Microprocessor programming and Interfacing Design Assignment

IC TESTER [P6]

Group 101

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CS F241: MICROPROCESSOR PROGRAMMING AND INTERFACING



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Problem Statement (P6)

Design a Microprocessor based tester to test the logical functioning of the following chips:

- (i) 7408
- (ii) 7486
- (iii)7432

The IC to be tested will be inserted in a 14 pin ZIF socket. The IC number is to be entered via a keyboard. The results of the test along with the IC number are to be displayed on LCD as "74xy PASS" or "74xy FAIL". Design the necessary hardware and write the necessary ALP for implementing the above-mentioned task.

Assumptions:

The following are the assumptions made regarding the system:-

- The user presses the appropriate button.
- User enters a 4-digit number as the IC number.
- The 8086 Chip is already programmed with the specified code from an external source.
- The User inserts the IC into the ZIF Socket before entering the IC Number on the Keypad
- There is a jump instruction at the address that the processor generates to the place where our code is stored (i.e. to FF000H).
- We have connected the ICs individually to the 8086 through ZIF socket.
- GND Pins of the 8086 are grounded and VCC & MIN/MAX pins are connected to +5V.

System Description

The basic function of the digital IC tester is to test a digital IC for correct logical functioning as described in the truth table. It can be used with digital ICs having 14 pins. Since it is programmable, any number of ICs can be tested within the constraint of the memory available. This model applies the necessary signals to the inputs of the IC, monitoring the outputs at each stage and comparing them with the outputs in the truth table. Any discrepancy in the functioning of the IC results in a fail indication, displays the faulty and good gates on the LCD. The testing procedure is accomplished using input provided by the Hex Keypad.

This model examines the most common used digital IC's used in digital circuits which are 7408, 7486 and 7432 and assembly program is also provided along with the model.

- The system is based on an 8086 microprocessor using an 8255 for Input/Output interfacing.
- A total of 2, 4k ROM and 2, 2k RAM memory are interfaced to a 8086 microprocessor.
- The memory chips are interfaced by memory mapped interfacing while all other devices are interfaced to the microprocessor by I/O mapped interfacing.
- 16 push buttons are used to form a 4x4 matrix keypad with keys 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,
 9, BACKSPACE, RESET, A, B, C, D.
- Output is in the form of text messages displayed on the LCD.
- 3 ICs are connected to 8086 through ZIF socket individually.

List of Components

Chip Number	Quantity	Chip	Purpose
8086	1	Microprocessor	Central Processing Unit
6132	2	RAM	Read write memory to house data and stack segment
2732	2	EPROM	Read only erasable programmable memory to house the code
8255	2	Programmable Peripheral Interface	Interfacing the LCD and Keyboard
74LS245	2	8 bit bidirectional buffer	
74LS273	3	8 bit Latches	
74154	1	Decoder	
LM020L	1	LCD	Display
74LS138	1	Decoder	CS LOGIC
214-3339-00-060 2J	1	ZIF Socket	For attaching IC

Memory Mapping

STARTING ADDRESS - 00000H

Number of 2732 chips - 2 ROM-4K

We divide 4K ROM in - 2K even bank and 2K odd bank.

Number of 6116 chips - 2

RAM -2K

We divide 2K RAM in -1K even bank and 1K odd bank

ROM1E - 00000H,00002H, ..., 00FFEH

ROM1O - 00001H,00003H, ..., 00FFFH

ROM2E - 01000H,01002H, ..., 01FFEH

ROM2O - 01001H,01003H, ..., 01FFFH

RAM1E - 02000H,02002H, ..., 027FEH

RAM1O - 02001H,02003H, ..., 027FFH

RAM2E - 02800H,02802H, ..., 02FFEH

RAM2O - 02801H,02803H, ..., 02FFFH

Input/Output Organization

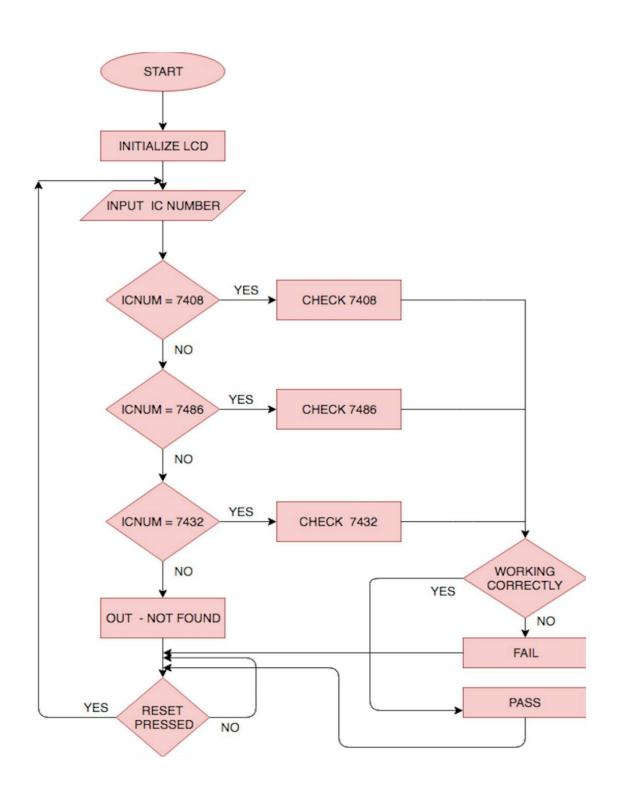
8255(1)

Port	Port Address	Mode	Input/Output
А	10h	0	Output
В	12h	0	Output
Lower C	14h	0	-
Upper C	14h	0	-
Control Register	16h		

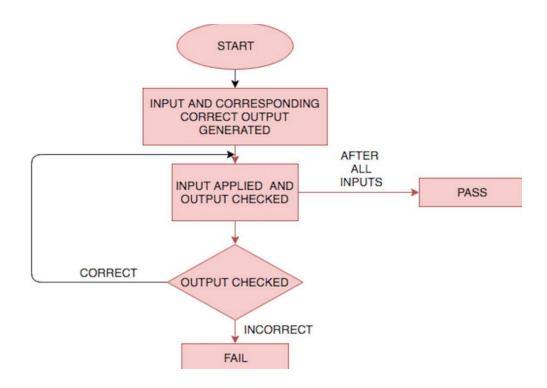
8255(2)

Port	Port Address	Mode	Input/Output
A	20h	0	Output
В	22h	0	Input
Lower C	24h	0	Output
Upper C	24h	0	Input
Control Register	26h		

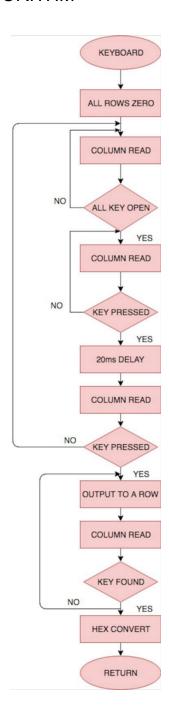
FLOWCHART



IC TESTING ALGORITHM



KEYBOARD TESTING ALGORITHM



Code

.MODEL TINY .DATA

TEXT FAIL DB "FAIL"

TEXT PASS DB " PASS"

TEXT NOT FOUND DB "NOT FOUND"

;message displayed when incorrect IC number is entered

TEXT IC REQUEST DB "IC NUM- "; input message(asks user to enter an IC number)

NUM 7408 DB "7408"; IC numbers of the ICs that we need to check

NUM_7432 DB "7432"

NUM 7486 DB "7486"

KEYPAD KEYS DB "0123456789SRABCD"; list of keypad keys

IC_NUM 4 DUP('\$') ;stores the IC number entered by the user

;values used for checking 'correctness' of ics in 74xx-input values out 74xx-corresponding output values

IN 7408 DB 00H,55H,0AAH,0FFH

OUT 7408 DB 00H,00H,00H,0FH

IN 7486 DB 00H,55H,0AAH,0FFH

OUT 7486 DB 00H,0FH,0FH,00H

IN 7432 DB 00H,55H,0AAH,0FFH

OUT_7432 DB 00H,0FH,0FH,0FH

;values used for interfacing push-button matrix with 8086

;display table

DISPLAY TABLE DW 0H, 01H, 2H, 3H, 4H, 5H

DW 6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,

DW 0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

; kb table

KEYBOARD TABLE DB 0EEh,0EDH,0EBH,0E7H,0DEH,0DDH

DB 0DBH,0D7H,0BEH,0BDH,0BBH,0B7H

DB 07EH,07DH,07BH,077H

```
IC STATUS DB 00H
```

;00H-IC currently not found(i.e. IC num not in 7408,7486,7432),01H- correct IC num entered

LOOP_COUNT DW 00H ;keeps loop count

CHAR_COUNT DW 0000H ;keeps count of number of characters to be printed by WRITE_MEM procedure

; assigning port addresses 8255-1 and 8255-2

PORTA equ 10h

PORTB equ 12h

PORTC equ 14h

command address equ 16h

PORT2A equ 20h

PORT2B equ 22h

PORT2C equ 24h

command address2 equ 26h

.CODE

.STARTUP

mov al,010001010B

out command address2,al

;initialises 8255-2: PORTA and lower PORTC as output and PORTB and upper PORTC as input

CALL LCD START ; initialises LCD unit

S1: ;Start label

MOV LOOP COUNT,0

MOV IC STATUS,00H

CALL CLS ;clear LCD

LEA DI, TEXT IC REQUEST ; di stores address of message to be printed by WRITE MEM

MOV CHAR COUNT,9 ;no of characters to be printed

CALL WRITE MEM ; prints input message to LCD

S2:

MOV CHAR COUNT,01H

CALL KEYBOARD ; reads single keypush

LEA DI,KEYPAD KEYS

```
ADD DI,AX
                ;DI stores address pointing to the key pressed
MOV SI,LOOP COUNT
MOV AL,[DI]
               ;reads key pushed into al
CMP AL,"R"
                ; if key pushed==R(RESET) ->go to start of program
JE S1
CMP AL, "S"
;else if key pushed==S(BACKSPACE)->backspace if LOOP COUNT>0{i.e. characters
enetered>0}
JNE S2 1
CMP LOOP_COUNT,00H
JE S2
CALL BACKSPACE ; backspace procedure
DEC LOOP COUNT ; dec number of chaacters{digits} entered
JMP<sub>S2</sub>
S2 1:
MOV IC NUM[SI],AL ;stores the key pressed
CALL WRITE MEM APP ;appends the key pressed onto the current LCD string
INC LOOP COUNT
CMP LOOP COUNT,04H ;loop exit condition
JZ S3
JMP S2
S3:
LEA DI,IC NUM
MOV CHAR COUNT,04H
CALL WRITE MEM ; writes ic number entered by user onto LCD
LEA BX,NUM 7408
                          :7408
CALL IC CMP ; compares IC NUM with 4 digit number whose address is stored in BX.Makes
IC STATUS=01H if the IC numbers match
CMP IC STATUS,01H
JNE IC2
            ;if IC STATUS==1 then check if IC is good or bad
CALL CHECK 7408
JMP S4
IC2:
LEA BX, NUM_7486
CALL IC_CMP
                 ;similar as for 7408
CMP IC STATUS,01H
JNE IC3
```

```
JMP S4
       IC3:
       LEA BX,NUM_7432
       CALL IC CMP
                         ;similar as for 7408
       CMP IC STATUS,01H
       JNE NO IC
       CALL CHECK_7432
       JMP S4
       NO_IC:
       LEA DI,TEXT_NOT_FOUND
       MOV CHAR COUNT,10
                                   ;if no ic found then writes IC NUM "not found" on LCD
       CALL WRITE MEM APP
       S4:
       CALL KEYBOARD
       LEA DI,KEYPAD KEYS
       ADD DI,AX
                         ;loops until user pushes R{RESET}. R resets the IC checker. Goes back to start
       of program
       MOV AL,[DI]
       CMP AL,"R"
       JE S1
       JMP S4
       S5:
.EXIT
; Procedure used
;lcd(liquid crystal device) used in the project to display user input and display status of IC number entered
by user[good,bad,not found].
;Initially it shows the output as "IC NUM - "
LCD START PROC NEAR
       MOV AL, 38H; initialize LCD for 2 lines & 5*7 matrix
       CALL LCD WRITE ; write the command to LCD
```

CALL CHECK 7486

```
CALL DELAY ;wait before issuing the next command
      CALL DELAY ;this command needs lots of delay
      CALL DELAY
      MOV AL, 0EH; send command for LCD on, cursor on
      CALL LCD WRITE
      CALL DELAY
      MOV AL, 01 ;clear LCD
      CALL LCD WRITE
      CALL DELAY
      MOV AL, 06 ; command for shifting cursor right
      CALL LCD_WRITE
      CALL DELAY
      RET
LCD START ENDP
LCD_WRITE PROC ; this procedure writes commands to LCD
      MOV DX, PORTA
      OUT DX, AL ;send the code to Port A
      MOV DX, PORTB
      MOV AL, 00000100B ; RS=0, R/W=0, E=1 for H-To-L pulse
      OUT DX, AL
      NOP
      NOP
      MOV AL, 00000000B ;RS=0,R/W=0,E=0 for H-To-L pulse
      OUT DX, AL
      RET
LCD WRITE ENDP
WRITE MEM PROC NEAR
      CALL CLS
      ;MOV CL,4
      ;MOV CH,0
      XY:MOV AL, [DI]
      CALL DATWRIT; issue it to LCD
      CALL DELAY ; wait before issuing the next character
```

```
CALL DELAY ; wait before issuing the next character
      INC DI
      DEC CHAR_COUNT
      JNZ XY
      RET
WRITE MEM ENDP
WRITE_MEM_APP PROC NEAR
; SIMILAR AS WRITE MEM expect that it does not clear the current LCD state
      ;MOV CL,4
      ;MOV CH,0
      X10:MOV AL, [DI]
      CALL DATWRIT ; issue it to LCD
      CALL DELAY ; wait before issuing the next character
      CALL DELAY ;wait before issuing the next character
      INC DI
      DEC CHAR COUNT
      JNZ X10
      RET
WRITE MEM APP ENDP
; Procedure for reading key pressed from the keyboard
KEYBOARD PROC NEAR
      PUSHF
      PUSH BX
      PUSH CX
      PUSH DX ; SAVING THE REGISTERS USED
      MOV AL,0FFH
      OUT PORT2C,AL
      X0: MOV AL,00H
      OUT PORT2C,AL
      X1: IN AL, PORT2C
      AND AL,0F0H
      CMP AL,0F0H
      JNZ X1
```

CALL D20MS ; key debounce check

MOV AL,00H

OUT PORT2C ,AL ;provide column values as output through lower port C

X2:IN AL,PORT2C

AND AL,0F0H

CMP AL,0F0H

JZ X2

CALL D20MS ;key debounce check

MOV AL,00H

OUT PORT2C ,AL ;provide column values as output through lower port C

IN AL, PORT2C

AND AL,0F0H

CMP AL,0F0H

JZ X2 ;key debounce check

MOV AL, 0EH ;column 0

MOV BL,AL

OUT PORT2C,AL

IN AL, PORT2C

AND AL,0F0H

CMP AL,0F0H

JNZ X3

MOV AL, 0DH; column 1

MOV BL,AL

OUT PORT2C ,AL

IN AL, PORT2C

AND AL,0F0H

CMP AL,0F0H

JNZ X3

MOV AL, 0BH; column 2

MOV BL,AL

OUT PORT2C,AL

IN AL, PORT2C

AND AL,0F0H

CMP AL,0F0H

JNZ X3

MOV AL, 07H ;column 3

MOV BL,AL

```
OUT PORT2C,AL
      IN AL, PORT2C
      AND AL,0F0H
      CMP AL,0F0H
      JZ X2
      X3: OR AL,BL
      MOV CX,0FH
      MOV DI,00H
      X4: CMP AL,KEYBOARD_TABLE[DI] ;Comparing with expected AL values
      JZ X5
      INC DI
      LOOP X4
            MOV AX,DI ; move the signal for the key pressed to AX
      X5:
      POP DX
      POP CX
      POP BX
      POPF
      RET
KEYBOARD ENDP
CLS PROC
      MOV AL, 01 ;clear LCD
      CALL LCD_WRITE
      CALL DELAY
      CALL DELAY
      RET
CLS ENDP
DATWRIT PROC
      PUSH DX ;save DX
      MOV DX,PORTA ;DX=port A address
      OUT DX, AL ;issue the char to LCD
```

```
MOV AL, 00000101B ; RS=1, R/W=0, E=1 for H-to-L pulse
      MOV DX, PORTB ;port B address
      OUT DX, AL ; make enable high
      MOV AL, 00000001B; RS=1, R/W=0 and E=0 for H-to-L pulse
      OUT DX, AL
      POP DX
      RET
DATWRIT ENDP ; writing on the lcd ends
BACKSPACE PROC NEAR ; backspace
      PUSH DX ;save registers
      PUSH AX
      MOV DX,PORTA ;DX=port A address
      MOV AL,00010000B ;used for shifting cursor to one space right
      OUT DX,AL
                      ;issue to LCD
      MOV DX,PORTB ;DX=PORTB address
      MOV AL,00000100B ;RS=0, R/W=0, E=1 for H-to-L pulse
      OUT DX,AL
                      ;issue to LCD
      MOV AL,00000000B ;RS=0, R/W=0, E=0 for H-to-L pulse
      OUT DX,AL
                     ;issue to LCD
      CALL DELAY ; wait before issuing next command
      CALL DELAY
      MOV AL,''
      CALL DATWRIT ; overwrite " "
      CALL DELAY
      CALL DELAY
                      ;wait before issuing next command
      MOV DX,PORTA ; code to shift one space right .Same as above. Used for setting back cursor at
proper place after writing " "
      MOV AL,00010000B
      OUT DX,AL
```

MOV DX,PORTB

MOV AL,00000100B

OUT DX,AL

MOV AL,00000000B

OUT DX,AL

POP AX ;retrieve registers

POP DX

RET

BACKSPACE ENDP

```
CHECK_7408 PROC NEAR ; checks if 7408 is good or bad[pass or fail]
      MOV DI,00H
      SEND_INP7408:
      MOV AL,IN_7408[DI]
      OUT PORT2A,AL; output address
      IN AL, PORT2B; input address
      AND AL,0FH
      CMP AL,OUT 7408[DI]
      JE NXT 7408
      CALL FAIL
      JMP EP_7408
      NXT_7408:
      CMP DI,03H
      JE PASS_7408
      INC DI
      JMP SEND INP7408
      PASS 7408:
      CALL PASS
      EP_7408:
      RET
CHECK_7408 ENDP
CHECK_7432 PROC NEAR
                         ;checks if 7432 is good or bad[pass or fail]
      MOV DI,00H
      SEND_INP7432:
      MOV AL,IN_7432[DI]
      OUT PORT2A,AL ;output address
      IN AL, PORT2B ; input address
      AND AL,0FH
      CMP AL,OUT_7432[DI]
      JE NXT_7432
      CALL FAIL
```

```
JMP EP_7432
      NXT_7432:
      CMP DI,03H
      JE PASS_7432
      INC DI
      JMP SEND_INP7432
      PASS_7432:
      CALL PASS
      EP_7432:
      RET
CHECK_7432 ENDP
CHECK 7486 PROC NEAR ; checks if 7486 is good or bad[pass or fail]
      MOV DI,00H
      SEND_INP7486:
      MOV AL,IN_7486[DI]
      OUT PORT2A,AL ;output address
      IN AL, PORT2B ; input address
      AND AL,0FH
      CMP AL,OUT_7486[DI]
      JE NXT 7486
      CALL FAIL
      JMP EP_7486
      NXT_7486:
      CMP DI,03H
      JE PASS 7486
      INC DI
      JMP SEND INP7486
      PASS_7486:
      CALL PASS
      EP_7486:
      RET
CHECK 7486 ENDP
```

IC_CMP PROC NEAR ;compares 4-digit{ASCII values} chip numbers in IC_NUM and [BX] for equality

```
;If equal then IC_STATUS=01H
 MOV SI,0000H
 CMP_NUM:
 MOV AL,IC_NUM[SI]
 CMP AL,BX[SI]
 JE NXT_NUM
 JMP EP_CMP_IC
 NXT_NUM:
 CMP SI,03H
 JE PASS_CMP_IC
 INC SI
 JMP CMP_NUM
 PASS CMP IC:
 MOV IC_STATUS,01H
 EP_CMP_IC:
 RET
IC_CMP ENDP
FAIL PROC NEAR ; appends fail to LCD output
      PUSHF
      PUSH DI
      MOV CHAR_COUNT,05
      LEA DI,TEXT_FAIL
      CALL WRITE_MEM_APP
      POP DI
      POPF
      RET
FAIL ENDP
PASS PROC NEAR ; appends pass to LCD output
      PUSHF
      PUSH DI
      MOV CHAR_COUNT,05
      LEA DI,TEXT_PASS
     CALL WRITE_MEM_APP
      POP DI
      POPF
```

```
RET
```

PASS ENDP

; delay in the circuit here the delay of 20 millisecond is produced

DELAY PROC

MOV CX, 1325 ;1325*15.085 usec = 20 msec

W1:

NOP

NOP

NOP

NOP

NOP

LOOP W1

RET

DELAY ENDP

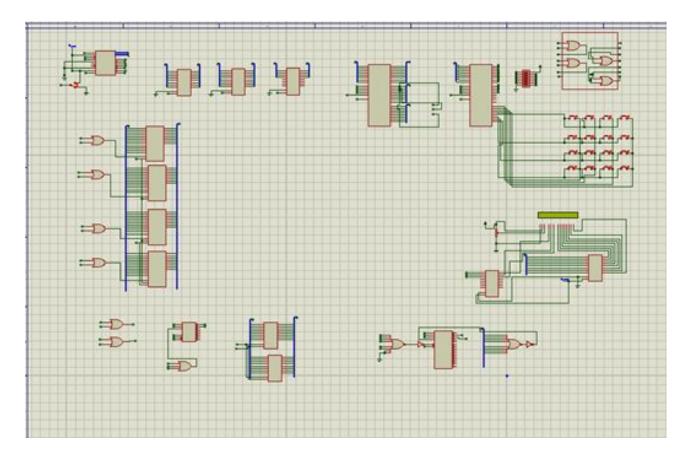
D20MS:mov cx,2220; delay generated will be approx 0.45 secs

xn:loop xn

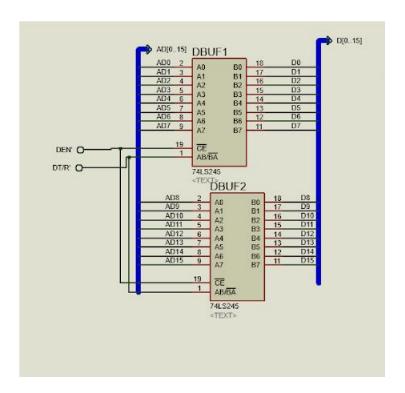
ret

END

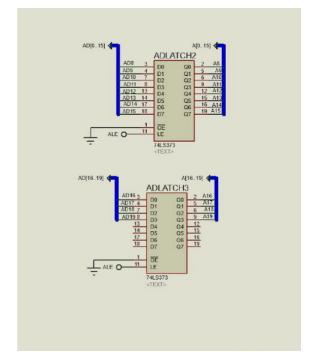
CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



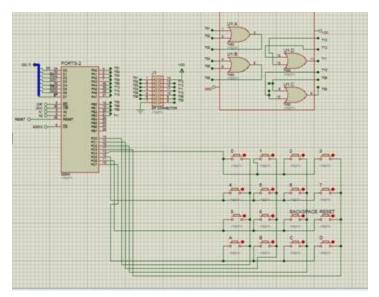
Overall view of schematic for 7432 testing



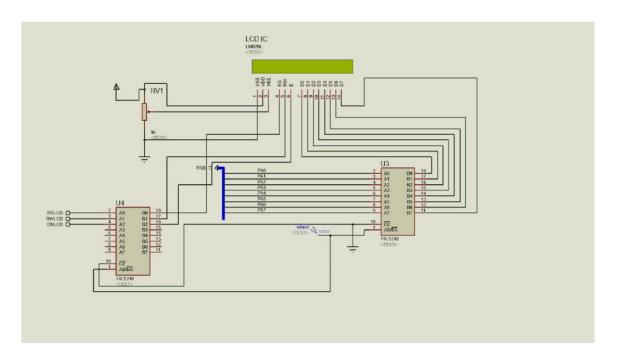
Delay buffers



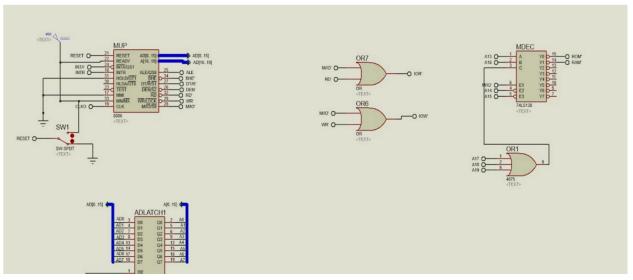
Latches



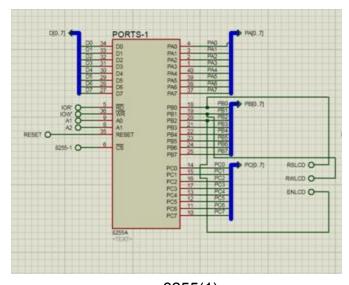
Keyboard with 8255(2) and ZIF Socket



LCD Interfacing



8086 and decoder for CS logic for memory selection



8255(1)