

Analysing parcel activation in decision-making tasks versus the resting state

How does parcel activation in the brain differs when gambling versus resting?

Team: Energetic Iguanas

Pod: energetic-iguanas



Project Overview

Background: Gambling involves rigorous decision-making and related behaviours (risk-assessment, stress etc). Decision-making is a complex cognitive process that involves the simultaneous orchestration of multiple neural systems.

Regions of interest: The orbitofrontal cortex (OFC), the prefrontal cortex (PFC) and the hippocampus.

Scientific Question: We wanted to answer the following questions:

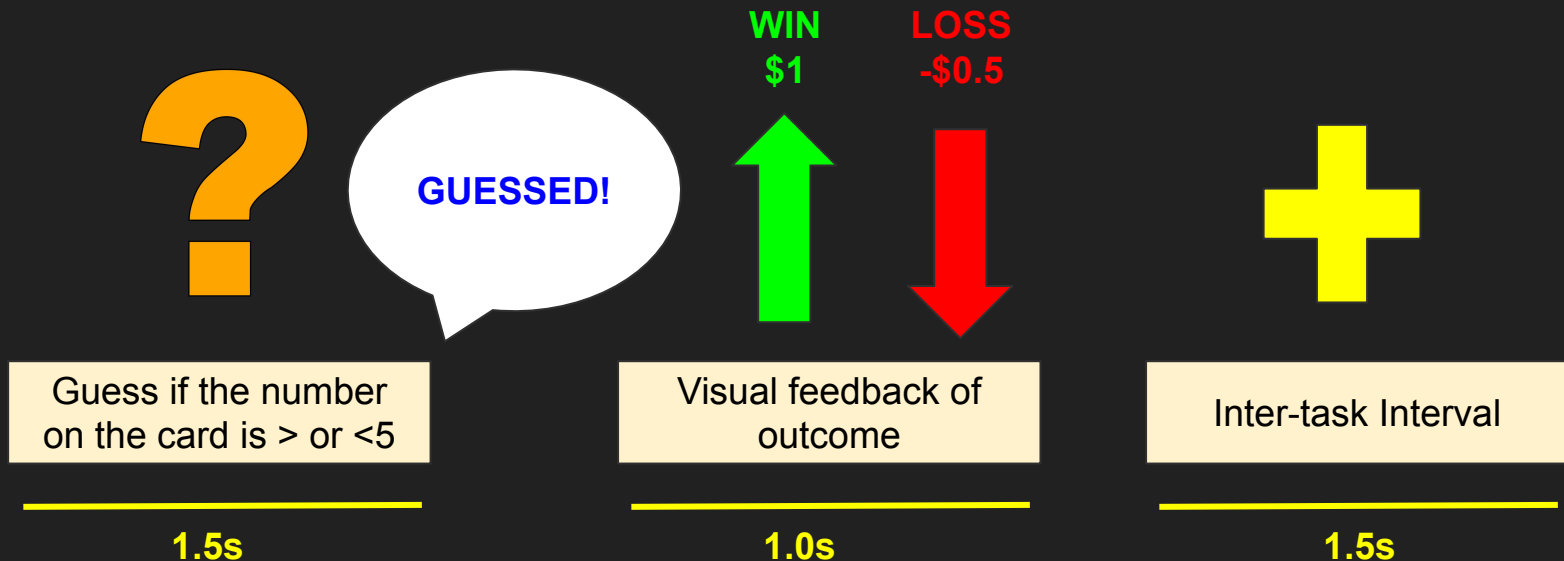
- I. Are these 3 regions functionally connected to each other?
- II. How does their activity differ in a decision-making task (like gambling) from the resting-state?

Presumption: The participants in the dataset are healthy, neurotypical individuals with no form of addiction towards gambling.

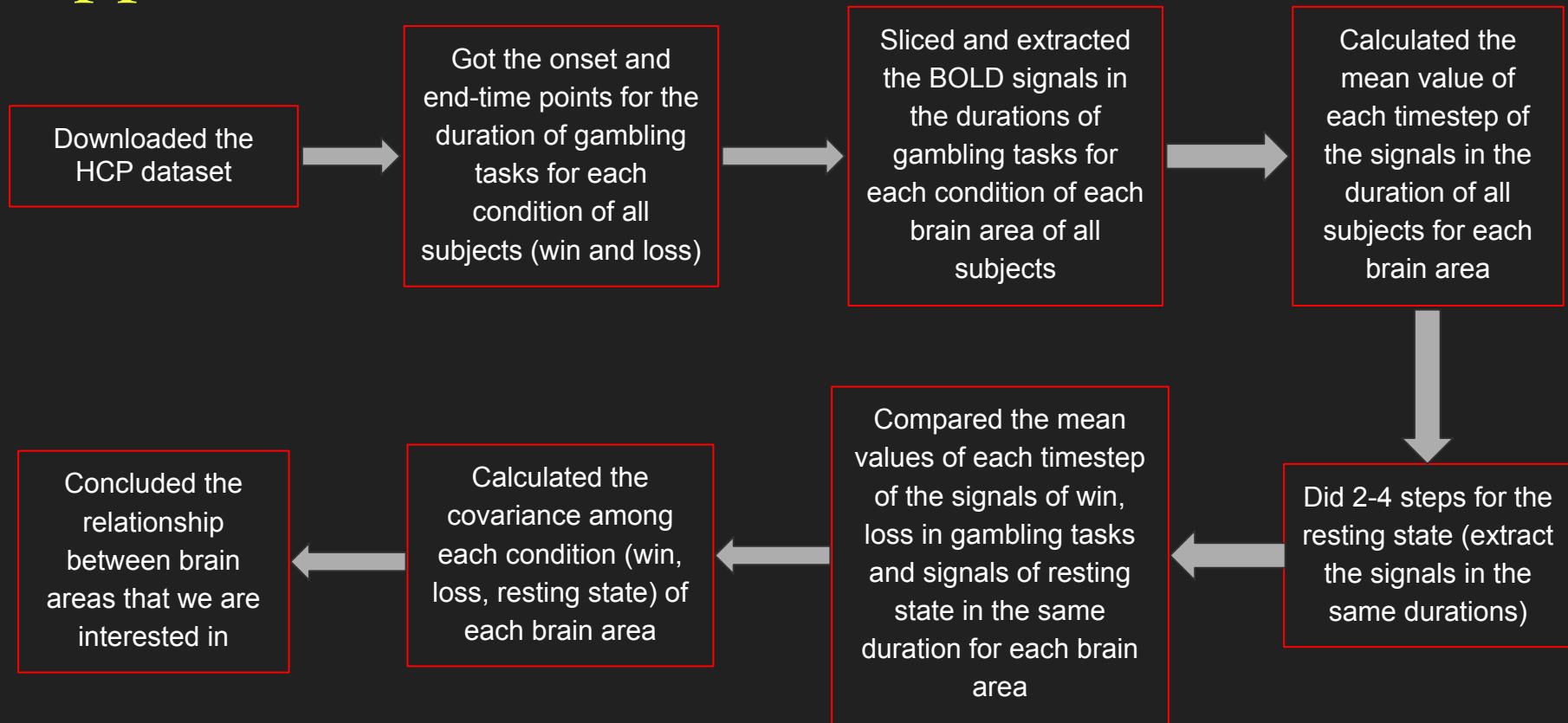
Dataset: HCP-2020 (fMRI)

Gambling task: a card-guessing game

4 tasks [2 Mostly rewards, 2 Mostly losses] : 8 guesses each

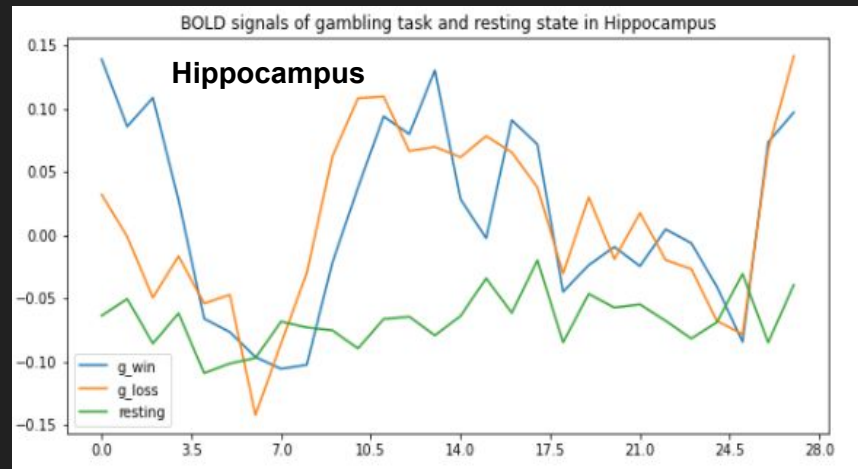
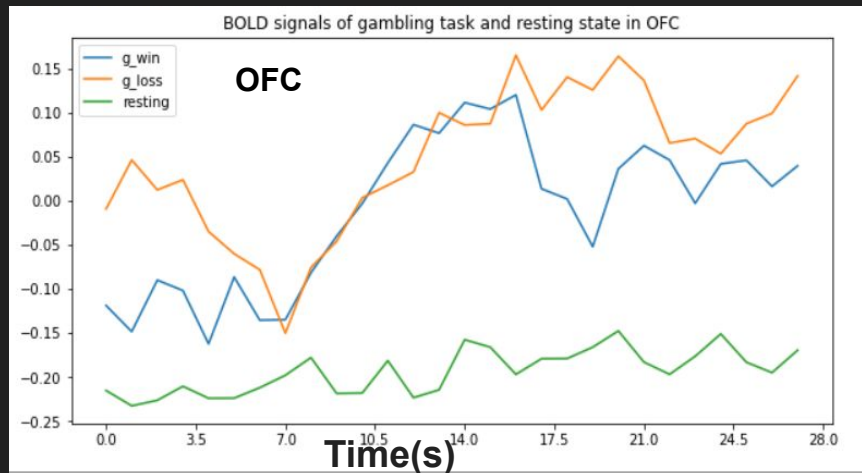


Approach

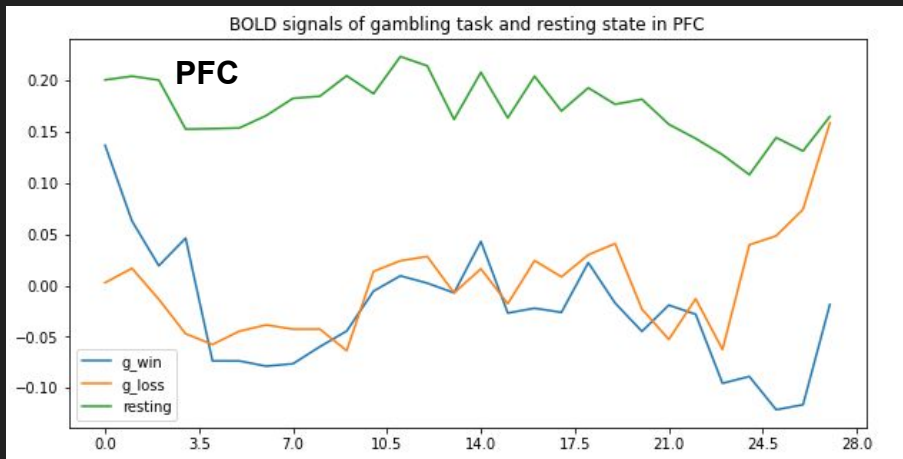


Change in activity with state, guess and outcome

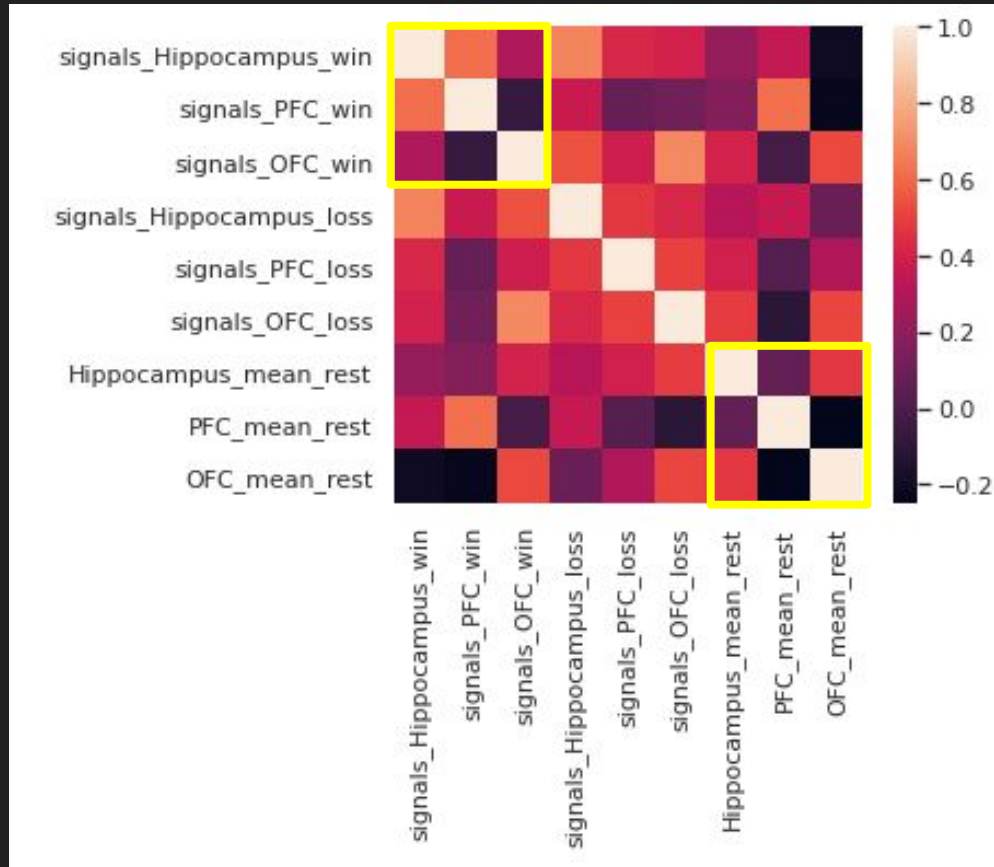
BOLD-signal



1 guess = 3.5s
guesses = 8



Resting state connectivities differ from gambling task



Discussion

- I. Are these 3 regions functionally connected to each other?
YES, Orbitofrontal cortex and Hippocampus ($r \sim 0.5$)
NO, OFC and Prefrontal cortex nor Hippocampus and PFC
- II. How does their activity differ in a decision-making task (like gambling) from the resting-state?
 - **Higher activation of :**
OFC - Reward-processing
Hippocampus - Pattern seeking and working memory
 - **Reduced activation of:**
PFC - Decision-making and working memory



The team :)



Fadime Kezer



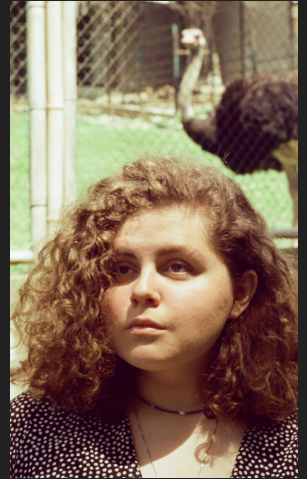
Ayushi Chaudhary



Maitreyee Purnapatre



Xiaoxiao Yu



Anna Maslova

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to our mentor Dr. Balazs Ujfalussy, our project-TA Sinem Serap and our tutorial-TA S. Parisa Daj. for their kind inputs.

References

- Barch, D. M., Burgess, G. C., Harms, M. P., Petersen, S. E., Schlaggar, B.L., Corbetta, M., ...& Van Essen, D. C. (2013). Function in the human connectome: Task-fMRI and individual differences in behavior. *NeuroImage*, 80, 169-189.
- Dong, G., Lin, X., Zhou, H., & Du, X. (2014). Decision-making after continuous wins or losses in a randomized guessing task: implications for how the prior selection results affect subsequent decision-making. *Behavioral and Brain Functions*, 10(1).
- Glasser, M. F., Coalson, T. S., Robinson, E. C., Hacker, C. D., Harwell, J., Yacoub, E., ...& Van Essen, D. C. (2016). A multi-modal parcellation of human cerebral cortex. *Nature*, 536(7615), 171-178.
- Gupta, R., Koscik, T. R., Bechara, A., & Tranel, D. (2011). The amygdala and decision-making. *Neuropsychologia*, 49(4), 760-766.
- <https://www.humanconnectome.org/study/hcp-lifespan-development/project-protocol/task-protocols-hcp-development>