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# Quiz 1

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Download latex codes from

https://github.com/ayush-2321/EE3900/new/main

### **PROBLEM**

**Q2.30(a):-** For the following system determine whether the system is (1) stable, (2) casual (3) linear, (4) time invariant.

$$T(x|n) = (\cos(\pi n))x[n] \tag{0.0.1}$$

### SOLUTION

**Definition 1.** *Stable* A system is said to be stable if the response to a bounded input is always bounded.

Let.

$$T(x|n) = (\cos(\pi n))x[n] = y[n]$$
 (0.0.2)

Since,  $cos(\pi n) = either 1 or -1$ .

$$y[t] = (-1)^n x[t] (0.0.3)$$

Now,

$$|y[n]| = |(-1)^n x[n]|$$
 (0.0.4)

$$=|x[n]|\tag{0.0.5}$$

Since, x[n] is bounded, therefore |x[n]| is bounded. Hence, y[n] is **stable**.

**Definition 2.** Casual The output at any instant does not depend on the future inputs i.e, for at  $n_0$  y[ $n_0$ ] does not depend on x[n] for  $n > n_0$ .

Since,  $y[n] = |(-1)^n x[n]|$ , depends only on the current value of x[n].

Therefore, it is casual.

**Definition 3.** *Linear* The response to an arbitary linear combination of input signals is always the same linear combinations of the individual responses to these signals

Let,

$$x_1[n] \implies (-1)^n x_1[n]$$
 (0.0.6)

$$x_2[n] \implies (-1)^n x_2[n]$$
 (0.0.7)

Now,

$$y_1[n] + y_2[n] \implies (-1)^n x_1[n] + (-1)^n x_2[n] \quad (0.0.8)$$
  
$$\implies (-1)^n (x_1[n] + x_2[n]) \quad (0.0.9)$$

Hence, it is linear.

**Definition 4.** *Time Invariant* The response to an arbitrary translated set of inputs is always the response to the original set, but translated by the same amount.

If

$$x[n] \implies y[n] \tag{0.0.10}$$

then

$$x[n - n_0] \implies y[n - n_0]$$
 (0.0.11)

for all x and  $n_0$ .

Let,

$$x[n] \implies (-1)^n x[n] = y[n]$$
 (0.0.12)

$$x[n-n_0] \implies (-1)^n x[n-n_0] = y[n-n_0] (0.0.13)$$

Since, the output is translated by the same amount. Hence it is **time invariant**.