MLDS 422 - Fall 2023 Project 1 Due Friday, 10/27/23 at 11:59pm

Exercise 1: OOP & Pandas Practice

Combine the **baby names by state** data set into a single file using shell commands.

Write Python code to do the following:

- Create a class called BabyNames: The class should offer the following interfaces:
 - a. **Constructor** where you pass the file location to create a Pandas DataFrame
 - b. **Count** (state=", year="): returns the total number of births. A blank state or year should return all births of the empty input.
 - c. **Top10BabyNames** (state='IL', year=2015): your output should look like (empty state means all, same for year):

| Rank | Male | Female |
|------|------|--------|
| 1 | Noah | Emma |
| | | |
| | | |

- d. **ChangeOfPopularity** (fromYear=2014, toYear=2015, top=10): This function should list baby names (male or female) that showed change in popularity as follows:
 - Names that increased in popularity
 - Names that decreased in popularity
 - Names having the same popularity
- e. **Top5NamesPerYear** (year=2015, sex="): Returns a table that shows the five most frequent given names, by State, for male, female, or both in a given year. The number to the right of each name is the number of occurrences in the data. (see below for format)

| Top Five Female Names for Births in 2015 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|--------|-----|-----------|-----|--|
| State | Rank 1 | Num | Rank 2 | Num | Rank 3 | Num | Rank 4 | Num | Rank 5 | Num | |
| Alabama | Ava | 297 | Emma | 285 | Olivia | 258 | Harper | 213 | Elizabeth | 186 | |
| Alaska | Olivia | 56 | Emma | 49 | Aurora | 46 | Amelia | 39 | Ava | 39 | |

f. **NamePopularityPlot** (name='Jim', yearRange=(2000,2015), state='IL', sex='M'): This function will create a plot that shows the name popularity changes over the years. (popularity is based on the proportional use of the name within a state and year)

- g. NameFlip(n=10): List top n names that flipped over the years. (i.e. from boy name to girl or the reverse). Provide a plot of the names showing the year.
- 2. Make sure to document your class and follow the Python standards.
- 3. Tell another story from this baby names data set. Support your story with plots.

Exercise 2: Statistics & Data Visualization Practice

In a given course the following applies (the data set **exams.csv** file is attached):

- The system tracks students by student name and unique ID.
- Grades are based on:
 - Exams Score (40% of the final grade)
 - Projects Score (30% of the final grade)
 - Quizzes Score (30% of the final grade)
- Final Grades are based on the final score (out of 100) as follows:
 - o [90-100]: **A**
 - o [80-90): **B**
 - o [20-80): **C**
 - o [10-20): **D**
 - o [0-10): **F**
- 1. Load the **exams.csv** file into a DataFrame.
- 2. Identify outlier students, or those who have final scores that are outside of the mean +/- two standard deviations of the final scores.
- 3. Create box plot parameters (not drawing them, but just computing the numbers, min, max, median, Q1 and Q3 for a box plot).
- Create a seaborn visualization that shows the final letter grades distribution.
 Choose the visualization that you think best represents the data. Explain your reasoning.
- 5. Discover two more insights from the data. Support your insights with calculations and/or seaborn plots.