



# **\*JAVA IOT DEVELOPER LAB\***

## **LAB -1**

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Questions :-

1. Read in a,b, c and use the quadratic formula to calculate roots of the quadratic equation. Prints all real solutions or display a message stating that there are no real solutions. Also, calculate time taken for executing the code.

Sol.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question1 {
    public void display(long end , long start) {
        System.out.printf("Calculating Method execution time: %d Nanoseconds", (end - start));
    }
    public void process(int a, int b, int c){
        int d,f=0;
        d=(b*b)-(4*a*c);
        if(d==0)
        {
            System.out.println("Roots are real and Equal");
            f=1;
        }
        else if(d>0)
        {
            System.out.println("Roots are real and Unequal");
            f=1;
        }
        else
            System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
        if(f==1)
        {
            float r1=(float)(-b+Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
            float r2=(float) (-b-Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
            System.out.println("Roots are : "+r1+" , "+r2);
        }
    }
}
```

```

public static void main(String args[])
{
    int a,b,c,d,f=0;
    Scanner scr=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("\nEnter the values of a ,b ,c : ");
    a=scr.nextInt();
    b=scr.nextInt();
    c=scr.nextInt();

    long start = System.nanoTime();

    Question1 obj = new Question1();
    obj.process(a,b,c);
    long end = System.nanoTime();
    obj.display(end, start);
}
}

```

The screenshot shows an IDE with a project named 'IoTLab1'. The main editor displays the 'Question1.java' file, which contains the following code:

```

13      f=1;
14      }
15      else if(d>0)
16      {
17          System.out.println("Roots are real and Unequal");
18          f=1;
19      }
20      else
21          System.out.println("Roots are imaginary");
22      if(f==1)
23      {
24          float r1=(float)(-b+Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
25          float r2=(float)(-b-Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
26          System.out.println("Roots are : "+r1+" ,"+r2);
27      }
28      }
29      }
30
31      public static void main(String args[])

```

The Run window at the bottom shows the execution output:

```

Enter the values of a ,b ,c :
23
11661200
11661200
Roots are real and Unequal
Roots are : -4.6295476E7 ,-4.6297116E7
Calculating Method execution time: 11661200 Nanoseconds
Process finished with exit code 0

```

2. . Read the order and elements of two 2-D matrices. Calculate the multiplication of those twomatrices. Also, calculate time taken for executing the code.

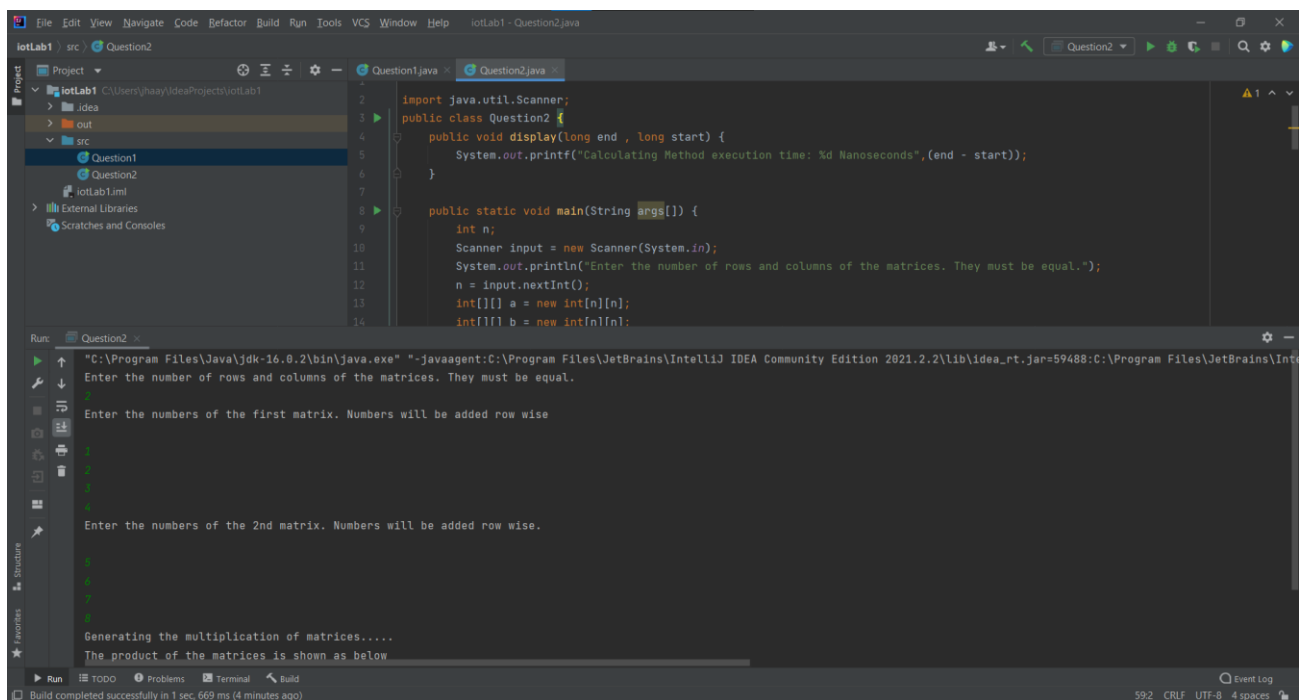
Sol.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question2 {
    public void display(long end , long start) {
        System.out.printf("Calculating Method execution time: %d Nanoseconds", (end - start));
    }

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int n;
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number of rows and columns of the matrices. They must be equal.");
        n = input.nextInt();
        int[][] a = new int[n][n];
        int[][] b = new int[n][n];
        int[][] c = new int[n][n];
        System.out.println("Enter the numbers of the first matrix. Numbers will be added row wise \n");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                a[i][j] = input.nextInt();
            }
        }
        System.out.println("Enter the numbers of the Second matrix. Numbers will be added row wise. \n");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                b[i][j] = input.nextInt();
            }
        }
        long start = System.nanoTime();
        System.out.println("Generating the multiplication of matrices.....");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
                {
                    c[i][j] = c[i][j] + a[i][k] * b[k][j];
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("The product of the matrices is shown as below");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
    {
        System.out.print(c[i][j] + " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
input.close();
Question2 obj = new Question2();

long end = System.nanoTime();
obj.display(end , start);
}
}
```



3. Write a java program to implement method overloading, method overriding, and constructor overloading.

Sol.

```
class ForQuestion{
    int number1;
    String value;

    ForQuestion(){
        this.number1= 10;
        this.value="String One";
    }
    // Constructor Overloading

    ForQuestion(int num , String val){
        this.number1= num;
        this.value=val;
    }
    void result (){
        System.out.printf("The Integer value %d and String Value is %s.\n",number1,value);
    }
    void method(){
        System.out.println("A normal method that prints");
    }
    // Method Overloading
    void method(int a){
        this.number1= a;
        System.out.println("Now, This is a case of method Overloading");
    }
}

class ForOverriding extends ForQuestion{
    // Method Overriding
    void method(int a){
        this.number1= a;
        System.out.println("Now, This is a case of method Overriding");
    }
    void result(){
        super.result();
        System.out.println("The End");
    }
}

public class Question3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ForQuestion obj1 = new ForQuestion();
        int num = 20;
    }
}
```

```

String val ="String Two";
ForQuestion obj2 = new ForQuestion(num , val);

obj1.result();
obj2.result();

obj1.method();
obj1.result();

obj1.method(100);
obj1.result();

ForOverriding obj3 = new ForOverriding();
obj3.method(150);
obj3.result();

}
}

```

