Lab 03

due January 28th by 11:59 PM

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01/24

```
library(tidyverse)
```

Exercise 1

```
midwest %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarize(popperstate = sum(poptotal)) %>%
  arrange(popperstate)
## # A tibble: 5 x 2
     state popperstate
##
     <chr>
                 <int>
## 1 WI
               4891769
## 2 IN
               5544159
## 3 MI
               9295297
## 4 OH
              10847115
## 5 IL
              11430602
```

Answer: The state with the greatest population is Illinois

Exercise 2

```
midwest %>%
  filter(state=="WI") %>%
  arrange(desc(poptotal)) %>%
  select(county, poptotal) %>%
  slice(1:3)
```

Answer: Milwaukee, Dane, and Waukesha are the three most populated ones

Exercise 3

```
midwest %>%
  mutate(isMetro = if_else(inmetro == 1, "In Metro", "Not in Metro")) %>%
  group_by(isMetro) %>%
  summarise(meanpopdensity = mean(popdensity), count = n())
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
     isMetro
                  meanpopdensity count
     <chr>>
                           <dbl> <int>
## 1 In Metro
                           7205.
                                    150
## 2 Not in Metro
                            951.
                                    287
```

Answer: The mean population density in metros is 7205 compared to 951 in non-metros. The number of counties in metro is 150, and 287 are not

Exercise 4

```
midwest %>%
  select(county, state, percollege) %>%
  arrange(desc(percollege)) %>%
  slice(1:5)
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
##
     county
               state percollege
##
     <chr>>
               <chr>
                          <dbl>
## 1 WASHTENAW MI
                           48.1
## 2 DANE
                           43.6
               WI
## 3 DU PAGE
               IL
                           42.8
## 4 HAMILTON IN
                           42.1
## 5 CHAMPAIGN IL
                           41.3
```

Answer: The counties with the highest proportion of people with at least a college degree are Washtenaw, Dane, Du Page, Hamilton, and Champaign. One thing these counties have in common is that they all either have or are close to many colleges

Exercise 5

```
midwest %>%
  group_by(county) %>%
  summarize(count = n()) %>%
  filter(count == 5)

## # A tibble: 3 x 2
## county count
```

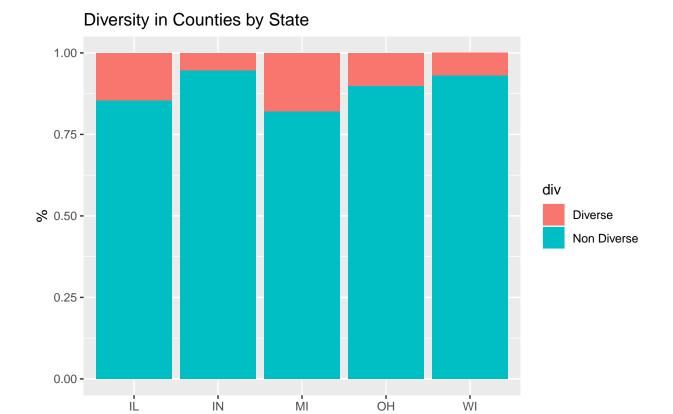
```
##
     <chr>>
               <int>
## 1 CRAWFORD
                   5
## 2 JACKSON
                   5
## 3 MONROE
                   5
```

Answer: Yes, Crawford, Jackson, and Monroe occur in all 5 states

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Exercise 6

```
midwest %>%
  mutate(div = if_else(percwhite <= 90, "Diverse", "Non Diverse")) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = state, fill = div)) +
 geom_bar(position = "fill") +
  labs(title = "Diversity in Counties by State", x = "States", y = "%")
```



Answer: The graph above shows the proportion of diverse and not diverse counties per state. Michigan has the most diversity while Indiana has the least.

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States