

# Data Structures & Algorithms (PCC-CS 301)

Dr. Debashis Das
Associate Professor
Department of CSE
Techno India University, Kolkata

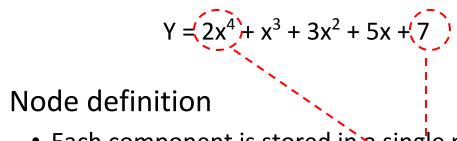


## **Topics Covered**

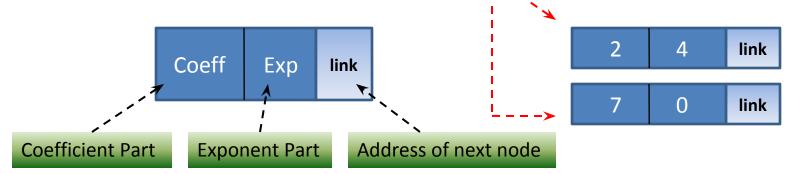
- 1. Application of Linked List
  - a. Polynomial Representation
  - b. Polynomial Addition
  - c. Stack and Queue Representation



- Polynomial Representation
  - Polynomial

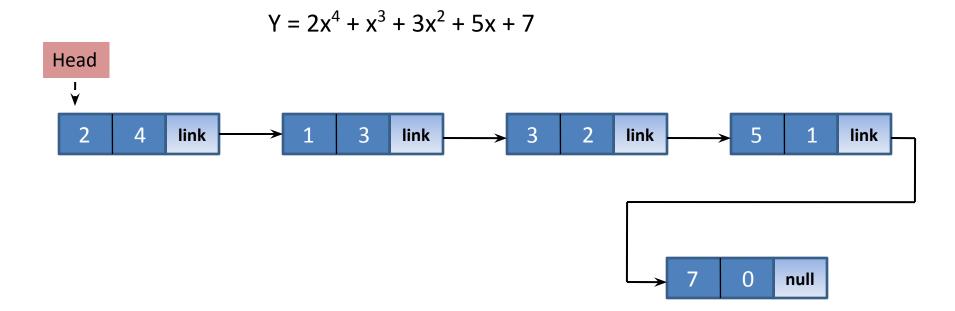


- Each component is stored in a single node
- Any single node is defined with 2 data field and an address field





- Polynomial Representation
  - ☐ Linked List representation



- Polynomial Addition
  - ☐ Add following polynomials using LL

$$A = 2x^{4} + x^{3} + 3x^{2} + 5x + 7$$

$$B = 5x^{4} - 2x^{2} - 7x + 2$$

$$PTR1$$

$$PTR2$$

$$PTR3$$

$$PTR3$$

$$PTR3$$

$$PTR3$$

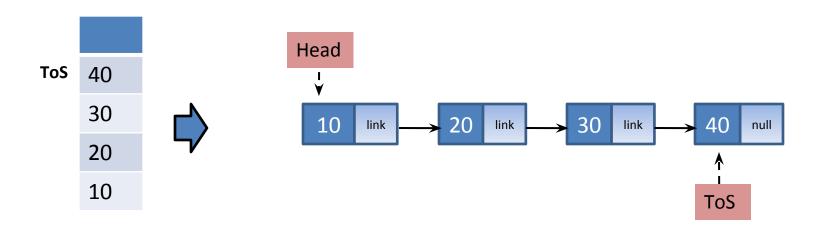
$$PTR4$$

$$PTR3$$

$$PTR4$$



Stack Representation



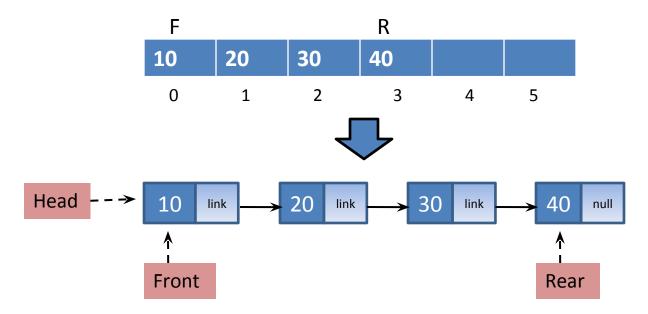
PUSH is performed by new node insertion at end in the singly Linked List using **ToS** pointer

POP is performed by last node deletion at singly Linked List using **ToS** pointer



#### <u>Application of Linked List</u>

Queue Representation



ENQUEUE is performed by node insertion at end in the singly Linked List using Rear pointer

DEQUEUE is performed by first node deletion at singly Linked List using Front pointer



### Queries?