Quiz 2

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Download latex codes from

https://github.com/ayush-2321/EE3900/new/main

PROBLEM

Q3.23(b):- Consider an LTI system that is stable and for which H(z), the z-transform of the impulse response is given by:

$$H(z) = \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})}$$
(0.0.1)

SOLUTION

Theorem 1. z-transform linearity

$$ax_1[n] + bx_2[n] \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} X_1[n] + bX_2[n]$$
 (0.0.2)

Now,

$$H(z) = \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-2})}{(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1})(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1})}$$
(0.0.3)

Using partial fraction method

$$H(z) = -4 + \frac{(5 + \frac{7}{2}z^{-1})}{1 - \frac{3}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}}$$
 (0.0.4)

$$H(z) = -4 - \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{7}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}$$
 (0.0.5)

Now,

$$h(n) = \mathcal{Z}^{-1} \left(-4 - \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}} + \frac{7}{1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}} \right) \quad (0.0.6)$$

Using theorem 1,

$$h(n) = -4\delta[n] - 2(\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] + 7\frac{1}{4}^n \qquad (0.0.7)$$

Since, we know that y[n] = h[n] * x[n]Hence, the difference equation is:

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n] - \frac{1}{2}x[n-2]$$
 (0.0.8)