# **Project Overview and Process**

So we will be working on the Project in which we will be implementing Visual Odometry. The purpose of this project is to create a prototype of a robot that has a camera embedded on it, to develop a robotic platform that can map its environment, determine its location, and detect obstacles in real time. The goal is to build a prototype of a robot with an embedded camera that can navigate autonomously based on visual inputs.

 Project Set Up - We are building a DIY Robot Base with four motors powered by two motor drivers and controlled using a Raspberry Pi. The system will process visual data from a monocular camera and compute motion using Visual Odometry techniques.

Hardware Requirements:

- **Monocular Camera** Used for capturing real-time video frames for VO processing.
- **DIY Robot Base** The foundation of the robot, including chassis and mounting components.
- Motor Drivers (L293D or L298N) To control the four 12V DC motors.
- Power Source A 12V battery for motor power and a separate 5V supply for Raspberry Pi.
- Raspberry Pi 4 Model B The main computational unit for processing

#### Software Tools & Libraries Used

- **Ubuntu (on Virtual Machine / VMware Fusion)** Environment for running Visual Odometry algorithms.
- **Python** Main programming language for implementing VO.
- OpenCV Computer vision library for feature detection & tracking.
- **ORB-SLAM3** SLAM implementation for visual tracking.
- **KITTI Dataset** Benchmark dataset for evaluating Visual Odometry algorithms.
- **Matplotlib & NumPy** Used for data visualization and matrix computations.

 Understanding Visual Odometry - Visual Odometry is the process of estimating a robot's position by analyzing sequential images captured by a camera. We studied various approaches and implemented Feature-Based VO using ORB (Oriented FAST and Rotated BRIEF) features. - <u>Understanding Vo and</u> <u>its approaches</u>

### 3. Building the Robot Base-

- Assembling the DIY Chassis with wheels, motors, and motor drivers.
- Connecting Motors to Motor Driver:
  - Four motors connected to two L293D motor drivers.
  - Each motor driver is powered by a 12V battery.
- Connecting Raspberry Pi to Motor Drivers:
  - Used GPIO pins 17, 18, 22, 23 for control signals.
  - Used PWM to control motor speed.
- Setting up the Power System: using an external power source
- Installing Raspbian OS and Required Libraries on Raspberry Pi.
- Testing Motor Movement using Python Code.
- Setting Up Raspberry Pi for programming Pdf Link
- 4. **Programming motor movement** Started Learning about differential drive in Kinematics and how to implement that in our code So at this step we started learning how to implement motor control using a **Python Class**. <u>pdf Link</u>
  - Forward and Backward Motion using GPIO signals.
  - Implemented PWM to control motor speed.
  - **Differential Drive Kinematics** applied for smoother motion.
- Research on Visual Odometry Methods We studied various Visual
   Odometry methods from recent research papers and compiled the findings into a structured table.

All VO methods and their characteristics - for reference see VOMethods.pdf

- 6. Implementing ORB SLAM3 on UBUNTU -
  - Installed Ubuntu on VMware Fusion.
  - Installed ORB-SLAM3 and Dependencies (OpenCV, Pangolin, Eigen3).
  - Downloaded KITTI Dataset for testing.
  - Built and ran ORB-SLAM3 with KITTI dataset to track camera motion.
  - ₱ Current Status: Facing issues in running the kitti dataset facing some errors.
- 7. **Tracking Thread** The tracking thread is responsible for estimating the camera's position in real time.
  - Extracts ORB features from input frames.
  - Matches features with previous frames to track motion.
  - Estimates camera pose and updates position.
  - ★ Current Status: Tracking Thread has not been successfully implemented till now

# **Current Status & Next Steps**

## **Completed:**

- Built and connected the robot base.
- Implemented motor control using Python.
- Studied Visual Odometry & ORB-SLAM3.
- Installed and tested ORB-SLAM3 on Ubuntu.

## In Progress:

- Debugging tracking thread fault.
- Testing ORB-SLAM3 with different KITTI sequences.
- Implementing loop closure detection & map optimization.