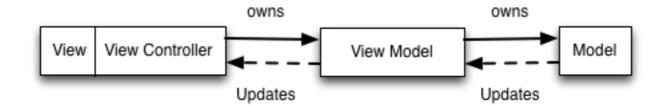
#### Model View Controller

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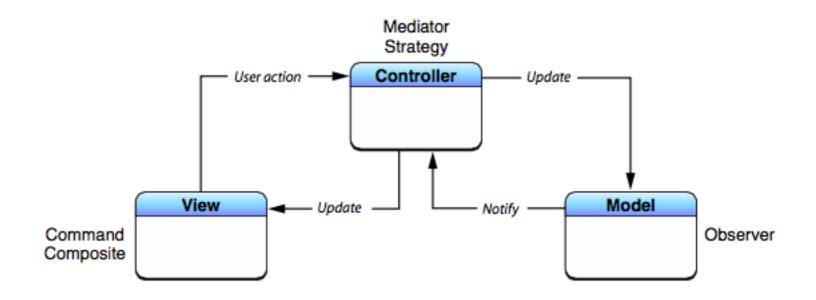
#### Why MVC?

## What's UIViewController?

#### How about MVVM?



### How MVC works together? How to communication? Relationship?



#### Model

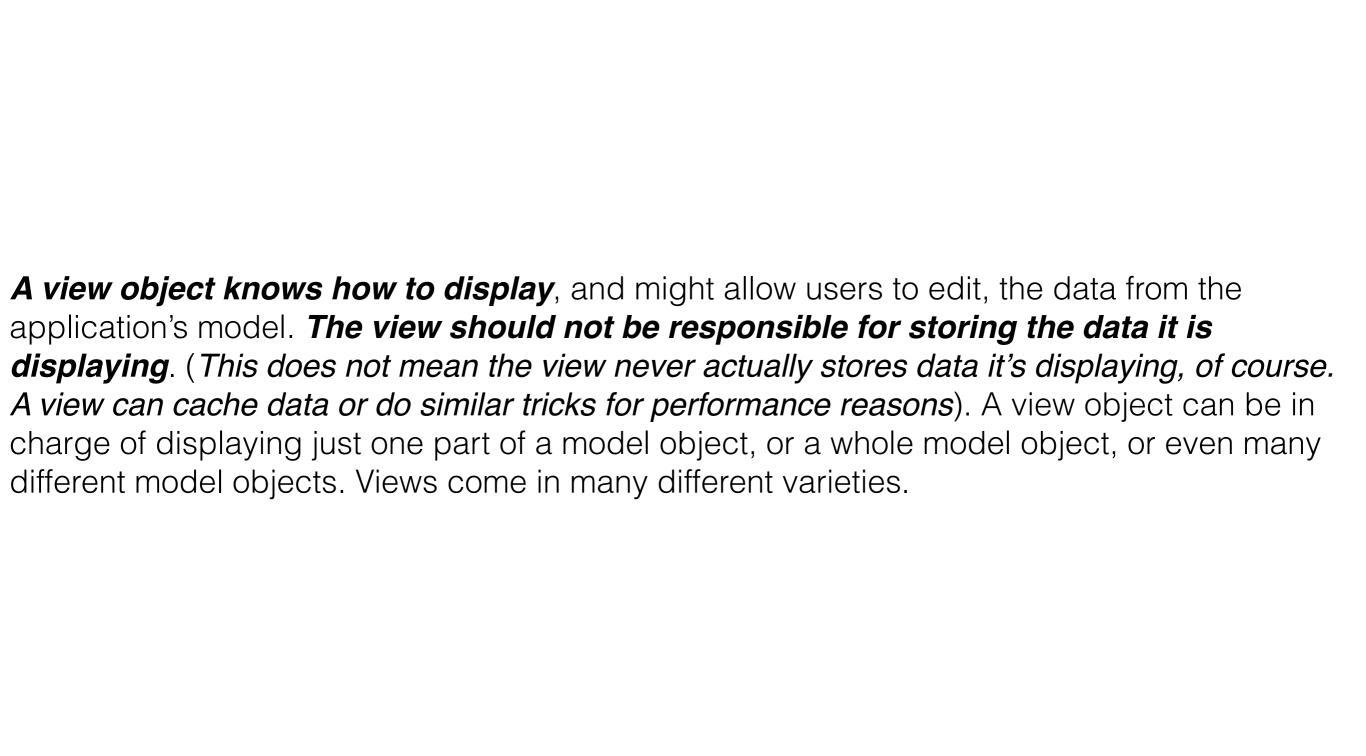
Model Objects Encapsulate Data and Basic Behaviors

**Model objects represent special knowledge and expertise**. They hold an application's data and define the logic that manipulates that data. A well-designed MVC application has all its important data encapsulated in model objects. Any data that is part of the persistent state of the application (whether that persistent state is stored in files or databases) should reside in the model objects once the data is loaded into the application. Because they represent knowledge and expertise related to a specific problem domain, they tend to be reusable.

Ideally, a model object has no explicit connection to the user interface used to present and edit it. For example, if you have a model object that represents a person (say you are writing an address book), you might want to store a birthdate. That's a good thing to store in your Person model object. However, storing a date format string or other information on how that date is to be presented is probably better off somewhere else.

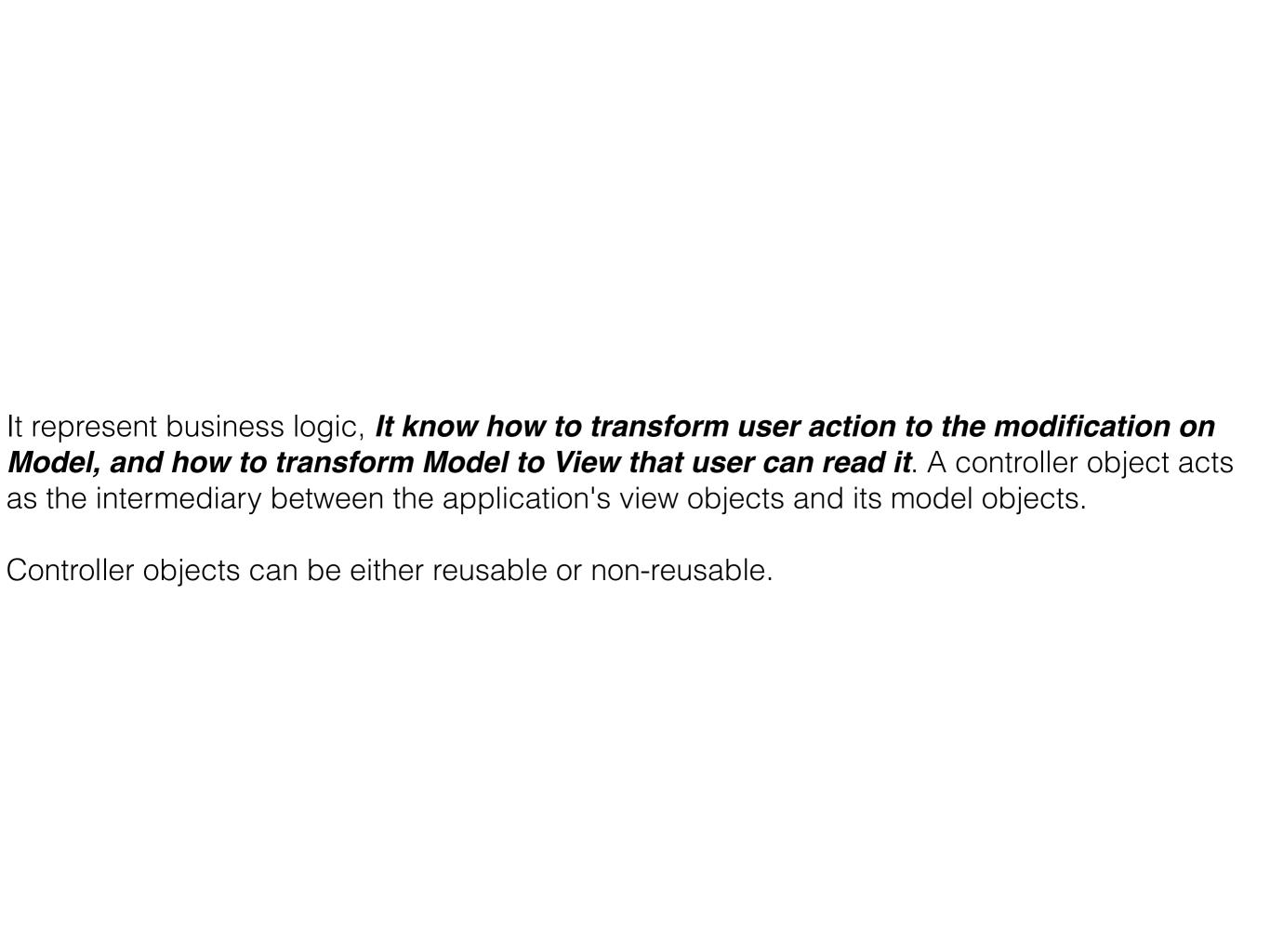
#### View

View Objects Present Information to the User & Pass User Order to Controller



#### Controller

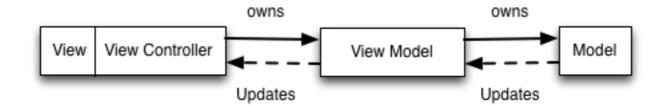
Controller Objects Tie the Model to the View



#### Why MVC?

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# Low coupling & High cohesion

#### Reusable