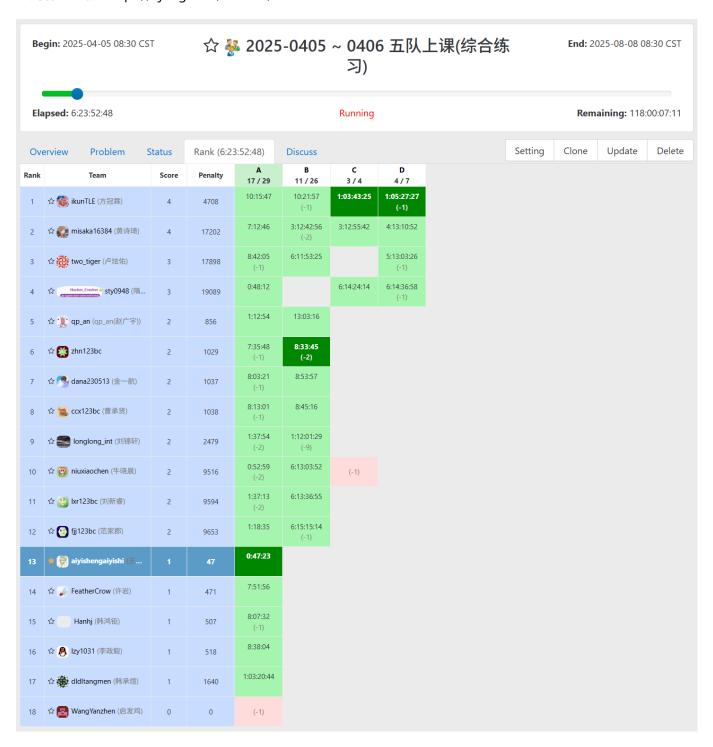
# 综合混练

# 人员

隋天翼、刘新睿、范家郡、牛晓晨、韩承煊、刘锦轩 到课

# 上周作业检查

上周作业链接: https://vjudge.net/contest/707147



# 作业

https://vjudge.net/contest/708790 (课上讲了 A~C 这些题, 课后作业是 D 题)

## 课堂表现

同学们作业的完成情况不好, 老师课上跟同学们严肃强调了作业的问题, 以后同学们一定要认真做作业。

### 课堂内容

#### AT\_abc203\_d [ABC203D] Pond

二分 + 二维前缀和check

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int maxn = 800 + 5;
int w[maxn][maxn], f[maxn][maxn];
int get_sum(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
  return f[x2][y2] - f[x1-1][y2] - f[x2][y1-1] + f[x1-1][y1-1];
}
bool check(int n, int k, int mid) {
 memset(f, 0, sizeof(f));
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j) {
      f[i][j] = (w[i][j] <= mid ? 1 : 0);
      f[i][j] += f[i-1][j] + f[i][j-1] - f[i-1][j-1];
      if (i>=k && j>=k && get_sum(i-k+1, j-k+1, i, j)>=(k*k+1)/2) return true;
  }
  return false;
}
int main()
  int n, k; cin >> n >> k;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
    for (int j = 1; j <= n; ++j) cin >> w[i][j];
  int l = 0, r = 1e9;
 while (1 <= r) {
   int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
   if (check(n, k, mid)) r = mid-1;
   else l = mid+1;
  }
  cout << 1 << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

#### AT abc201 e [ABC201E] Xor Distances

针对 60 个二进制位的每一位进行考虑即可

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;
const int maxn = 2e5 + 5;
const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
struct node {
 int to; LL value;
};
vector<node> vec[maxn];
int sum0, sum1;
void dfs(int u, int fa, int k, int val) {
  sum0 += (val == 0), sum1 += (val == 1);
 for (node it : vec[u]) {
   if (it.to == fa) continue;
   int c = (it.value>>k)&1;
   dfs(it.to, u, k, val^c);
 }
}
int main()
 int n; cin >> n;
 for (int i = 1; i <= n-1; ++i) {
   int u, v; LL w; cin >> u >> v >> w;
    vec[u].push_back({v,w}), vec[v].push_back({u,w});
  }
 int res = 0;
  for (int i = 60; i >= 0; --i) {
   sum0 = sum1 = 0;
    dfs(1, -1, i, 0);
    int x = (LL)sum0*sum1%mod, y = (1LL<<i)%mod;
    res = (res + (LL)x*y%mod) % mod;
  }
  cout << res << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

#### **CF1741E Sending a Sequence Over the Network**

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
const int maxn = 2e5 + 5;
int w[maxn];
bool f[maxn];
void solve() {
 int n; cin >> n;
 for (int i = 0; i <= n+2; ++i) f[i] = false;
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) cin >> w[i];
 f[0] = true;
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
   int l = i - w[i], r = i + w[i];
   if (1-1 >= 0) f[i] |= f[1-1];
   if (r <= n) f[r] |= f[i-1];
  }
// cout << "----";
cout << (f[n] ? "YES" : "NO") << endl;</pre>
}
int main()
 int T; cin >> T;
 while (T -- ) solve();
 return 0;
}
```

#### **CF1288D Minimax Problem**

#### 二分 + 状压

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int N = 3e5 + 5, M = 9;
int w[N][M], f[1<<M];
int n, m;
int resl = 1, resr = 2;

bool check(int mid) {
    memset(f, 0, sizeof(f));
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        int res = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
            int x = (w[i][j]>=mid);
            res += (x<<j);
        }
        f[res] = i;</pre>
```

```
}
  for (int i = 0; i < (1 << m); ++i) {
    for (int j = 0; j < (1 << m); ++j) {
      if (f[i] \&\& f[j] \&\& (i|j) == (1 << m) - 1) {
        resl = f[i], resr = f[j];
        return true;
      }
    }
  }
 return false;
}
int main()
 cin >> n >> m;
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
   for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) cin >> w[i][j];
 int l = 0, r = 1e9+10;
 while (1 <= r) {
   int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
   if (check(mid)) l = mid+1;
   else r = mid-1;
  }
 cout << resl << " " << resr << endl;</pre>
 return 0;
}
```

### **CF577B Modulo Sum**

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

const int N = 1e6 + 5, M = 1e3 + 5;
int w[N];
bool p[M], h[M];

int main()
{
   int n, m; cin >> n >> m;
   for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) cin >> w[i];
   if (n >= m) { cout << "YES" << endl; return 0; }

for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
   int x = w[i] % m;
   h[x] = true;
   for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j) {
      if (p[j]) h[(x+j)%m] = true;
   }
}</pre>
```

```
}
    memcpy(p, h, sizeof(p));
}

cout << (h[0] ? "YES" : "NO") << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```