



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Experiment – 7

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Subject Name: DAA

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1. Aim: Develop a program and analyze complexity to implement 0-1 Knapsack using Dynamic Programming.

2. Procedure:

- Define the 0-1 Knapsack problem where each item has a value and weight, and the goal is to maximize total value within a weight limit.
- Take input for number of items, their values, weights, and knapsack capacity.
- Create a 2D DP table where each cell represents the maximum value for a given number of items and weight limit.
- Use the recurrence relation to decide whether to include or exclude an item based on its weight.
- Fill the DP table iteratively and compute the optimal solution
- Display the final maximum value that can be obtained within the given weight constraint.

3. Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int knapSack(int W, int wt[], int val[], int n) {
    int K[n + 1][W + 1];
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int w = 0; w <= W; w++) {
            if (i == 0 || w == 0)
                K[i][w] = 0;
            else if (wt[i - 1] <= w)
                K[i][w] = max(val[i - 1] + K[i - 1][w - wt[i - 1]], K[i - 1][w]);
            else
                K[i][w] = K[i - 1][w];
        }
    }
    return K[n][W];
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int n, W;  
    cout << "Enter number of items: ";  
    cin >> n;  
    int val[n], wt[n];  
    cout << "Enter values of items: ";  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> val[i];  
    cout << "Enter weights of items: ";  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> wt[i];  
    cout << "Enter maximum capacity of knapsack: ";  
    cin >> W;  
    cout << "Maximum value in knapsack = " << knapSack(W, wt, val, n);  
    return 0;  
}
```

4. Output:

```
Enter number of items: 4  
Enter values of items: 60 100 120 90  
Enter weights of items: 10 20 30 40  
Enter maximum capacity of knapsack: 50  
Maximum value in knapsack = 220
```

5. Learning Outcomes:

- Gained knowledge of applying Dynamic Programming to optimization problems.
- Learned how to formulate and solve the 0-1 Knapsack problem using tabulation.
- Developed understanding of optimal substructure and overlapping subproblems.
- Gained experience in analyzing time and space complexity of DP algorithms.
- Learned to design efficient solutions for resource allocation and decision-making problems.