

University Institute of Engineering

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Experiment: 1

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Branch: Computer Science & Engineering Section/Group: KRG-3B

Semester: 5th Subject Code: 23CSP-339

Subject Name: ADBMS

1. Aim of the practical:

Author-Book Relationship Using Joins and Basic SQL Operations

- 1. Design two tables one for storing author details and the other for book details.
- 2. Ensure a foreign key relationship from the book to its respective author.
- 3. Insert at least three records in each table.
- 4. Perform an INNER JOIN to link each book with its author using the common author ID.
- 5. Select the book title, author name, and author's country.

Sample Output Description: When the join is performed, we get a list where each book title is shown along with its s author's name and their country.

2. Tool Used: SQL Server Management Studio.

3. CODE:

```
CREATE TABLE Authors (
   author_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
   name VARCHAR(100),
   country VARCHAR(100)
);

CREATE TABLE Books (
   book_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
   title VARCHAR(150),
   author_id INT,
   FOREIGN KEY (author_id) REFERENCES Authors(author_id)
);

INSERT INTO Authors (author_id, name, country) VALUES
(1, 'A', 'UK'),
(2, 'B', 'USA'),
(3, 'C', 'IND');
```



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```
INSERT INTO Books (book id, title, author id) VALUES
(101, 'x', 1),
(102, 'Y', 2),
(103, 'Z', 3);
SELECT
    B.title AS Book_Title,
    A.name AS Author_Name,
    A.country AS Author_Country
FROM
    Books B
INNER JOIN
    Authors A ON B.author_id = A.author_id;
-Medium
CREATE TABLE Departments (
  Dept ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Dept Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Courses (
  Course ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Course Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  Dept ID INT,
  FOREIGN KEY (Dept ID) REFERENCES Departments(Dept ID)
);
INSERT INTO Departments (Dept ID, Dept Name) VALUES
(1, 'Computer Science'),
(2, 'Mathematics'),
(3, 'Physics'),
(4, 'Chemistry'),
(5, 'English');
INSERT INTO Courses (Course ID, Course Name, Dept ID) VALUES
(101, 'Data Structures', 1),
(102, 'Operating Systems', 1),
```

```
(103, 'Database Systems', 1),
(104, 'Linear Algebra', 2),
(105, 'Calculus', 2),
(106, 'Quantum Mechanics', 3),
(107, 'Thermodynamics', 3),
(108, 'Organic Chemistry', 4),
(109, 'British Literature', 5),
(110, 'World Literature', 5);

SELECT D.Dept_ID, D.Dept_Name, COUNT(C.Course_ID) AS Course_Count
FROM Departments D
JOIN Courses C ON D.Dept_ID = C.Dept_ID
GROUP BY D.Dept_ID, D.Dept_Name
HAVING COUNT(C.Course_ID) > 2;
```

4. LEARNING OUTCOMES:-

- Learn how to define and create relational database tables using CREATE TABLE syntax.
- Understand the use of data types like INT and VARCHAR.
- Gain practical knowledge of establishing a primary key for uniquely identifying records.
- Understand how to create and enforce foreign key relationships to maintain data integrity between related tables (Books → Authors).
- Develop the ability to use INNER JOIN to combine data from multiple tables based on a common key (e.g., author_id).