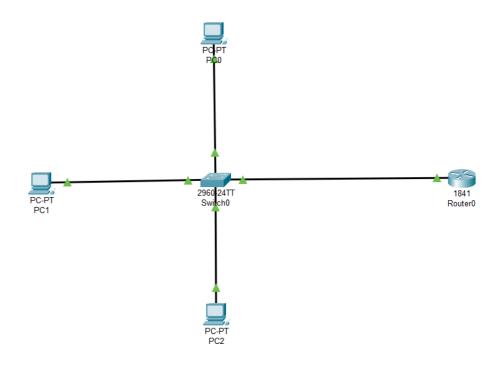
NAMA; AYU FITRIYANI NIM: 09010282327024

KELAS: MI3A

MK : PRATIKUM JARINGAN KOMPUTER



- VLAN Name			Stat	tus P	Ports						
1	defaul	Lt			act:			Fa0/5, Fa			
								Fa0/9, Fa			
								Fa0/13,			
								Fa0/17, 1			
								Fa0/21, 1		Fa0/23	
_								Gig0/1, (31g0/2		
_	Humas					ive F					
	Keuang	gan				ive F					
-						ive F	FaU/3				
	Pimpinan acti										
					act:						
	token-ring-default active										
	fddinet-default active										
1005	trnet-	-default			act:	ive					
VLAN	Type	SAID	MTU	Parent	RingNo	BridgeN	o Stp	BrdgMode	Transl	Trans2	
1	enet	100001	1500	_	_	-	_	-	0	0	
2	enet	100002	1500	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	

VLAN	NAME	STATUS	PORT
1	Default	Active	Fa0/4, Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10,
			Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16,
			Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/21,
			Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24, Gig0/1, Gig0/2
2	Humas	Active	Fa0/1
3	Keuangan	Active	Fa0/2
4	IT	Active	Fa0/3
5	Pimpinan	Active	

No	Sumber	Tujuan	Hasil		
No			Ya	Tidak	
1	DC 1	PC 2	Ya		
1	PC I	PC 3	Ya		

2	PC 2	PC 1	Ya	
		PC 3	Ya	

2	DC 2	PC 1	Ya	
3	PC 3	PC 2	Ya	

PC 1

```
C:\ping 192.168.100.2

Pinging 192.168.100.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.100.2: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.100.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\ping 192.168.150.2

Pinging 192.168.150.2 bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time<ims TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time</im>
Ping statistics for 192.168.150.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 16ms, Average = 4ms
```

PC 2

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\pping 192.168.200.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.200.2 bytes=32 time=Ims TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.200.2: bytes=32 time<Ims TTL=127
Ping statistics for 192.168.200.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\pinging 192.168.150.2
Pinging 192.168.150.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.150.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 192.168.150.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 10ms, Average = 7ms
```

PC 3

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0

C:\ping 192.168.200.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.200.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.200.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\ping 192.168.100.2

Pinging 192.168.100.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.100.2: bytes=32 time=18ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.100.2: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.100.2: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Reply from 192.168.100.2: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.100.2:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 7ms, Maximum = 18ms, Average = 10ms
```

Analisis Percobaan:

Percobaan ini bertujuan untuk mengimplementasikan konsep router on a stick. Konsep dengan melakukan routing antar VLAN yang berbeda menggunakan satu interface pada router. Dalam gambar tersebut swtich digunakan sebagai pusat jarngan (Switch distribusi) dikonfigursi untuk membawa multiple VLAN pada satu link menuju router.

Kesimpulannya:

Untuk mengetahui cara kerja dari sebuah router sebagai penghubung antar VLAN yang berbeda. Konsep-konsep penting yang terlibat seperti mode VLAN, TRUNK, VTP. Selain itu router on a stick adalah Solusi yang efektif untuk menghubungkan multiple VLAN dalam jaringan yang tidak terlalu besar dan kompleks. Namun, untuk jaringan yang lebih besar dan kompleks memerlukan solusi yang lebih canggih.