

## INITIAL VALUES

Decision Matrix D (N x R) – Obtained from input images given to STAPLECAM

Initialize all elements of Vector p and q with value close to 1 for example 0.99999

## E – Step

Compute  $W_i^{(k-1)}$  using  $a_i^{(k-1)}$  and  $b_i^{(k-1)}$

$$\begin{aligned} a_i^{(k)} &\equiv f(T_i=1) \prod_j f(D_{ij}|T_i=1, p_j^{(k)}, q_j^{(k)}) & b_i^{(k)} &\equiv f(T_i=0) \prod_j f(D_{ij}|T_i=0, p_j^{(k)}, q_j^{(k)}) \\ &= f(T_i=1) \prod_{j:D_{ij}=1} p_j^{(k)} \prod_{j:D_{ij}=0} (1-p_j^{(k)}) & &= f(T_i=0) \prod_{j:D_{ij}=0} q_j^{(k)} \prod_{j:D_{ij}=1} (1-q_j^{(k)}) \\ W_i^{(k-1)} &\equiv f(T_i=1|D_i, p^{(k-1)}, q^{(k-1)}) \\ &= \frac{a_i^{(k-1)}}{a_i^{(k-1)} + b_i^{(k-1)}}. \end{aligned}$$

## M – Step

Update  $p_j^{(k)}$  and  $q_j^{(k)}$  using the  $W_i^{(k-1)}$

$$p_j^{(k)} = \frac{\sum_{i:D_{ij}=1} W_i^{(k-1)}}{\sum_i W_i^{(k-1)}} \quad \left| \quad q_j^{(k)} = \frac{\sum_{i:D_{ij}=0} (1 - W_i^{(k-1)})}{\sum_i (1 - W_i^{(k-1)})}.$$

## Checking Convergence

NO

$$S_k - S_{k-1} < \epsilon \text{ where } S_k = \sum_{i=1}^N W_i$$

YES

STOP