
    idx = 0;
}

int main()
{
    int T; cin >> T;
    while (T -- ) solve();
    return 0;
}

```

最大异或对 The XOR Largest Pair

从 1~i 遍历, trie 树中存前 i-1 个点的二进制

对于第 i 个点, 去前面找跟 a[i] 的二进制尽量相反的二进制

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int N = 100000 + 5, M = 32;
int tr[N*M][2], idx = 0;

void tr_insert(int x) {
    int p = 0;
    for (int i = 31; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = (x>>i)&1;
        if (!tr[p][u]) tr[p][u] = ++idx;
        p = tr[p][u];
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

int tr_query(int x) {
    int p = 0, res = 0;
    for (int i = 31; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = (x>>i)&1;
        if (tr[p][u^1]) p = tr[p][u^1], res += ((u^1)<<i);
        else p = tr[p][u], res += (u<<i);
    }
    return res;
}

int main()
{
    int n; cin >> n;
    int res = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        int x; cin >> x; tr_insert(x);
        int t = tr_query(x);
        res = max(res, x^t);
    }
    cout << res << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

最长异或路径

先 dfs 求出根到每个点的异或值, 然后问题就转化为上一个问题了

点 v1 到 v2 之间的路径异或值, 就是 根到v1的异或值 ^ 根到v2的异或值

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int maxn = 100000 + 5;
struct node {
    int to, value;
};
vector<node> vec[maxn];

int tr[maxn*32][2], idx = 0;
void tr_insert(int x) {
    int p = 0;
    for (int i = 31; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = (x>>i)&1;
        if (!tr[p][u]) tr[p][u] = ++idx;
        p = tr[p][u];
    }
}

```

```
int tr_query(int x) {
    int p = 0, res = 0;
    for (int i = 31; i >= 0; --i) {
        int u = (x>>i)&1;
        if (tr[p][u^1]) p = tr[p][u^1], res += ((u^1)<<i);
        else p = tr[p][u], res += (u<<i);
    }
    return res;
}

int f[maxn], res = 0;
void dfs(int u, int fa, int val) {
    f[u] = val;

    tr_insert(val);
    int val2 = tr_query(val);
    res = max(res, val^val2);

    for (node it : vec[u]) {
        if (it.to != fa) dfs(it.to, u, val^it.value);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int n; cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n-1; ++i) {
        int u, v, w; cin >> u >> v >> w;
        vec[u].push_back({v, w}), vec[v].push_back({u, w});
    }

    dfs(1, -1, 0);

    cout << res << endl;
    return 0;
}
```