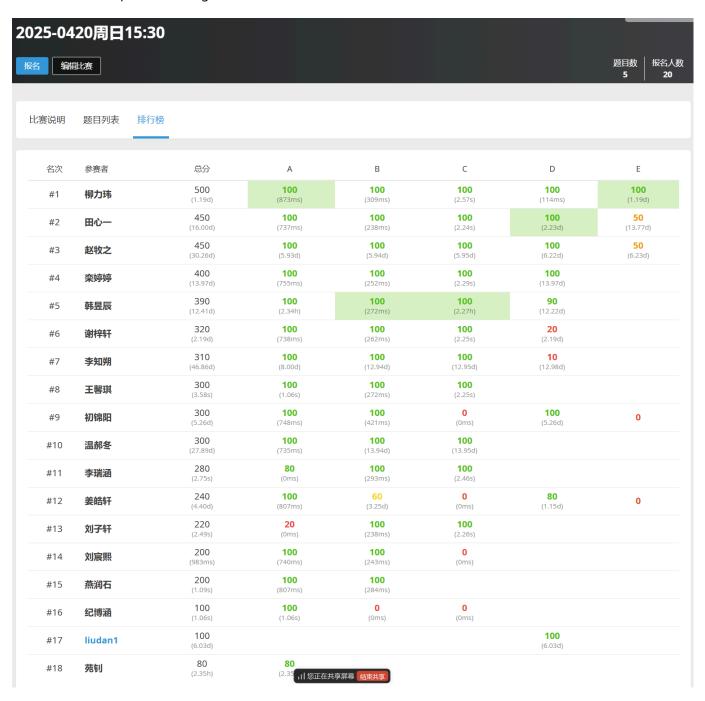
# 蚂蚁

## 人员

王馨琪、刘宸熙、柳力玮、田心一、姜皓轩、谢梓轩、李知朔、李瑞涵 到课, 栾婷婷、刘子轩、赵牧之、温郝 冬 线上

### 上周作业检查

上周作业链接: https://www.luogu.com.cn/contest/242934



## 作业

https://www.luogu.com.cn/contest/244895 (课上讲了 A ~ D 题, 课后作业是 E 题)

### 课堂表现

今天 B、C 2 道题比较简单一点, 同学们课上普遍都做的比较好

A、D 2 道题比较复杂, 同学们课上听基本都听懂了, 不过时间不够基本都没有做完, 课下要好好补一补这 2 道 题。

### 课堂内容

#### U513572 代价(cost)

从 1~n 枚举最终变成哪一个, 然后利用前缀和可以 O(1) 求全变成 w[i] 时的代价

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;
const int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
LL w[maxn], p[maxn];
LL get_sum(int 1, int r) {
 if (1 \leftarrow r) return p[r] - p[1-1];
 return 0;
}
int main()
{
  int n, A, B; cin >> n >> A >> B;
 for (int i = 1; i \le n; ++i) cin >> w[i];
  sort(w+1, w+n+1);
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) p[i] = p[i-1] + w[i];
  LL res = 4e18;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
   // 把 w[1]~w[i-1] 全变为 w[i] 的值, w[i+1]~w[n] 全变为 w[i] 的值
    LL pre_sum = get_sum(1, i-1), tar_pre_sum = (LL)w[i]*(i-1);
    LL suf_sum = get_sum(i+1, n), tar_suf_sum = (LL)w[i]*(n-i);
    LL diff_a = tar_pre_sum - pre_sum, diff_b = suf_sum - tar_suf_sum;
    res = min(res, diff_a*A + diff_b*B);
 cout << res << endl;</pre>
 return 0;
}
```

#### P2708 硬币翻转

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

const int maxn = 1e6 + 5;
char s[maxn];

int main()
{
    cin >> (s+1);
    int n = strlen(s+1);

    int res = 0;
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; ++i) {
        if (s[i] != s[i-1]) res++;
    }
    if (s[n] == '0') res++;

    cout << res << end1;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

### P3662 [USACO17FEB] Why Did the Cow Cross the Road II S

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
int w[maxn], p[maxn];
int get_sum(int l, int r) { return p[r] - p[l-1]; }
int main()
 int n, k, B; cin \gg n \gg k \gg B;
 for (int i = 1; i <= B; ++i) {
   int x; cin >> x; w[x] = 1;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) p[i] = p[i-1] + w[i];
 int res = 1000000;
 for (int i = 1; i+k-1 <= n; ++i) {
    res = min(res, get_sum(i,i+k-1));
  cout << res << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

#### P1367 蚂蚁

这样处理一下,就可以完成这个题了

首先,两只蚂蚁碰面后交换,可以认为是没有发生交换,那么 n 只蚂蚁最终的位置我们就可以确定了然后, n 只蚂蚁的相对位置一定是不变的,前面的还在前面,后面的还在后面

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int maxn = 1e5 + 5;
struct node {
   int pos, c, id;
} w[maxn], a[maxn];
bool cmp(node p, node q) { return p.pos < q.pos; }</pre>
bool cmp2(node p, node q) { return p.id < q.id; }</pre>
int main()
{
    int n, k; cin >> n >> k;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        cin >> w[i].pos >> w[i].c; w[i].id = i;
    sort(w+1, w+n+1, cmp);
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        if (w[i].c == -1) a[i].pos = w[i].pos - k;
        else a[i].pos = w[i].pos + k;
        a[i].c = w[i].c;
    }
    sort(a+1, a+n+1, cmp);
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++) {
        if (a[i].pos==a[i-1].pos) a[i].c = a[i-1].c = 0;
    // a 数组代表 k 秒之后每只蚂蚁的位置和方向
        w[1] \sim a[1]
        w[2] \sim a[2]
        w[n] \sim a[n]
    */
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) a[i].id = w[i].id;
    sort(a+1, a+n+1, cmp2);
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) cout << a[i].pos << " " << a[i].c << endl;
  return 0;
}
```