```
In [1]: ▶ 1 ### Importing libraries
             2 import keras
             3 from keras.datasets import mnist
             4 from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, BatchNormalization
             5 from keras.models import Sequential
             6 from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
             7 from keras import backend as K
2 (x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test) = mnist.load_data()
             4 ## network parameters
             5 img_rows,img_cols = 28,28
             6 batch size = 128
             7 | n_epoch = 15
             8 classes = 10
             9
            10 ##
            11 if K.image_data_format() == 'channels_first':
            12
                   x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
            13
                   x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
                   input_shape = (1, img_rows, img_cols)
            14
            15 else:
            16
                   x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
            17
                   x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
                   input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
            18
            19
            20 ##Converting x_train,x_test to float
            21 x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
            22 x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
            23
            24 ## normalize it between 0-1
            25 x train /= 255
            26 x_test /= 255
            27
            28
            29 print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
            30 print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
            31 print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')
            32
            33 ## one hot encode the target labels
            34 y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train,classes)
            35 y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test,classes)
           Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz (https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-keras-datasets/mnist.npz)
```

x\_train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1
60000 train samples
10000 test samples

### Model 1:

Architecture

Kernels: 3x3,5x5,2x2

Number of convnet layers : 3

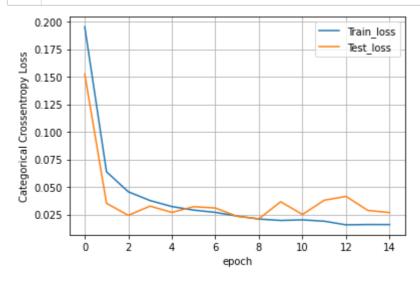
Optimizer :Adam
Activation : Relu
Maxpooling layers : 3

Regularizations : Dropout, Batch Normalization after every two layers

```
2 ## create the architecture
       3 model.add(Conv2D(32,activation='relu', kernel_size=(3, 3),input_shape = input_shape))
       4 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
       5 model.add(Conv2D(64, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
       6 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
       8 model.add(BatchNormalization())
       9 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
      11 | model.add(Conv2D(128, (2, 2), activation='relu',padding='same'))
      12 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
      13
      14 model.add(BatchNormalization())
      15 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
      16
      17 model.add(Flatten())
      18 model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
      19 model.add(Dense(classes, activation='softmax'))
      20
      21 ## compile the model
      22 | model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
      23
                metrics=['accuracy'])
      24
      25 ## train the model
      26 history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,batch_size=batch_size,
      27
              epochs=n_epoch,
      28
              verbose=1,
      29
              validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
      30
      31 | score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
      32 print('Test loss:', score[0])
      33 print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
      Epoch 1/15
      Epoch 2/15
      Epoch 3/15
      469/469 [============= ] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0376 - accuracy: 0.9881 - val_loss: 0.0326 - val_accuracy: 0.9895
      Epoch 5/15
      Epoch 6/15
      Epoch 7/15
      Epoch 8/15
      Epoch 9/15
      Epoch 10/15
      Epoch 11/15
      469/469 [============== ] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0201 - accuracy: 0.9934 - val_loss: 0.0250 - val_accuracy: 0.9921
      Epoch 12/15
      469/469 [============= ] - 3s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0189 - accuracy: 0.9938 - val loss: 0.0379 - val accuracy: 0.9910
      Epoch 13/15
```

```
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
Test loss: 0.026714051142334938
Test accuracy: 0.9926999807357788
```

```
In [4]: ▶ 1 ## Lets plot the accuracy
             2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             3 def plot_dynamic(x,y,y_,ax):
                   ax.plot(x,y,label='Train_loss')
                   ax.plot(x,y_,label='Test_loss')
             6
                   plt.legend()
             7
                   plt.grid()
             8
                   fig.canvas.draw()
             9
            10 x = list(range(n_epoch))
            12 fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
            13 ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
            14 vy = history.history['loss']
            15 ty = history.history['val_loss']
            16 plot_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



## Model 2:

Architecture

Kernels: 3x3,5x5,2x2 Number of convnet layers : 5

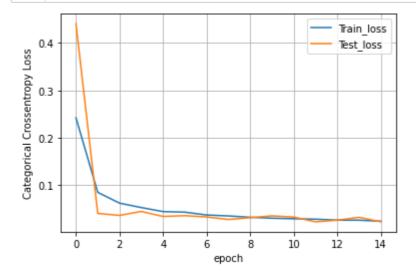
Optimizer :Adam Activation : Relu Maxpooling layers : 5

Regularizations : Dropout, Batch Normalization

```
In [5]:
        1 # from keras import backend as K
          2 # K.common.set_image_dim_ordering('tf')
         3
         4 model = Sequential()
         5 ## create the architecture
         6 model.add(Conv2D(16,activation='relu', kernel size=(3, 3),input shape = input shape,padding='same'))
         7 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         8 model.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         9 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         10
         11
         12 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         13 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         14
         15
         16 | model.add(Conv2D(64, (2, 2), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         17 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         18 | model.add(Conv2D(128,(3, 3),activation='relu',padding='same'))
         19 | model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         20
         21 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         22 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         23
         24 model.add(Conv2D(256, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         25 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         26
         27 model.add(Flatten())
         28 model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
         29
         30 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         31 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         33 model.add(Dense(classes, activation='softmax'))
         34
         35 ## compile the model
         36 | model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
         37
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
         38
         39 ## train the model
         40 history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,batch_size=batch_size,\
         41
                   epochs=n epoch,\
         42
                   verbose=1,\
         43
                   validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
         44
         45 | score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
         46 print('Test loss:', score[0])
         47 print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
        Epoch 1/15
        Epoch 2/15
        Epoch 3/15
        Epoch 4/15
        Epoch 5/15
        469/469 [============== ] - 4s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0446 - accuracy: 0.9860 - val_loss: 0.0344 - val_accuracy: 0.9897
        Epoch 6/15
```

```
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
Test loss: 0.02315954491496086
Test accuracy: 0.9929999709129333
```

```
2 fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
           3 ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
           4 vy = history.history['loss']
           5 ty = history.history['val_loss']
           6 plot_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



### Model 3:

Architecture

Kernels: 3x3,5x5,2x2,7x7Number of convnet layers: 7

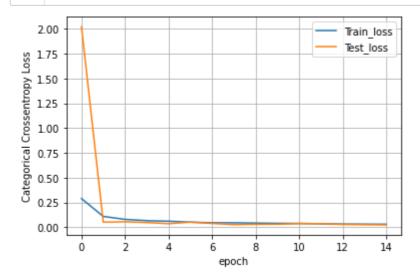
Optimizer :Adam Activation : Relu Maxpooling layers : 7

Regularizations: Dropout, Batch Normalization after every two layers

```
2 ## create the architecture
          3 model.add(Conv2D(16,activation='relu', kernel_size=(3, 3),input_shape = input_shape))
          4 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
          5 model.add(Conv2D(32, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
          6 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
          8 model.add(BatchNormalization())
          9 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         10
         11 | model.add(Conv2D(64, (2, 2), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         12 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
         13 model.add(Conv2D(128,activation='relu', kernel_size=(3, 3),padding='same'))
         14 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         15
         16 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         17 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         18
         19 | model.add(Conv2D(256, (5, 5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         20 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         21 model.add(Conv2D(384, (7, 7), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         22 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         23
         24 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         25 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         26
         27 model.add(Conv2D(474, (5,5), activation='relu',padding='same'))
         28 model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2),padding='same'))
         29
         30 model.add(Flatten())
         31 model.add(Dense(512, activation='relu'))
         33 model.add(BatchNormalization())
         34 model.add(Dropout(0.35))
         35 model.add(Dense(classes, activation='softmax'))
         36
         37 ## compile the model
         38 model.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical_crossentropy,optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(),
         39
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         40
         41 ## train the model
         42 history = model.fit(x_train,y_train,batch_size=batch_size,
         43
                    epochs=n epoch,
         44
                    verbose=1,
         45
                    validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
         46
         47 | score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
         48 print('Test loss:', score[0])
         49 print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
         Epoch 1/15
         Epoch 2/15
         Epoch 3/15
         Epoch 4/15
         Epoch 5/15
```

```
Epoch 6/15
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
Test loss: 0.024801477789878845
Test accuracy: 0.9921000003814697
```

```
2 fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
           3 ax.set_xlabel('epoch')
           4 ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
           5 vy = history.history['loss']
           6 ty = history.history['val_loss']
           7 plot_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```



# **Observations:**

- \* As the number of convolution layer increases accuracy increases and loss reduces
- \* As the number of convolution layers increases loss is reduces sharply at very early epochs.
- \* Dropout and Batch normalization acts as regulaizers and avoids overfitting