**EECS-3311 A Week 3 Lab Report**

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The software project is about providing a graphical user interface which can draw 6 shapes on the screen and is able to sort the drawn shapes by surface area. The goals for this software project are to utilize various software design patterns and getting practical experience with the implementation of these design patterns.

The main challenges of the software project are to create an API which will allow the various shape classes to communicate with the display class and using a design pattern to implement the API. Thus, we need to define appropriate relationships between the various classes such as association, composition, aggregation, inheritance etc.

The main concepts which are used in this software project are:

***OO Analysis:*** Analyzing the software project description and choosing various classes based on how to fulfill the project requirements.

***Encapsulation:*** Hiding the internal variables of the shape classes and providing getters and setters to change the internal state of the class.

***Inheritance:*** The Rectangle, Circle and Square classes all inherit the abstract shape class.

***Abstraction:*** Providing an interface which only allows access to the class’s attributes via setters and getters.

***Factory Pattern:*** The presence of the ShapeFactory class which creates the instances of the all the shape classes.

***UML Class Diagrams****:* Using UML class diagrams to describe the various classes and their relationships to each other in a graphical format.

My report will be structured by first designing the UML class diagrams for the implementation. The UML diagram will describe the various classes and the relationships among them. As per the software project requirements, there will be 1 initial UML class diagram and then after reviewing the first UML diagram we shall design another UML diagram and compare each other. Then the report will show a working implementation of the software project whilst highlighting the important elements and describing the software tools used in the implementation. At the end, the report will conclude with a review of how the software project went and will provide learning outcomes of the project and provide recommendations.

Part 2: Design

Diagram

Description automatically generated

*UML class diagram 1*

The UML diagram above shows the various classes which comprise the software projects.

Now we first start with the abstract *Shape* class. This class embodies the abstract concept of a shape. There are a few essential fields which are associated to each shape such as the location, which is represented with *top* and *left*, specifying the top-left point of a shape. The *Shape* class also has some methods which each shape should have such as *drawShape, copy, and getArea.* As per specifications, the *Shape* class also implements the *Comparable<T>* interace. Also, applying the OO principle of Encapsulation, each of the fields are private and provide getters and setters to retrieve and manipulate the fields respectively.

There are three concrete classes which are subclasses of the the *Shape* class, namely *MyRectangle, MyCircle* and *MySquare*. Each of the classes have extra fields specific to them, for instance *MyCircle* class has *radius*, whereas *MyRectangle* has *width and height*. All these concrete classes again apply Encapsulation by providing appropriate getters and setters.

The *ShapeFactory* class embodies the Factory design pattern and thus provides an interface for other classes, such as the *MyPanel* class, to instantiate sub-classes of the *Shape* class. It also provides a great utility method *createRandomShape* which instantiates a random *Shape* class with random parameters. This method is used extensively by the *MyPanel* class.

The *InsertionSort* class embodies the Singleton design pattern, since multiple instances of this class are unresourceful. The main method for this class is the *sort* method which takes in a *ArrayList* of *Shape* and sorts the arraylist by the surface area of each shape.

*MyPanel* class extends the JPanel class and manages the drawing and creation of the 6 shapes required for the software project.

The two design patterns which are use in the above UML diagram are the Factory design pattern and the Singelton design pattern shown by the *ShapeFactory* and the *InsertionSort* classes respectively.