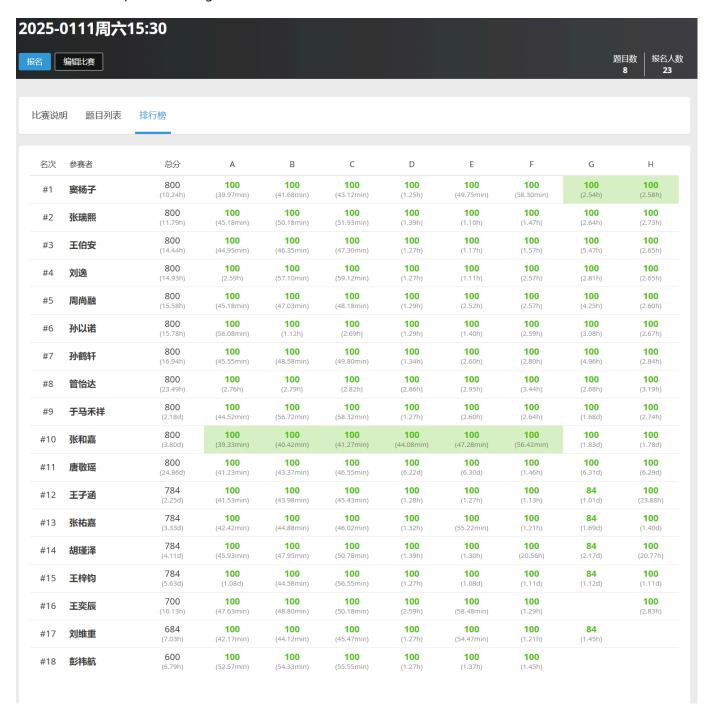
一维数组排序

人员

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作业检查

上周作业链接: https://www.luogu.com.cn/contest/224348



作业

https://www.luogu.com.cn/contest/226088 (课上讲了 A,C,D,E,F,G,H 这些题目,课后作业为 I 题, B 题不要求同学 们必须完成,感兴趣的同学可以进行尝试)

课堂表现

今天讲了一维数组的sort排序,同学们整体听讲都比较认真,这节课的纪律也比以前的课有进步,希望同学们继续保持。

课堂内容

U493770 标准零件的数量

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int a[105];
int main()
{
   int n; cin >> n;
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    }
   int c; cin >> c;

int cnt = 0;
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        if (abs(a[i]-c) <= 5) {
            cnt++;
        }
   }
   cout << cnt << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

排序和翻转

```
头文件: #include<algorithm>
对 a[1]~a[r] 从小到大排序: sort(a+1, a+r+1);
对 a[1]~a[n] 从小到大排序: sort(a+1, a+n+1);
对 a[0]~a[n-1] 从小到大排序: sort(a, a+n);
如何从大到小排序呢? -> 可以先从小到大排序, 然后翻转
```

```
对 a[l]~a[r] 翻转: reverse(a+l, a+r+1);
```

U493756 排序

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int a[15];
int main()
{
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    sort(a+1, a+n+1);
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
       cout << a[i] << " ";</pre>
    }
    return 0;
}
```

U493776 第 k 大数

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

using namespace std;

int a[1005];

int main()
{
    int n, k;
    cin >> n >> k;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    }
    sort(a+1, a+n+1);
    cout << a[n-k+1] << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

U477522 第 k 大 + 第 k 小

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>

using namespace std;

int a[100005];

int main()
{
    int n, k;
    cin >> n >> k;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    }
    sort(a+1, a+n+1);
    cout << a[k] + a[n-k+1] << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

U493777 选橘子

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int a[205];
int main()
{
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        cin >> a[i];
    sort(a+1, a+n+1);
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n-1; i++) {
        sum += a[i];
    printf("%.1lf\n", 1.0*sum/(n-2));
    for (int i = 2; i \le n-1; i++) {
       cout << a[i] << " ";</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

U493754 发礼物

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
int a[105];
int main()
{
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
       cin >> a[i];
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        while (true) {
            if (a[i]>10 && a[i]%4==0) {
                break;
            }
            else {
                a[i]++;
            }
        }
    }
    sort(a+1, a+n+1);
    reverse(a+1, a+n+1);
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
       cout << a[i] << " ";</pre>
    return 0;
}
```

U493757 数的排序

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int a[15];
int main()
{
   int n;
```

```
cin >> n;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
      cin >> a[i];
    }
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        // 拆位, 重新改 a[i] 的值
        int sum = 0;
        while (a[i]!=0) {
           int t = a[i]\%10;
            a[i]/=<mark>10</mark>;
            sum += t;
        }
       a[i]=sum;
    }
    sort(a+1, a+n+1)
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
      cout << a[i] << " ";</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
```