



Experiment 9

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Branch: CSE

Semester: 5th

Subject Name: ADBMS

UID: 23BCS10187

Section/Group: KRG-2-B

Date of Performance: 3/11/2025

Subject Code: 23CSP-333

1. Aim:

To understand and implement **Amazon Web Services Relational Database Service (AWS RDS)** by creating and configuring a **database instance**, managing **security groups**.

2. Objectives:

- To study the concept of **cloud-based relational databases** and their advantages over on-premises and EC2-hosted databases.
- To learn the step-by-step process of creating a database instance using AWS RDS.
- To understand the differences between 2-tier and 3-tier architectures and the placement of databases in cloud environments.

3. Hands-On Steps:

1. **Step 1:** Log in to AWS Console
2. **Step 2:** Create a Database Instance on AWS RDS
 - a. From the AWS Management Console, search for RDS in the search bar.
 - b. Click RDS → then click Create database.
 - c. Choose Standard Create for full configuration control.
 - d. Select Engine type → *PostgreSQL* (or MySQL as per requirement).
 - e. Choose Free Tier if available.
 - f. Under Settings, enter:
 - g. DB instance identifier (e.g., *garvi-postgres-db*)
 - h. Master username (e.g., *admin*)
 - i. Master password (and confirm it)
 - j. Under Connectivity, choose:
 - k. VPC (Default)
 - l. Public access: Yes
 - m. Create new or select an existing security group
 - n. Click Create Database.



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The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for the eu-north-1 region. The top navigation bar shows the AWS logo, a search bar, and the user's account information (Garvi Dabas, Account ID: 2546-8925-7170). The left sidebar contains a menu with options like Services, Features, Blog posts, Documentation, Marketplace, Knowledge articles, Tutorials, and Events. The main content area is titled "Aurora and RDS" and includes a "Services" section with links to Aurora and RDS, Aurora DSQL, and Billing and Cost Management. Below this is a "Features" section with links to Reserved instances, Proxies, and Databases. A "Were these results helpful?" poll is also present. The bottom section of the dashboard is titled "Resources" and lists various AWS RDS resources, including DB Instances, DB Clusters, Snapshots, and Proxies. It also includes a "Create a database" section with a brief description of Amazon RDS and a "Recommended services" section.

Services

- Aurora and RDS**
Managed Relational Database Service
- Aurora DSQL**
Serverless distributed SQL database with virtually unlimited scale, highest availabilit...
- Billing and Cost Management**
View and pay bills, analyze and govern your spending, and optimize your costs

Features

- Reserved instances**
Aurora and RDS feature
- Proxies**
Aurora and RDS feature
- Databases**
Aurora and RDS feature

Were these results helpful?

Yes No

Resources

You are using the following Amazon RDS resources in the Europe (Stockholm) region (used/quota)

- DB Instances (0/40)**
Allocated storage (0 TB/100 TB)
Instances and storage include Neptune and DocumentDB. Increase DB instances limit
- DB Clusters (0/40)**
Reserved instances (0/40)
Snapshots (0)
Manual
DB Cluster (0/100)
DB Instance (0/100)
Automated
DB Cluster (0)
DB Instance (0)
Recent events (0)
Event subscriptions (0/20)
- Parameter groups (0)**
Default (0)
Custom (0/100)
- Option groups (0)**
Default (0)
Custom (0/20)
- Subnet groups (0/50)**
Supported platforms VPC
Default network vpc-06beb4a350ea129de

Create a database

Amazon Relational Database Service (RDS) makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the cloud.

You can use a backup from Amazon S3 to restore and create a new Aurora MySQL and MySQL database.

Explore RDS

Complete the activity to earn AWS credits. In this activity, you will learn how to create a database quickly. To begin, choose **Start tutorial**.

Status
Not started

Complete by
May 09, 2026

Reward value
USD 20.00

Estimated duration
2-5 minutes

Start tutorial

Recommended services

Customers like you also use these services.

No recommendations yet
Recommended services will display based on your



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The image shows a screenshot of the AWS Aurora and RDS console. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and the region 'Europe (Stockholm)'. The account ID is 2546-8925-7170, and the user is Garvi Dabas.

The main dashboard for Aurora and RDS is displayed. It includes a left-hand navigation menu with options like 'Dashboard', 'Databases', 'Performance insights', 'Snapshots', 'Exports in Amazon S3', 'Automated backups', 'Reserved instances', 'Proxies', 'Subnet groups', 'Parameter groups', 'Option groups', 'Custom engine versions', 'Zero-ETL integrations', 'Events', and 'Event subscriptions'. The main content area shows a summary of database instances (Automated DB Cluster (0), DB Instance (0), Recent events (0), Event subscriptions (0/20)) and a 'Create a database' section. The 'Create a database' section explains that Amazon RDS makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the cloud, and provides a 'Create a database' button. A note states that DB instances will launch in the Europe (Stockholm) region. There is also a 'Service health' section showing the current status of the Amazon Relational Database Service (Stockholm) as 'Service is operating normally'.

Below the dashboard, the 'Create database' wizard is shown. It starts with a 'Free plan has access to limited features and resources' warning. The 'Choose a database creation method' section offers two options: 'Standard create' and 'Easy create' (selected). The 'Configuration' section shows the 'Engine type' as 'PostgreSQL' (selected), with other options like 'Aurora (MySQL Compatible)', 'Aurora (PostgreSQL Compatible)', 'MySQL', 'MariaDB', and 'Oracle'.



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eu-north-1.console.aws.amazon.com/rds/home?region=eu-north-1#launch-dbinstance:

aws Search [Alt+S] Europe (Stockholm) Account ID: 2546-8925-7170 Garvi Dabas

Aurora and RDS > Databases > Create database

☐ Auto generate password
Amazon RDS can generate a password for you, or you can specify your own password.

Master password Info

Password strength Strong
Minimum constraints: At least 8 printable ASCII characters. Can't contain any of the following symbols: / * @

Confirm master password Info

▶ Set up EC2 connection - optional

You can also set up a connection to an EC2 instance after creating the database. Go to the database list page or the database details page, choose Actions, and then choose Set up to EC2 connection.

▶ View default settings for Easy create

Easy create sets the following configurations to their default values, some of which can be changed later. If you want to change any of these settings now, use Standard create.

ⓘ You are responsible for ensuring that you have all of the necessary rights for any third-party products or services that you use with AWS services.

Cancel Create database

CloudShell Feedback

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16°C Clear

Search

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Aurora and RDS > Databases > Create database

DB instance identifier

Type a name for your DB instance. The name must be unique across all DB instances owned by your AWS account in the current AWS Region.

database-1

The DB instance identifier is case-insensitive, but is stored as all lowercase (as in "mydbinstance"). Constraints: 1 to 63 alphanumeric characters or hyphens. First character must be a letter. Can't contain two consecutive hyphens. Can't end with a hyphen.

Master username Info

Type a login ID for the master user of your DB instance.

adbms_exp

1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. The first character must be a letter.

Credentials management

You can use AWS Secrets Manager or manage your master user credentials.

☐ Managed in AWS Secrets Manager - most secure
RDS generates a password for you and manages it throughout its lifecycle using AWS Secrets Manager.

☒ Self managed
Create your own password or have RDS create a password that you manage.

☐ Auto generate password
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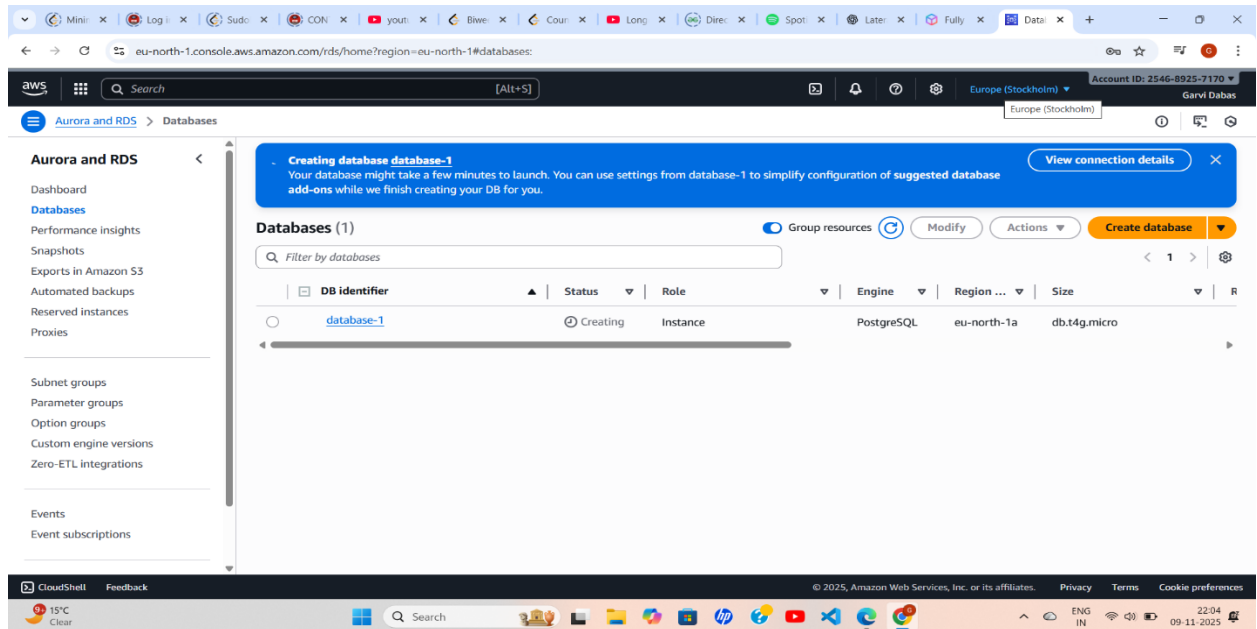
Master password Info

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Confirm master password Info

3. Step 3: View the RDS Instance

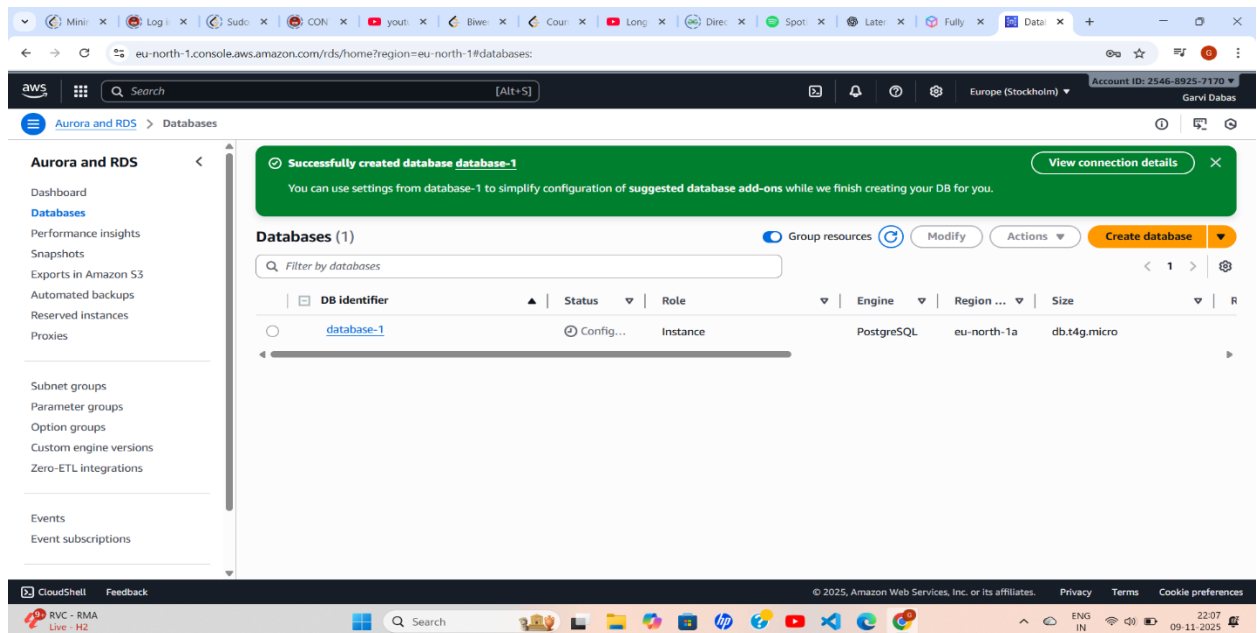
- Wait for the status to change from Creating → Available.
- Copy the Endpoint (e.g., mydbinstance.abcdef123456.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com) — you'll use it to connect.



The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console in the eu-north-1 region. A blue banner at the top indicates "Creating database database-1" and provides instructions on using settings from database-1 to simplify configuration of suggested database add-ons. Below the banner, the "Databases (1)" section shows a table with one entry:

DB Identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region	Size
database-1	Creating	Instance	PostgreSQL	eu-north-1a	db.t4g.micro

The left sidebar shows the "Aurora and RDS" navigation menu with options like Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, and Event subscriptions.



The screenshot shows the AWS RDS console in the eu-north-1 region. A green banner at the top indicates "Successfully created database database-1" and provides instructions on using settings from database-1 to simplify configuration of suggested database add-ons. Below the banner, the "Databases (1)" section shows a table with one entry:

DB Identifier	Status	Role	Engine	Region	Size
database-1	Config...	Instance	PostgreSQL	eu-north-1a	db.t4g.micro

The left sidebar shows the "Aurora and RDS" navigation menu with options like Dashboard, Databases, Performance insights, Snapshots, Exports in Amazon S3, Automated backups, Reserved instances, Proxies, Subnet groups, Parameter groups, Option groups, Custom engine versions, Zero-ETL integrations, Events, and Event subscriptions.