DAA LAB06

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1)matrix chain multiplication
Code:
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int n; // no. of matrix
int k[10001][10001]={0}; // matrix for remember cuts
void p_o_p(int i,int j){  //priint_optimal_parens -> prints the multiplication order
        if(i==j)
        cout<<"A"<<i;
        else{
                cout<<"(";
                p_o_p(i,k[i][j]);
                p_o_p(k[i][j]+1,j);
                cout<<")";
        }
}
int main() {
        int n;
        cin>>n;
        int p[n+1]; // order array
        int c[n+1][n+1]=\{0\}; // cost array
        for(int i=0;i <=n;i++)cin >> p[i];
        for(int i=1;i <=n;i++)c[i][i]=0;
        for(int l=2; l <= n; l++){}
                for(int i=1;i <= n-l+1;i++){
                        int j=i+l-1;
                        c[i][j] = INT_MAX;
                        for(int a=i;a<=j;a++){
                                int q = c[i][a]+c[a+1][j]+ (p[i-1]*p[a]*p[j]);
                                 if(q < c[i][j]){
                                         c[i][j] = q;
                                         k[i][j] = a;
                                }
                        }
                }
        }
```

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cout<<"no. of multiplications:"<<c[1][n]<<"\n";
     cout<<"multiplication order:";
     p_o_p(1,n);
     return 0;
}
INPUT 1:
No .of matrix = 3;
Matrix order array={3,5,4,7}
OUTPUT 1:
   input 🗱 Output
  Success #stdin #stdout 0.01s 5436KB
  minimum no. of multiplications required :144
  multiplication order :((A1A2)A3)
INPUT 2:
No .of matrix = 4;
Matrix order array={3,5,4,7,2}
OUTPUT 2:
   Success #stdin #stdout 0.01s 5372KB
  minimum no. of multiplications required :126
  multiplication order :(A1(A2(A3A4)))
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INPUT 3: No .of matrix = 6; Matrix order array={30, 35, 15, 5, 10, 20, 25}

OUTPUT 3:

